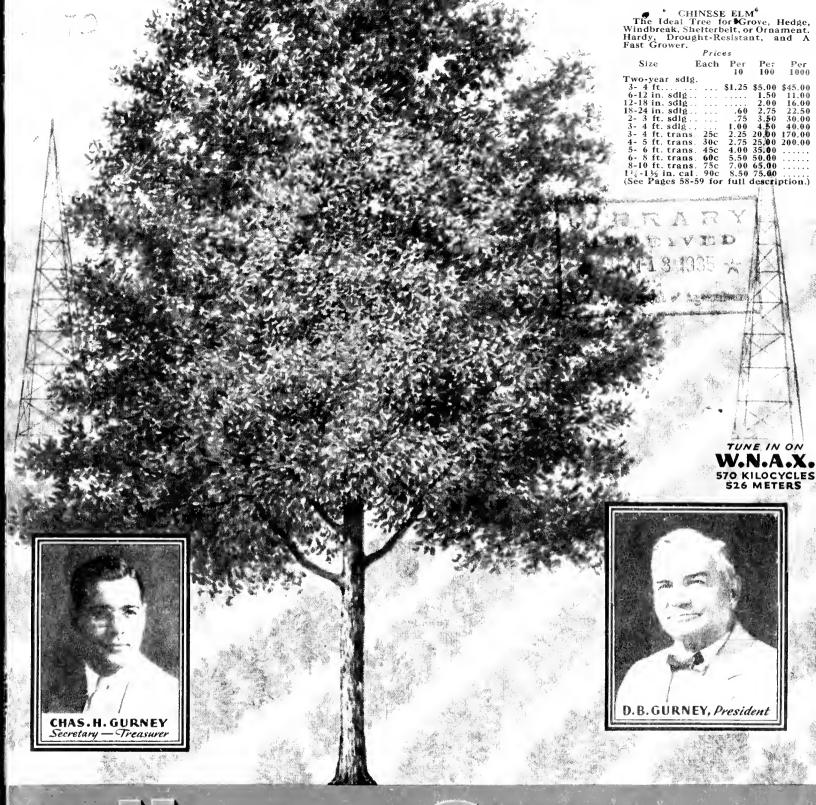
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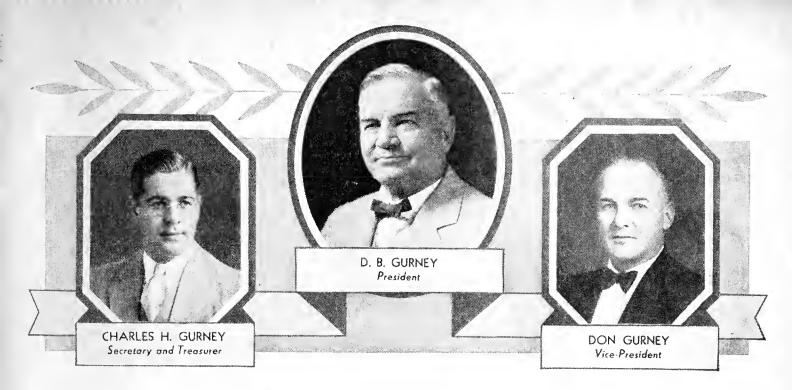


The OUSE of GURNEYInc. YANKTON, S.D. YANKTON, S.D. TO T.S.

Seeds and Trees
That Grow and Satisfy

FAIR PRICE CATALOG





HELLO FOLKS! This great territory known as the Central West has been my home for nearly two-thirds of a century. In looking back through the years, it is hard for me to realize that all of my time and cfforts have been devoted to our seed and nursery business,

of The Great Central West

and to doing my part in making your home and my home in this territory a better place in which to live.

It has been my dream and ambition to furnish to others in this territory, seeds and nursery stock of all kinds, at always a fair price. Supply and demand have been affected seriously by drought. The possibility of lower prices was never farther away, and looking ahead by my continuous contact with all world markets, I cannot see lower prices for 1935.

I have used my best judgment in placing prices on all items in this catalog, but for reasons with which you are all familiar, I will be unable to guarantee that any of the prices in this catalog will be good for the entire season, and it may be necessary to change them daily. Seed crops and nursery crops were destroyed in 1934 practically all over the entire face of the globe, but we must continue to plant our fields, our gardens, and our homes. Plant quality merchandise. It's the cheapest in the long run.

Don't forget the shortages of hay and pastures in 1931, 1932, 1933 and 1934. The necessity was never so great as now. Don't discontinue the production of your hay and pasture crops in 1935.

I believe you will find the prices in this 69th catalog as low or lower than you will be able to buy for elsewhere—quality considered. Regardless of the drought and other conditions, and in spite of the fact that prices should be higher in the nursery department, you will notice in going through that section of our catalog devoted to the nursery department, that our prices for 1935, are very much in line with those quoted in our 1934 catalog, and that but very few items show a higher price. Nursery stock grown in this territory is hardy—the quality is of the best. Survival of the fittest does insure you of quality plants and trees. The prices quoted are possible only because we grow practically all of our nursery stock right here at Yankton.

Lo My Friends

Continuing on, and looking ahead into the future I will continue the same policy as I have in the past. Having grown up with this country, I have tried to keep my feet on the ground, have tried to be my brother's keeper, and wherever possible, I have used

every effort and facility at my command to avert disasterto make helpful suggestions, and to keep you informed on legislative affairs, both State and National, making my suggestions as I saw them purely for the good of our own territory, this great Central West.

For eight years, WNAX has been your Radio Station. It has been run for you by The House of Gurney for your good as we have seen it. Through it, I have been able to reach you instantly with information vital to your well being. Through it, I have been able to save the people of this territory millions of dollars, by establishing the WNAX Fair Price Gasoline plan, and many other projects that have proven beneficial. WNAX is a valuable asset to the people of the Central West, and it will be used in the future in your behalf.

The 69th Annual Catalog contains a list and description with prices, of the things you need to plant—that you must have in order to continue your planting plans. Don't forget that when you buy from this Gurney catalog, it is your insurance that you are getting merchandise, seeds and trees, that we believe to be best adapted to your territory.

In this closing paragraph, I solicit your orders. Naturally, I feel that all of your business should be placed with me, so that we may continue to be of service to you and yours.

Assuring you of my cooperation and prompt service, and wishing you and yours a most prosperous 1935, I am

Sincerely yours,

DBGuna

PRESIDENT

1935 SPRING AND FALL & THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. & YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA Oz. Lbs. Pkt. No. Name of Goods Ordered Size \$ Cts. Bu. PASTURE MIXTURE Upland Pasture Mixture \$24.90 Lowland Pasture Carried Forward Mixture..... 24.90 LAWN MIXTURE Capitol, 10 lbs......\$3.40 For shady places, 10 lbs....3.40 City Lawn Mixture, 10 lbs. 3.40 CLOVERS 100 lbs. Sweet Clover White Blossom. 11.05 Grundy County Dwarf. 11.65 Yellow Blossom. 11.65 Medium Red...... Mammoth Red..... 30.65 35.80 24.75 Mixed..... SEED CORN Per Bushel Standard Varieties Dent \$2.00 Standard Varieties Flint 3.00 **POPCORN** 100 lbs.\$ 9.25 White Rice. Japanese Hulless..... 10.25 South American Mammoth.....12.75 GRASS SEEDS 100 lbs. Bromus Inermis......331.40 Meadow Fescue..... 19.80 Red Top 20.80 English Rye, Perennial 9.90 Timothy 24.50 POTATOES 60 lbs. Bliss Triumph \$1.65 Green Mountain 1.60 Irish Cobbler 1.60 Six Weeks..... 1.65 Early Ohio 1.60 Gurney's Bugless . . . 1.70 Sweet Potatoes, 40 lbs. . 4.25 NURSERY DEPARTMENT 3 Roses, Everblooming, twoyear, strong, your selection, \$1.00 See Rose Pages. Chinese Elm. Northern Siberian type. Compare our prices with others; see Nursery pages. Ask for Special Price Lists on: Radio Batteries-A, B, and C Car Batterie Tires and Tubes Brooders Ineubators Recders Fountains

We Pay Transportation Charges on All Vegetable and Flower Seeds in Pkts., Ounces, \(^{1}\)_3-Pints and One Pound Lots. Something Special Will be Packed FREE with Each Order

Watch Repairing Film Developing Groceries Furniture Clothing Life Insurance Garden Seeders Hand Cultivators

The Vegetable Garden for 1935

We Pay Transportation Charges on All Vegetable and Flower Seeds in Pkts., Ounces, 1/3-Pints and One Pound Lots. Something Special Will Be Packed FREE with Each Order

In the following pages we are offering you only seeds that would be satisfactory for our own planting. We are offering them at very reasonable prices as low as good seeds can be produced, and leave a small margin of profit that we may continue to serve you. All of the varieties offered in the Garden Seed Department have been tested in the Trial Ground and open culture from two to three, or many years, and have been selected as the varieties that will give you the best returns from the space used.

The vegetable garden, though it may only be a few feet square, will add much to the joy of living and materially reduce expenses.

TRANSPORTATION Parcel post rates are usually lower than express or freight on orders weighing less than 50 lbs. If you wish your order to come by parcel post, be sure and inclose money for postage on any articles not postpaid by us.

NON-WARRANTY—The House of Gurney, Inc., does not give any warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants which it sends out, and will not be in any way held responsible for the crop.

ASPARAGUS



Sow in early spring in drills two inches deep. Manure plenti-

two inches deep. Manure pientifully each fall, to be forked in very early in the spring, after which sow on a good dressing of salt, one oz. to 50 ft. of drill.

Mary Washington—The result of careful breeding. It grows large straight shoots, dark green in color. The tips are tight and form and do not open out or before a supplementation. in color. The tips are tight and firm and do not open out or begin to branch until well out of the

gin to branch until well out of the ground, making the finest kind of green Asparagus both for home use and market.

Mary Washington is a special selection from Pedigreed Washington, being earlier, larger and is absolutely rust resistant. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 13c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 75c.

Summer Asparagus Squash

Known as "Cut and Come Again." This most delicious vegetable is worth a place in all gardens. The plant makes a strong growth, like summer crook-neck squash. The fruit should be cut at four to six inches long and should not be allowed to mature, as it stops the formation of new fruit. Cook it iust the same as asparagus. it just the same as asparagus. Yields wonderfully. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c. Postpaid.

Ground Almond

Is a very interesting novelty as Is a very interesting noverty as one hill will produce as many as 125 to 150 nuts. They should be sown in good mellow ground, they have a very fine almond flavor. The nuts are about three-quarters of an inch in length, having a thin brown skin and snow white meat that be-comes sweeter after the nuts have been harvested and dried for a time. The nuts will mature in the fall after the first frost. Pkt., 7c; 1/4 lb., 20c; 1 lb., 50c. Postpaid.

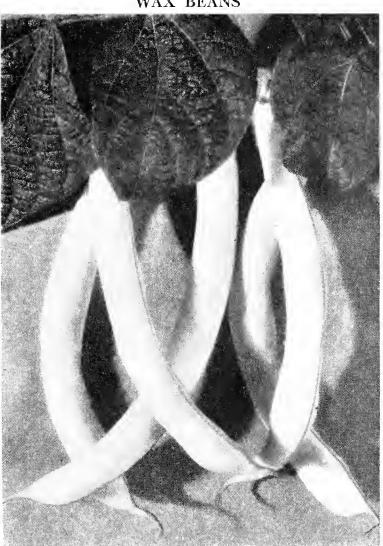
BEANS-GARDEN VARIETIES

1 Lb., for 100 Feet of Row. 60 Lbs. Per Acre

Garden varieties of beans consist of Wax and Green Podded Dwarf String Beans, Pole and Lima Beans. All of these yield enormous crops and require only a small space to produce enough for a large family. After they have matured the dried beans are excellent cooked. Young bean plants are easily damaged or killed by freezing so planting should be delayed until danger of frosts is past. Plant in rows about 2 feet apart 5 or 6 inches apart in the rows. Keep well cultivated but do not cultivate when the plants are wet as it will cause many varieties to rust and injure the crop.

For a succession of this delicious vegetable plant every two weeks until the middle of August.

WAX BEANS



Gurney's Everbearing Wax Beans

Pencil Pod Black Wax

(50 days to maturity.) A most delicious rich dark yellow snap bean, being so tender and brittle that by taking it at either end and bending it, it will fly into several pieces. Abundant bearer. Practically rust-proof and even in the dry season just past, made a good crop of delicious beans. Seed black when ripe. ½ pt., 12c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$1.90; 30 lbs., \$5.00; 60 lbs., \$9.75.

Gurney's Earliest Brittle Wax

(40 days to maturity.) This remarkable early clear white bean, delicious in quality, stringless in all stages of its growth, combined with its extreme earli ness, makes it one of the most desirable for the garden, and as its name implies, it is of that de-gree of brittleness that makes it with desirable for cooking purposes in its golden waxy stage. 1/3 pt., 12c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$1.90; 30 lbs., \$5.00; 60 lbs., \$9.75.

Golden Wax

(40 days to maturity.) The Golden Wax is probably the earliest, and we believe the most generally planted and satisfacgenerally planted and satisfactory of any of the old varieties. Pods are a bright, waxy yellow, good length, entirely stringless, and of a fine buttery flavor. An excellent sort for canning or pickling. A very heavy bearer, The seed is white, mottled, red and purple. ½ pt., 12c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$1.90; 30 lbs., \$5.00; 60 lbs., \$9.75.

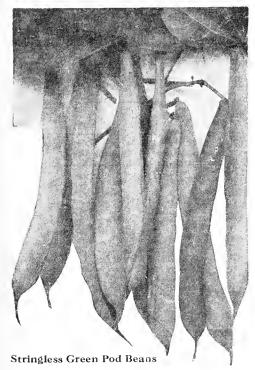
Gurney's Everbearing Wox Pust. Proof

ing Wax Rust-Proof Bush Bean

(50 days to maturity.) The great campaign carried on by the government for the canning of vegetables applied especially to fresh beans, the wax and green podded beans in the pod. This created a very heavy demand for beans suitable for canning pur-poses, and you will find this not only the very best for canning, only the very best for canning, but the best for using fresh as string or snap beans. As its name implies, it is an everbearing bean, or a continuous bearer, over a period of six weeks; it is also rust-proof and practically immune from all other bean diseases, producing always a large crop. Seed is red with buff stripes. 1/3 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 30 lbs., \$5.50; 60 lbs., \$10.25.

BEANS—(Continued)

GREEN POD BEANS



Burpee's Green Pod Stringless (45 days)—A very desirable dwarf green podded snap sort for the home garden and largely grown for the market. The plants are large, spreading and productive. The pods are medium green, five to six inches long, cylindrical, larger than those of Red Valentine but are quite as fleshy, of equally high quality, and remain crisp and tender longer. They mature a little later. Seed of medium size and length, dark brown. ½ pt., 12c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$1.90; 30 lbs., \$4.85; 60 lbs., \$9.50.

Full Measue—attractive, long, straight pods—(50 days). This magnificent round podded bush bean bears long, round, dark green pods in 50 days; always solid, stringless and exceedingly prolific. The pods are of an attractive green color, 5 inches long, firm and tender, remaining fit for use many days after maturing. The plant is of a handsome, stiffly erect growth, very prolific and practically blight proof. ½ pt., 12c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$1.90; 30 lbs., \$4.85; 60 lbs., \$9.50.

Shell Beans

Dwarf Horticultural or Cranberry (55 days)—One of the best dwarf sorts for green shell beans for the home garden and market and can be used early as a green podded snap bean. The plants are very productive, compact and upright with large leaves. The mature pods are about five to five and one-half inches in length, broad and thick, curved, with splashes of bright red on a yellowish ground. Seed large, oval, plump, pale buff splashed with deep red. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 30 lbs., \$5.50; 60 lbs., \$10.25.

NAVY BEANS

A great many people grow what they suppose is the Navy Bean, but is generally a mixed, uneven bean that cooks uneven and lacks quality. Our Navy Beans are absolutely pure and hand picked. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20; 30 lbs., \$2.95; 60 lbs., \$5.40.

POLE OR CLIMBING BEANS

Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead

(65 days to maturity.) This climbing variety is very vigorous and productive and bears its pods in large clusters. The pods are green, very long, often being nine or ten inches, nearly round, stringless and very crisp when young, and so fleshy that they are greater in width than breadth. The seed is long, oval, dun-colored. This is one of the very best early Pole Snap Beans for the home garden or market. 1/2 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 30 lbs., \$5.25; 60 lbs., \$9.60.

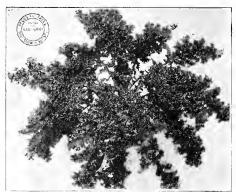
Chinese Yard Long Asparagus Pole Beans

Pods are nearly up to name, reaching a length of 30 to 36 inches, usually 18 to 42 inches. Your friends will wonder at and admire your plants and they are of excellent table quality, with a rich asparagus flavor. Do not be without this valuable curiosity. It is a pole bean of quick growth, with neat foliage, not attacked by insects. 1 oz., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; 1 lb., 60c.

Golden Cluster Wax Pole

(70 days). The flat pods are 7 to 8 inches long Of a rich golden yellow, stringless and excellent in flavor. White-seeded $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.15; 30 lbs., \$6.00; 60 lbs., \$11.10.

Borecole or Kale



Dwarf Green Curled Kale

Sow the seed from early spring until the middle of August. The early sowings give fully grown plants, whereas the later sowings will furnish excellent small tender leaves. The flavor of the plants improves after they have been touched by frost. One ounce sows 500 feet of drill.

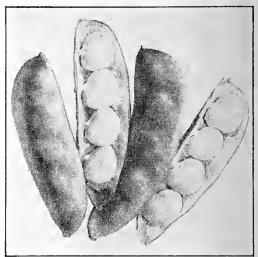
Dwarf Green Curled Kale—Hardier than Cabbage. Leaves curly as Parsley, tender and very fine flavor. Immense quantities produced in South find ready sales in the North. Fine strain. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 65c.

Tall Kale — One of the very best plants for greens, well known and much planted by German-Americans, but little used by others. It is much hardier than cabbage and a good frost improves its quality. The leaves are very curly. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 65c.

Brussels Sprouts

Cultivated for the small heads that grow in considerable number on the main stem. It is a delicacy much esteemed by some. Sow in seed bed middle of spring and transplant and manage as Winter Cabbage. Pkt., 7c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.75.

LIMA BEANS



Fordhook Bush Lima

Bush Lima

Fordhook Bush Lima—(75 days to maturity). The very best large-seeded variety. The plant is vigorous, erect-growing, bearing well above the ground. The pods, which are produced in large clusters, are medium green, about four and three-fourths inches long, each containing three to five large beans of exceptionally fine quality. Don't fail to plant some of these in your garden this spring. ½ pt., 18c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 30 lbs., \$6.90; 60 lbs., \$12.60.

Improved Henderson Bush Lima—(70 days to maturity). This is the very early Sieva or Butter Bean of the South. The pods are ready for use a week earlier than those of Burpee's Bush Lima and the plants are immensely productive. When gathered young the beans are of excellent flavor. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 30 lbs., \$5.40; 60 lbs., \$10.15.

Pole Lima

Gurney's Extra Early Giant Podded Pole Lima—Earliest of the large seeded pole Limas, being ready for use in 80 days. It is equally suitable for home use and canning and is a heavy yielding variety with a long bearing period. Pods are large, 6 inches long, straight and moderately plump. The beans are large, broad and flat and in the green-shell stage are tender and succulent. 1/3 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Broccoli Winter Cauliflower

St. Valentine—This is the standard variety of Broccoli grown extensively in the Northwest for shipping to the eastern markets when the home-grown Cauliflower is exhausted. St. Valentine is a large-headed variety of good appearance and excellent quality. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.15.

Sprouting Broccoli Calabrese—Italian Green

We have a very remarkable strain of this choice Italian vegetable which has only recently become a favorite in American markets. Plants do not make solid heads but produce an abundance of light green, tender sprouts with loose flowerheads at the end. It is cooked like Spinach or Brussels Sprouts. Sow in May, harvest in August. Very delicious and tasty. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 15c; 1 oz., 25c; ¼ 1b., 90c.

BEETS AND MANGELS

ROSTS or light freezing do not hurt the young beet plants—you can sow as early in the spring as ground can be properly cultivated. These may be grown in rows as close as 18 inches. Plant the seed 2 inches

deep in the drill and make several plantings. Plant the first of July for the supply that goes into the cellar for winter. 1 oz. of seed will plant a 50-foot row, 7 lbs. to the acre.

Improved Early Egyptian

We consider this the best first early beet of all the standard varieties. Best for forcing, best for first out door planting, roots very dark red, rounded on top, flat underneath. Small tops, which allow close planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c.

Crosby's Egyptian

The tops are small. The roots are globe shaped and very smooth. The flesh of our strain is bright vermilion-red, zoned with a lighter shade, very sweet, tender and of excellent quality. This is one of the best for early planting outdoors and is much used for bunching. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c.

Detroit Dark Red Turnip

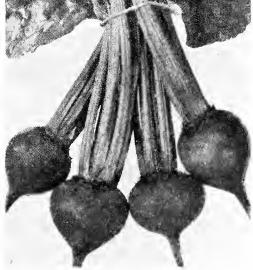
A grand beet for bunching for market; tops are exceedingly small and uniformly upright; roots are perfect turnip shape, with small tap roots. The principal fault with most Turnip Beets is the occasional appearance of white rings, and this will be found has been overcome by careful selection of the deepest red beets. Quality is the very best; sweet and tender. Gardeners can safely plant it largely. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

Extra Early Eclipse

An excellent sort; about as early as the Egyptian but we consider it better because it is larger and of much finer quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ 1b., 20c; ½ 1b., 35c; 1 lb., 60c.

Edmand's Early Blood Turnip

This fine Beet has long been a favorite as a second-early or main-crop variety which is desirable for the home garden, market, and for canning. The foliage is sparse and erect. The roots are nearly round, 3 to 4 in. in diameter, and have a deep blackish red skin. The flesh is purplish red with some zoning of a lighter color. It is a good keeper and may be stored throughout the winter; stays crisp and tender for a long time after digging. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb.; 20c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c



Gurney's Early Model Globe

TABLE BEETS

Gurney's Early Modei Globe
The Model Globe Beet is medium early, always

The Model Globe Beet is medium early, always even in size, color and shape. A number of newer varieties have been offered since we offered the Model Globe, but they have never equalled this beet in the trial grounds or in the field. One of the most satisfactory uses of the Model Globe Beet is for pickling purposes, using them when they are about 1½ inches through. They retain their color and are of excellent quality. Pkt., 8c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; ½ lb., 45c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.53.

Swiss Chard for Greens

For the leaves alone this variety is grown. This gathered young should be cooked as spinach, or later the midribs may be cooked and served the same as asparagus. The roots of this plant are not edible. The cultivation is the same as that of beets. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c.

Sugar Beets and Mangels For Winter Feed

The food value in root crops is high and everyone should plant a sufficient acreage so that the hogs and chickens could have a supply every day until they can get on to the green pastures next spring. It is not unusual to produce 25 ton of mangels or carrots to the acre. Plant a sufficient quantity so that the milch cows can get their share and you will increase the flow 25%. Plant 7 lbs. seed per acre.

SUGAR BEETS

White Klein Wanzelben Sugar Beet—This variety has proved to be a very valuable sort, in Colorado and other sections of this country, where it has been thoroughly tested. It has a rather long, slender root, very rich in sugar, and grows deeply sunk in the ground and is claimed to yield under average conditions about sixteen tons to the acre, containing 12 to 13 percent of sugar. 1 oz., 7c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.85.

MANGELS Danish Sludstrup

This most wonderful Mangel has been awarded a first class certificate several times by the Danish Government, which is the highest honor attained in Agricultural circles in Danish

attained in Agricultural circles in Denmark. Sludstrup is a long reddish yellow root, but not so long as the Mammoth long red. It grows more above the ground and is very easily harvested. Under favorable conditions they frequently attain a weight of lifteen lbs. each. 1 oz., 7c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.75.

Mammoth Long Red

The roots are very large, uniformly straight and well formed. The flesh is white tinged with rose. This strain under careful culture is enormously productive. Our stock will produce the largest and finest roots which can be grown for feeding stock and is vastly superior to many strains offered. 1 oz., 7c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.75.

Giant Half Sugar Rose

As its name implies, this is a half sugar beet. Roots of much greater nutritive value than mangels. Yield nearly as large as the best of the mangels. Roots grow about one-half out of the ground, and are conveniently harvested. 1 oz., 7c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.75.

CLIPPER FARM GRAIN AND SEED CLEANERS

THE CLIPPER WILL SOLVE YOUR CLEANING PROBLEMS FOR YOU

No. 1-B \$3495

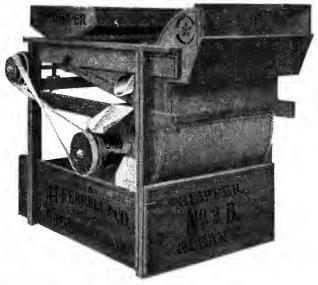
CAPACITY

Wheat and other Grains 20 Bu. Per Hour
Clover and other Seeds 10 Bu. Per Hour
Size of Screens 19x22 /2 inches
Shipping weight
Length of Mill 4 ft. 8 in.
Width of Mill 2 It. 2 in.
Height of Mill 3ft. 0 in.

Clipper Mills are equipped with 12 Screens, carefully selected to enable you to do any ordinary job of seed or grain cleaning, as well as grading your seed corn. The rustless zinc screens will last a lifetime. Clipper mills are guaranteed to make any separation possible with air or screens. If you have trouble cleaning any lot of seed, write and tell us about it. Send us a small ½-lb, sample of the seed you are having trouble with, and we believe we can help you.

Our Guarantee

We absolutely guarantee these Clipper Mills to do satisfactory work or you may return them at our expense for a retund of your money.



No. 2-B \$4395

CAPACITY

Wheat and other Grains25 Bu. Per Hour
Clover and other Seeds , 15 Bu. Per Hour
Size of Screens
Shipping weight
Length of Mill 4 ft. 8 in.
Width of Mill 2 ft. 8 in.
Height of Mill

A Money Making Bargain

You cannot afford to plant weeds, consequently, you cannot afford to miss this extraordinary offer. We are pricing the Clipper Cleaners to you at less than the usual list price. We will include the usual ten screens for cleaning farm grains, clovers and alfalfas, and two screens for grading seed corn, as well as a power pulley with each mill.

Extra Screens of Any Size

No. 1, Old style, each	\$1.50
No. 1-B, New Model, each	1.50
No. 2, Old Style, each	1.75
No. 2-B. New Model, each	1.75
Be sure to state number of Mill.	

CARROTS—A Much Neglected Vegetable

1 oz. for 100 feet of row. 3 pounds to sow an acre

T 1S only a few years since people supposed that the only thing carrots were good for was to color butter and feed to stock. They are now finding that carrots are one of the most delicious vegetables for the table that we grow in the garden and can be prepared in many ways and used from the time they are the size of your little finger until the new crop comes the next year.

Any modern cook book will show you a dozen ways to prepare carrots. It has risen from rags

Gurney's Coreless Carrot

See Picture on inside Front Cover

Just how true the slogan "eat carrots for your complexion" is 1 don't know; however, 1 do know that Gurney's New Coreless Carrot is a favorite with all those who have grown this wonderful new carrot.

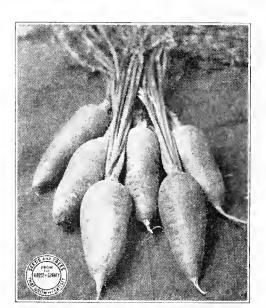
This is bound to become one of the most popular of the table carrots. In quality it is unsurular of the table carrots. In quality it is unsurpassed. Color is a pure orange scarlet and the core undefined. Most varieties of carrots have a well defined and tough core. The size is about 6½ to 7 inches long and 1½ inches thick; same size from top to bottom. The top is very small and has a slightly yellow crown. You will find this, I believe, the most desirable of the table carrots. Pkt., 8c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.05; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

Danvers Half Long

There is no variety grown which will produce as much to the acre with a minimum length of root, as this one. Under proper conditions of the soil and cultivation it may reasonably be expected to produce (which it has done), 25 to 30 tons per acre. It is of medium length and heavy at the neck; color is a rich orange. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 80c.

Oxheart

Guerende or Ox-Heart-A variety with short, thick roots the diameter often exceeding the length. Color, bright orange. Sweet and fine grained; good for table or stock. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 80c.



Red Cored Early Chantenay

We have discarded the ordinary early Chantenay and list only the red cored. This is a better carrot in every way, much smaller cored, and the bright orange flesh is fine grained, tender, and

It is medium early, maturing in about 60 days. This sort is very productive and easy to harvest. The root is smooth, deep orange-red, uniformly stumped but slightly tapered, and about 5½ inches long. This carrot is considered by the market gardeners as one of the very best for early use. Pkt., 6c; oz., 12c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 95c.

WAGON load of the stock carrots thrown into the feeding houses, is A a great preventive of diseases in your stock. It is a mighty good change of food and these stock carrots yield as high as 25 tons per acre. Garden varieties can be planted in rows 12 inches apart and yield so

heavily that they will actually crowd each other nearly out of the ground. You can commence thinning them out as soon as they are a half inch through. So for your health's sake, plant and eat more carrots.

Gurney's Pie Carrot
We do not suppose you have ever made or
eaten a carrot pie; very few people know that
carrots are good for pie purposes and probably
none of you have known that any particular
variety or kind of carrot would make a better
pie than another. Carrots for pie purposes are
at least equal to pumpkins, and the pie resembles
in flavor the pumpkin pie. It is much more in flavor the pumpkin pie, It is much more delicious and on account of your being able to use them long before the pumpkins are ripe you have almost a continuous season of carrot pie, commencing with the carrots when they are about one inch through, and using them until the old carrots are gone in the spring. Make the carrot pie just as you would pumpkin pie, and you will be surprised at the deliciousness of it. This particular carrot is better than any other variety for that purpose. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 55c; 1 lb., 95c.

Gurney's Gold Lump

These extra early carrots should be pulled when they are about two inches through. They are nearly round and a bunch of carrots, each about the size and shape of a small apple, are very extractive.

about the size and shape of a small apple, are very attractive.

This new carrot is of French origin, is the brightest golden color, and matures earlier than any other carrot grown. Market gardeners can safely discard all other extra earlies and plant largely of this. It is very uniform in size and color, consequently, a money-saver, as there are no culls to throw out. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 55c; 1 lb., 95c.

Stock Carrots

Mastodon-Giant white, best and largest stock carrot grown, nearly one-half its length will be above ground when mature, which makes it easy to harvest. Will produce as many tons of green feed per acre as any vegetable grown. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.75.

CELERY-1 oz. of seed will produce 5000 Plants

For a vegetable that is so easily grown, celery seems to be an unknown commodity in most gardens. This is especially true in the northwest where the highest quality celery is produced. Northwestern celery does not look so nice as the Michigan or California grown, but the plants are so crisp and have such a delicious nut-like flavor, that you are missing really the best part of the garden if you leave out this vegetable.

Sow very early in April, transplant the plants when 2 or 3 inches high to about 6 or 8 inches apart in the row. Feed them well with plenty of well-rotted manure. Draw the soil up to the plants as they grow. For the winter supply, plants should be taken from the cold frame in lune and cared for just as you did for the early June and cared for just as you did for the early plants.

White Plume

Out in the State of California they produce and slip thousands of carloads of White Plume celery each year. We have received letters from some of the largest of the California celery growwhite Plume Seed. If you ask for it in placing your order a celery least tions, will be placed in your package. Pkt., 6c; oz., 25c; ¼ 1b., 70c; 1b., \$2.50.



Golden Plume Celery

Golden Plume

Is the last word in Self-Blanching Celery. It is a week earlier, blanches more easily, and is far more resistant to blight and crown-rot than Golden Self-Blanching. It has a beautiful golden color, is crisp, free from strings and has that rich nutty flavor so much desired by lovers of fine celery. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$3.50

Golden Self-Blanching

Like the White Plume, this celery requires very little earthing up, and in many other respects it is similar to that favorite sort, differing, however, in color, which is yellowish, the heart being large and solid and of a beautiful golden hue. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.60.

Giant Pascal

Grown about two feet high, the stalks are very broad, thick and crisp, and entirely stringless; the width and thickness of the stalks are distinctive features of this variety. It bleaches with but slight "earthing up," and very quickly, usually in five or six days. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.80.

CABBAGE—A Food for the Millions

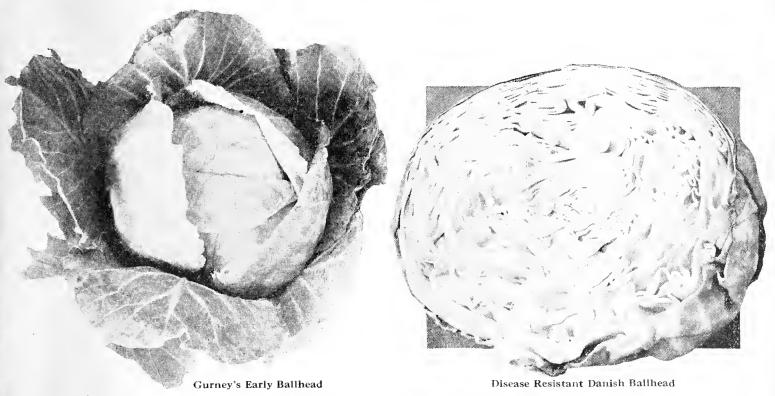
1 Oz. for 3000 Plants. ½ Lb. of Seed Per Acre

ABBAGE is one of the easiest crops to grow and if you like salads, kraut, and the 101 delicious dishes in which cabbage can be used, and also want to reduce expenses, grow this vegetable. The heads can be kept all winter in the ordinary root cellar or basement.

We will be glad to supply you with full instructions in our free cabbage

bulletin as to how to grow cabbage, and any cook book will tell you how

to prepare it in many delicious ways. For early heads, sow seeds in hotbed or cold frame. Transplant in April or early May into rows where you want them. Use only strong plants, two feet apart to the row. For late or winter cabbage, sow in the open ground as late as July 1st,—18 inches to two feet apart in the row, according to varieties. One ounce for 3000 plants 1/2-pound of seed per acre.



Early Cabbage

Gurney's Early Ballhead Cabbage — In offering this new early summer Ballhead cabbage we know that we are presenting the cabbage growing public with a winner and a moneymaker and a great deal of satisfaction. This cabbage closely resembles the Danish Ballhead. The heads are perfectly round, good size and mature as early as Wakefield. We recommend this sort especially to market gardeners and for the home garden for both early and late. We feel sure it will take the place of nearly all of the sumthe home garden for both early and late. We feel sure it will take the place of nearly all of the summer varieties, producing a greater per cent of solid heads than any of them, and on account of the small amount of foliage and the compact form in which it grows, can be planted much closer than other varieties. We are offering this, feeling sure that it is one of the best articles in the vegetable line we have offered. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c; ½ lb., 65c; 1 lb., \$1.85.

Earliest of All Cabbage-This is a strictly new variety of Danish production, maturing medium sized, extra solid round heads and a larger percentage per hundred plants than any other variety, which makes it the most valuable for market gardeners and home consumption. Pkt., 7c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$1.75.

Copenhagen Market—The best Early round-headed sort on the market. The heads are very solid averaging about 8 pounds. It is short stemmed, the heads growing very close to the ground. Matures with Charleston Wakefield and will give a heavier crop per acre. Our stock of this is very fine. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 55c; 1 lb., \$1.55; 5 lbs., \$6.00.

Early Jersey Wakefield-One of the best of the conical types. Very early and makes medium sized, very solid heads fine flavored and tender. Has few outside leaves. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ 1b., 55c; 1 lb., \$1.45.

Gurney's Golden Acre—This is a new, early, Gurney's Golden Acre—This is a new, early, round-headed cabbage which closely resembles Copenhagen Market in type. As its name implies it is a money-maker. It is 8 to 10 days earlier than Copenhagen Market, but is smaller and can be planted closer. Because of its earliness and fine quality it commands a higher price than any round-headed cabbage. Pkt., 8c; oz., 25c; round-headed cabbage. ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$1.85.

Cabbage—Second Early and Summer Varieties

Early Flat Dutch—A very good variety for second early use. Makes good sized flat heads and is very tender and of fine grain. Has few outside leaves. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 1lb., 55c;

1b., \$1.45.
All Head Early—Without doubt this cabbage All Head Early—Without doubt this cabbage is unexcelled as an Early Flat Dutch or summer variety. It makes very uniform, large, deep, flat heads and is a very sure header. Withstands heat and dry weather very well. The grain of this variety is very fine. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 55c; 1 lb., \$1.45.

Late Varieties

Danish Ballhead, Short Stemmed—One of the best varieties for general crop. It has been selected for more than fifty years by the Danish gardeners, who grow it almost exclusively for Winter Cabbage and annually export large quantities. The heads are not as large as late Dutch Flats, but harder and more solid, fine grained and good keepers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 55c; 1 lb., \$1.55; 5 lbs., \$6.00.

Mammoth Rock Red—This is by far the best, largest and surest heading red cabbage ever introduced. The plant is large, with numerous spreading leaves. The head is large, round, very solid and deep red color. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 65c; 1 lb., \$1.85. Danish Ballhead, Short Stemmed-One of

Disease Resistant Cabbage Seed

In many sections of the United States entire fields of Cabbage fail to mature or produce heads on account of the yellows or yellow rot. If, by any chance, your field or fields in your vicinity are affected with this disease, you should plant Disease Resistant Cabbage Seed. The University of Wisconsin, by selection and breeding, has made it possible for us to offer you this Disease Resistant Seed.

Danish Ballhead Disease Resistant—This

you this Disease Resistant Seed.

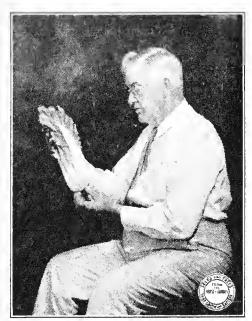
Danish Ballhead Disease Resistant—This strain of Danish Ballhead is larger than the regular strain, about one week later and with slightly longer stems. The best late yellows resistant cabbage, and one of the best winter keepers. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$2.25; 5 lbs., \$10.00.

Disease Resistant All Seasons—We are offering the All Seasons in Disease Resistant Seed only, and, as its name implies, it is a cabbage that can be used early or kept for the winter supply. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.25.

75c; 11b., \$2.25.

Premium Late Flat Dutch—As a variety for winter market it has no superior, and is more extensively grown than any other. Heads large, bluish green, round, solid, broad and flat on top, and often tinted with reddish brown after being touched with frost; they open white and crisp, are tender and well flavored. It is a fall and winter variety, and one of the very best to keep. Decidedly the best late variety for cultivation in our state. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ 1b., 50c; 11b., \$1.35; 5 1bs., \$6.00.

W. N. A. X. For High Quality Gasoline and Motor Oil



Uncle Phil Inspecting a Chinese Cabbage of the Improved Pekin Varlety

Chinese Cabbage

Improved Pekln—A Chinese celery cabbage resembling both celery and cos lettuce. The heads are tall and cylindrical, usually being 18 inches in height, but often reaching two feet. It is a sure heading type, and the flavor is very fine. It is a far better storage keeper than Wong Bok. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 18c; ½ Ib., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.35.

Chihli—Chinese Cabbage

Early and very sure heading. Head becomes 18 to 20 inches tall, 3½ to 4 inches thick, tapered near tip, very firm, well blanched, crisp, tender, and sweet. Superior to Chinese Improved or Pe Tsai. Pkt., 7c; 1 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.40.

CRESS

Curled or Pepper Grass—The leaves of this small salad are much frilled or curled, and are used for garnishing. It is also desirable with lettuce, to the flavor of which its warm, pungent taste makes a most agreeable addition. The plant is of rapid growth, about one foot high. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ Ib., 25c; 11b., 65c.

True Water Cress—This is a distinct variety of cress with small, oval leaves. It thrives best when its roots and stems are submerged in water. A fair growth may be obtained in soil which is kept wet but does best when grown along moist banks or in tuhs in water-covered soil. It is one of the most delicious of small salads and should be planted wherever a suitable place can be found. Pkt., 8c; oz., 25c; ¼ 1b., 75c; 11b., \$2.30.

CELERIAC

A variety of celery having turnip-shaped roots, which, when cooked and sliced in vinegar, make a most excellent salad.

Large Smooth Prague—This is the largest and best variety grown, and grows to a large size. Pkt., 7c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.45.

COTTON

Do you know you can raise cotton in the North? I don't mean you should go into it on a commercial scale and compete with the Southern cotton grower. He has trouble enough without that—But why not raise a few plants for a novelty and to show your friends and neighbors? This plant is not only interesting but ornamental. Early maturing Cotton. Pkt., 8c; 1 oz. 15c.

\$100

CITY GARDEN COLLECTION

The varieties for this garden collection were selected by Donald Gurney, manager of our seed department. Everything will please you and make a garden you can be proud of. Order our city garden collection and get \$1.38 worth of the best garden seed for only \$1.00.

0	
1/2 Pt. Beans, Gurney's Earliest Brittle	
Wax\$0	.12
1/3 Pt. Beans, Stringless Green Pod	.12
1 Oz. Beets, Gurney's Early Model	
	.15
	.05
1 Pkt. Carrot, Gurney's Coreless	.08
1 Pkt. Cabbage, Gurney's Early Ball-	
head	.07
	.05
	.05
	.05
1 Pkt. Onion, He-Shi-Ko Japanese	.00
	ΛO
	.08
	. 10
	.15
1 Pkt. Radish, Early Scarlet Turnip	
White Tip	.05
	.05
1 Pkt. Salsify, Mammoth Sandwich	
	.05
	.06
1 Pkt. Tomato, New Earlibell	.10
Value\$1.	.38

BARGAIN PRICE POSTPAID ONLY \$1.00

25°

CHILD'S GARDEN COLLECTION

Give the children a small space for a garden of their own. These seed are all easy to raise and should keep them interested all summer, besides producing lots of nice vegetables.

1 Pkt. Beans-Golden Wax	\$0.05
1 Pkt, Beets-Detroit Dark Red	
1 Pkt. Carrots-Red Cored Early Chan-	
tenay	.06
1 Pkt, Lettuce—Grand Rapids	
1 Pkt. Radish Scarlet Globe	.05
1 Pkt. Splnach Klng of Denmark	.06
1 Pkt. Salslfy or Oyster Plant	.05
Value	\$0.37

BARGAIN PRICE POSTPAID ONLY 25c

GET ACQUAINTED COLLECTION

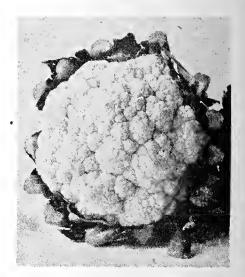
These vegetables are not usually found in the gardens of the Northwest, yet they are easy to raise, produce abundantly and make a very welcome change for the table, both in summer and winter.

1	kt. Broccoli \$0.08
1	kt. Chlnese Cabbage
	kt. Egg Plant
	kt. Leek
	kt. Okra
1	kt. Salsify or Oyster Plant
	Value

BARGAIN PRICE POSTPAID ONLY 25c

CAULIFLOWER

For spring crops only the extra early dwarf varieties should be selected and seed sown in hot beds early in February, transplanting the young plants to the garden early in April, when the trees are starting out in leaf. For main or fall crop seed should be sown about June 1st, and young plants set out the latter part of July.



Gurney's Earliest Market

Cauliflower may be grown anywhere, and Gurney's Early Market Cauliflower is the easiest to grow. This wonderful new short-stemmed, large-headed, heavy-leafed Cauliflower was offered by us in 1910 for the first time, and we wish to say to all lovers of this delicious vegetable that you can grow these as easily as you can grow the cabbage. It is a sure heading variety, hearly every plant making a good, solid head. It is desirable for market gardeners on account of earliness and clear white color, which create an unusual demand for it. Pkt., 12c; ½ oz., 70 c; 1 oz., \$1.20; ¼ Ib., \$4.25.

Early Snowball

This is a popular extra early strain of dwarf, compact growth. Under favorable circumstances nearly every plant will make a fine solid head of good size. It is valuable for both early and late. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 60c, oz., \$1.00, ½ lb., \$3.50.

Gurney's Early Favorite

The best sort for inexperienced growers, as it will head when conditions are unfavorable. It may be used either for an early or a late crop and is ready in about 110 days. It forms large, firm, fine-grained heads, very white in color. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 75c; ½ lb., \$2.35.

CHIVES (Schnittlauch)

Every vegetable grower should become acquainted with this plant. It is extremely hardy, being a perennial; will grow for years. The green leaves are highly prized for seasoning soups, salads and stews. The provident housewife always has a few clumps in the garden. The flavor resembles very much that of an onion. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 20c, oz., 35c.

CITRON

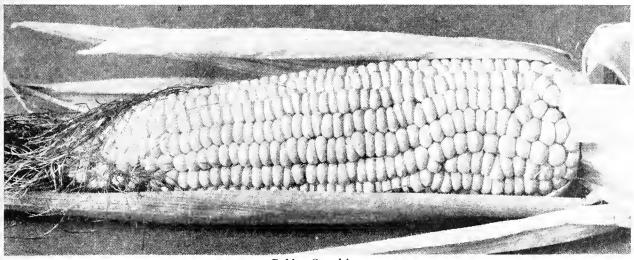
They are used for making preserves, and I guess every housewife knows of numerous other ways to use them. They are very valuable fruits. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c.; l lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

CORN-SWEET OR SUGAR-Delicious Roasting Ears for Two Months

1 Lb. for 100 Hills, 13 Lbs. per Acre-Sweet corn should not be planted more than 11/2 inches deep

OST of us make a single planting of sweet corn; consequently, we have those delicious ears for just a few days a year. You can spread this season over two months by planting different varieties at the same time maturing at different seasons; or by planting same varieties if you have a choice, a week or ten days between each planting. In the little

town garden, a short row or maybe two or three dozen hills planted as early in May as possible, then two weeks later another row between potato rows and continue this for several plantings. You will be surprised at the increased value of this little garden. On the farm, plant a good acreage, enough to supply the house every day and a sufficient quantity for canning and drying.



Golden Sunshine

Golden Sunshine Sweet Corn

An outstanding new variety of yellow corn, of exceptional merit. It was originated at the North Dakota Agricultural College. The ears are bigger than those of Golden Bantam, are 16 rowed, and of deliciously rich flavor, light yellow in color. Sunshine is ready for use 6 to 10 days earlier than Bantam. The stalks are quite dwarf, with the ears set only 2½ to 3 feet from the ground, usually 2 ears to the stalk. Those who have tried it are highly enthusiastic, and say it is real sweet corn.

It is the sweetest and the nicest corn I know of; good yielder, and exceptionally good corn for the market gardener. Prices: ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$4.60; 50 lbs., \$8.50; 100 lbs., \$15.90.

Golden Bantam

Fifty per cent of the sweet corn planted in the United States is of the Golden Bantam variety. It is one of the earliest and sweetest, yielding very heavily, producing good sized ears of the most excellent quality. On account of the hardiness of this variety it allows early planting, consequently it reaches the roasting ear stage very early. You can sow this as early as any variety of field corn. The stalks grow only about 4 to 5 feet high and bear generally two good

ears to the stalk. When ready for use the kernels are rich golden yellow color—a mighty satisfying sweet corn. Prices: $\frac{1}{3}$ pt., 12c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$7.95; 100 lbs., \$14.90.

60-Day White

Among the many extra early sweet corns recently introduced, this stands out because of its extreme earliness, large ear and good quality. With our market gardeners who have tried it, "60-Day White" has been highly profitable. Height 3 feet, ears 10 to 12-rowed, 6 to 7 inches in length. Prices: ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$5.15; 50 lbs., \$9.60; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Golden Gem Sweet Corn

Truly, present-day accomplishments are little short of marvels! After having produced Golden Sunshine Corn, a remarkable early yellow sweet corn, Prof. A. F. Yeager, Hortículturist at the North Dakota Agricultural College Experiment Station, has bred Golden Gem Sweet Corn, which is days earlier than that famous variety. The ears are of good size, averaging 7 to 8 inches in learning and the state of the st

The ears are of good size, averaging 7 to 8 inches in length, and are borne close to the ground on stalks about 3½ feet high. From one to three ears are produced on each stalk. Golden Gem is eight rowed; kernels are quite deep, broad, meaty, rich golden yellow, very tender

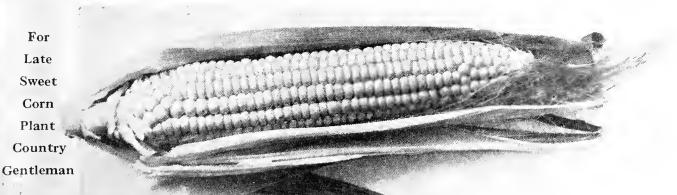
and of the sweetest and most sugary flavor imaginable. The greatest feature, however, is its extreme earliness! With Golden Gem, market gardeners may secure even better prices and home gardeners may have absolutely the very earliest yellow sweet corn! Prices: ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$10.25; 100 lbs., \$19.50.

County Gentleman

This variety has a small, white cob, densely covered with irregular rows of very long slender, white grains of excellent quality. The ears are seven to nine inches long. The stalks are from six and one-half to seven feet high. It is well adapted for canning as well as the home garden and market, and many consider it as the best of the late varieties. Prices: ½ pt., 12c; 11b., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$7.75; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

Stowell's Evergreen

Standard late variety, very valuable for canning and much grown for market. Plants 7 to 7½ feet tall. Ears 8 inches long; 2½ to 2½ inches thick; 14 to 20 rowed. Kernels very deep, white, sweet, and tender; remain in table condition a long time. Prices: ½ pt., 12c; 1 lb., 27c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$4.75; 50 lbs., \$9.20; 100 lbs., \$17.10.



Golden Bantam

Country
Gentleman
The
Highest

Quality Sweet

Corn

CUCUMBERS

1 Oz. for 50 Hills; 2 Lbs. Per Acre in Hills, 5 Lbs. in Drills

HAVE learned to like cucumbers in about every way they can be prepared; the early ones sliced and then the delicious pickles made in various ways. I have only succeeded in my desire to like them in the last two or three years and 1 do not know of a more beautiful sight than a large field of cucumber vines covering the ground with their thousands of yellow flowers and then the picking of the little ones 1 to 1½ inches long for pickling; then the larger, rapid growing ones, cool and crisp, for slicing; then the

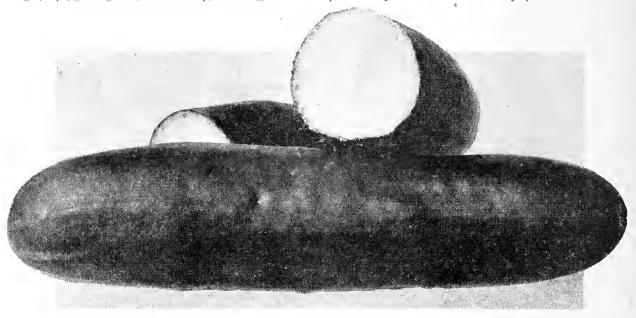
large yellow ones for the sweet pickles; then in the seed fields the literally millions of full grown fruit and the same size, yellow-bronze in color and when you look at them you know that anyone can grow a cucumber and—like myself—learn to like them.

like myself learn to like them.

Plant cucumber seed 10 or 15 to the hill after danger of frost is past.

Thin out later when danger of bugs is past. For the big crop of pickles,

plant from June 1st to the middle of July.



Gurney's New Longfellow

Gurney's New Longfellow

This is truly a magnificent cucumber. The best of the large varieties. Its dark green color, perfect shape, and firm white flesh place it in a class by itself.

class by itself.

This new cucumber grows to a length of 15 inches and retains its dark green color until nearly ripe. Vines are vigorous and very prolific, bearing fruit over a longer period than any variety we are acquainted with. The home or market gardener cannot go wrong by planting as his main crop for slicing or for large pickles, Gurney's New Longfellow Cucumber. Pkt., 8c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.45; 5 lbs., \$6.75.

Improved Long Green

The stock we offer under this name is in a class by itself. The vines are very vigorous and productive. The fruits are very long, often twelve to fifteen inches when mature. They are uniformly slender and of beautiful dark green color. The large warts and spines are well distributed over the surface instead of being clustered at one end as in inferior stocks. The variety furnishes some fruits early but matures the bulk of its crop rather late. It is a standard sort for slicing and is very largely used for pickles. This is the most extensively used cucumber for the garden and market. We have given this variety special attention for many years and we believe the stock we offer has no equal. Pkt., 6c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.75.

Davis Perfect

It is seldom that any one cucumber or other vegetable will stand permanently at the top of all others in quality, yield, etc., for as much as eight to ten years at a time. But the Davis Perfect has been on the market for about that time and its nearest competitor is so far behind that it seems safe to predict that Davis Perfect will be the best for a number of years. We have grown this in large fields for seed purposes and

the cucumbers would lay so thick on the ground that you could hardly walk without stepping on them. It produces a very small quantity of seed, in fact, less per cucumber than any other cucumber grown. This makes it specially desirable for slicing or for sweet pickles. Pkt., 6c; 0z., 15c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.75.

Improved Early White Spine

This special strain of White Spine Cucumber is noted for its extra earliness, earlier than Fordhook or Arlington. Vines vigorous, fruiting early and abundantly; fruit uniformly straight and handsome, dark green, with a few white spines; flesh tender and of excellent flavor. Great bearer, for table use or pickling. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$6.75.

China Long

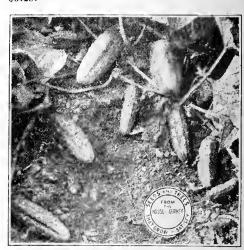
Makes perfectly straight fruit. They average about 20 inches. They are thickest in the middle of fruit, where they average 2 to 3 inches in diameter. The attractive fruit taper gently toward the ends, holding their thickness well until they run off into a round stem and blossom end.

A most remarkable feature of China Long is the fact that it retains the beautiful deep green color of the skin until it is fully ripe. China Long is practically all flesh, containing but very few seeds. The thick flesh is a beautiful white. It is crisp, juicy, and of the most delicious flavor, and essentially a quality cucumber which is absolutely unequaled for market or home use.

The fine large long fruits are extra fine for slicing, but if picked when of small size, they make tasty little pickles. The people in China store surplus products for their winter table after cutting into four or five pieces and drying. The vigorous vines bear continuously, particularly if the fruit is picked as soon as it has reached a good size. Pkt., 8c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; 1 lb., \$1.95.

Earliest of All

This is a white spine sort, very dark green when fit to slice. 6 to 7 inches long, has pale green stripes about ½ length from blossom end, straight square ended, firm, and makes a fine pickler. This is a great favorite among gardeners and others desiring a good, prolific cucumber. Pkt. 5c; oz., 12c, ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.30; 5 lbs., \$6.25



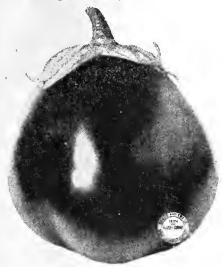
. Gurney's New Everbearing

Gurney's New Everbearing

Very early, enormously productive, literally covering the ground with its fruit the entire season until killed by frost, making it the most prolific variety in existence. Fruit is medium size and rich, dark green in color, shape long, excellent for pickling or slicing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; ½ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.30; 5 lbs., \$6.25.

EGG PLANT

1 Oz. for 1000 Plants



Sow in hotbeds very early in the spring and transplant to 2 or 3 feet apart, in very rich, warm ground. Hoe often and hill up gradually until they blossom.

New Improved New York Purple-The best variety in cultivation, being early, a sure cropper and of fine quality. The fruit is large, oval, very deep purple. Pkt., 8c; oz., 30c; ¼ oval, very deep purple. lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$2.55.

ENDIVE

Sow in August in shallow drills twelve to fifteen inches apart, and thin to one foot in drills. When fully grown tie over the outer leaves of a few plants every week or ten days to blanch. Leaves curled, dark green. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 35c; 1 1b., 90c.

HERBS Sweet, Pot and Medicinal

No garden is complete without a few herbs for culinary or medicinal purposes. Harvest them carefully on a dry day, before they come into full bloom.

Anlse-Cultivated principally for garnish-

ing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Basil Sweet—The leaves and tops of the shoots are used for soups. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Caraway—Cultivated for the seed which is used in confectionery and medicine. Pkt., 5c;

Catnlp—Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.
Dill—The leaves are used in soups, and put along with pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb. 65c.

Horehound—Principally used for medicinal purposes. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

Lavender—A popular aromatic herb. Pkt.,

10c; oz., 30c. Marjoram Sweet-For seasoning. Pkt., 5c;

oz., 20c.
Rosemary—An aromatic herb. Pkt., 10c;

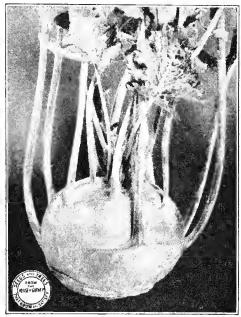
Sage-The leaves and tender tops are used in

stuffing and sauces. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.
Savory, Summer—Used for seasoning. Pkt.,

5c; oz., 20c.
Thyme, Broad-Leaved—For seasoning, etc;
Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c.
Wormwood—It is beneficial to poultry and should be planted in poultry grounds. Pkt., 10c;

GARDEN LEMON—VINE PEACH OR MANGO MELON

They are sometimes known as Vegetable Orange; entirely different from the cucumber known as Cucumber Lemon. The vine on which this fruit is borne is similar to the muskmelon and requires the same cultivation; fruit about the size of a large peach, oval shaped, somewhat russeted and the color of a bright orange when ready for use. For sweet pickles, pies and preserves, they are excellent. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ 1b., 40c.



KOHL-RABI

1 Oz. for 200 Feet of Row
Early White Vlenna—Dwarf, small, early;
bulb handsome, firm, glossy white; leaves few
and small, the best variety for table but should be used when young and not larger than an early Turnip. All varieties are tough and stringy when overgrown. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; overgrown.
1 lb., \$1.25.

GARLIC BULBS

Garlic is always rather high in price and often you are unable to buy it when needed. raise your own and supply your neighbors. Two or three pounds of garlic bulbs divided and planted in the spring should make a bushel of garlic in the fall. Price: 1 lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 55c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.10.

LETTUCE—The Best Salad Plant

1 Oz. of Head Lettuce Seed Will Produce 2500 Plants-3 Lbs. of Leaf Lettuce Seed for One Acre

BELIEVE I would be a winner in any lettuce eating contest that might be started. I can eat it every day in the year and my one extravagance is the delicious head lettuce which comes to us from the south and west during winter months. You can have just as delicious, crisp heads as they produce, in your own garden during the summer months, if you will transplant the Head Lettuce plants 10 to 12 inches apart in the row. By doing this they will make heads weighing one pound to 1½ pounds and as solid and crisp and well blanched as a cabbage. and well blanched as a cabbage.

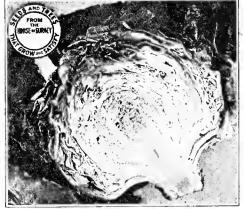
In sowing the leaf lettuce, you always get it too thick. Thin it out and you will produce several times the quantity and much better quality leaf lettuce than if allowed to grow thick. If you wish to extend the head lettuce season, sow the seed very early in hot beds or boxes in the house or cold frame and transplant in the open as early as weather will permit, then sow in the open and transplant later. Continue this several times. The production of head lettuce for the market for every day in the year is one of the big industries over the country, very profitable on account of its immense yield and big market.

Head lettuce produced from our seed near Omaha brought the grower nearly \$2,000.00 per acre and it was not unusual to find six heads completely fill a standard bushel basket.

Gurney's Stonehead Riviera Lettuce

All of us like head lettuce, and our idea of a good head lettuce is the one that has the hardest head, one that is compact; one that will stand the hot dry weather that we have during the summer. Gurney's Stonehead Riviera Lettuce is without doubt the best variety of head lettuce that can be grown in this northwest territory.

Hardest head, longest fit for use, heads solid, interior leaves blanching to a cream white. No equal for late planting or places that are hot and dry, Packet, 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$6.00.



Gurney's Stonehead Riviera

Gurney's Crisp as Ice

Very large, extremely crisp, hard-heading, and extra long standing.

Grows to a larger size, makes larger heads, is of more pleasing appearance and retains its crispness and mild flavor to a greater degree during the hot summer months than any other crisp-head variety. While especially adapted for midsummer, it is most desirable also for spring and fall.

The plants are of quick, strong growth, attaining a diameter of twelve inches with good cultivation. The leaves are of a soft bright green, growing closely around the head. The heads are tightly folded, six to eight inches in diameter, bleached to a silvery white and nearly as crisp and brittle as celery. Pkt., 8c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 11b., \$1.10.

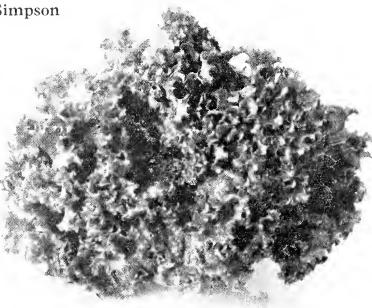
LETTUCE—(Continued)

Black Seeded Simpson

A tavorite forcing variety; it does not head, but forms a compact mass of leaves, and differs in being lighter colored; stands the summer heat well, and is nearly double the size of the Curled Simpson. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

New York or Wonderful

This is the head lettuce grown in thousands of acres around Los Angeles, Calif., in Idaho and other places, and shipped in carload lots all over the world. It is the standard head lettuce and best of any ex-cept Gurney's Stonebead Riviera. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$4.90.



Grand Rapids-The Best Leaf Lettuce

Grand Rapids

This is beyond question the most popular of all forcing lettuce. On account of its upright habit of growth it can be grown much closer than the other sorts, and it is less liable to rot; the leaves are light yellowish green, excellent for shipping and keeps a long time without wilting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.90.

Paris White Cos

The Cos Lettuce is distinguished from other lettuce in that its leaves are elongated and always somewhat spoon-shaped. It is grown in exactly the same way as other lettuce.

When young, the leaves are pale green. When full grown, they form a loose conical head, outer leaves light green and rather crimped, inner leaves light green and rather crimped, inner leaves were collegated with the widely white send

leaves very pale green with the midrib white and

very prominent. Very crisp and has a delicious flavor. We strongly urge you to try this variety, as we believe you will be well pleased with it. Succeeds very well everywhere, never wilts

under the severest sun and can be grown to an immense size; plants weighing six pounds have been grown of this variety. Pkg., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ 1b., 30c; 1 lb., 90c.

Improved Hanson

A very fine heading variety of large size. The heads are very solid, sweet, tender and crisp throughout and entirely free from any bitter taste. A standard Summer Head Lettuce, very show to run to seed. Plate 50 cm. 100 cm. slow to run to seed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

Gurney's Tom Thumb

This variety is exceptionally good for the home garden. Seed may be planted in the hot bed and transplanted to the open just as early as possible in the spring, and on account of its expossible in the spring, and on account of its extremely hard, crisp heads and small size of the plant, it may be planted about ten inches apart in the row. Plant this so it will mature before extremely hot weather. This is a great find for the home gardener who loves a good head of lettuce. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

Chicken Lettuce

Your poultry needs "green" food and this var-Your poultry needs "green" food and this variety of lettuce is just the thing you will want to grow for this purpose. It is a genuine lettuce which will yield as much or more chicken or rabbit feed than any plant you may have used for "greens". When once cut it starts to grow again and makes a successive crop. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 85c.

THE THE CALC Gurney's STORESTORY WATERMELONS Gurney's

Mastodon Radio Watermelon

Watermelons are liked by everyone, and the kids especially like to go out and crawl into someone's corn field hoping that they will find a watermelon patch. Gurney's Mastodon Radio Watermelon will produce more melons than any other variety; it also produces the largest melons; the flavor cannot be beat, and

It is not unusual to produce melons of this variety weighing ninety pounds. They have been known to exceed one hundred pounds. Its bright red flesh is of delicious flavor and the quality that calls for more.

you will never find the

hard core as in so many of the melons.

Matured melons Matured merons are glossy dark green, distinctly striped skin, very tough, making it a long keeping and shipping melon. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 85c; 51bs., \$3.50. 1 Oz. for 20 Hills, 4 lbs. per Acre



Lawrence Welk and his Famous Orchestra Enjoying a Mastodon Radio Watermelon

Scarlet Wonder Did you ever see a

scarlet watermelon, not just red, but a bright flaming scar-let? Gurney's new scarlet wonder is what melon growers have long wanted but have never been able

to find.

The black seeds and dark green rind contrasting sharply with the bright scarlet flesh make sales for this melon when other varieties are a drug on the market.

Appearance sells' the first melons. The high quality takes care of resales as there is no better quality melon grown. Medium size, early, thin, tough rind—a good shipping melon as well as a melon for the home garden. Pkt., 8c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, S. Dak. Dear Sirs:

Your early Ball-head cabbage is the best cabbage I ever raised, and is cer-tainly a winner.

C. C. Ufford, Mitchell, Neb.

WATERMELONS (Continued)

Earliest and Sweetest

Almost as far back as I can remember we have urged everyone to plant Cole's Early for the earliest watermelons, but the earliest and sweetest, a cross of Mountain Sweet and Cole's Early, combining the best qualities of both, is nearly one week earlier than Cole's Early, three to five pounds heavier, does not break as easily when handled, and the facts are that when the two melons ripening together are placed before you, you will always eat the earliest and sweetest. The average weight of this melon would probably be from 12 to 15 lbs., flesh scarlet, very fine grained, and the flavor is delicious. The seeds are white. Vines producing wonderful crops, often producing eight to twelve melons to the vine. We wish to say to our Northern customers that this Earliest and Sweetest melon is the one they should plant. There is but little use in planting the large late varieties in your locality. They are only a disappointment, nearly ripe when the frost comes. You will always get under the wire with the Earliest and the Sweetest. Pkt., 7c; I oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; I lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

Fordhook Early

Without a rival. This is the earliest large-fruited melon in cultivation. We secured a good number of fine large melons before any other varieties ripened, with the exception only of the small Cole's Early. These fruits are of good size, rather short and blocky in form, with large diameter; skin dark green, occasionally with faint stripes of lighter green; flesh bright red, erisp, sweet, and of splendid quality; rind quite thin, but skin tough; makes an excellent shipping variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.10.

Round Light Icing

Fruit medium sized, nearly round, greenish white, slightly veined or dotted with light green. The flesh is light red, sweet and crisp, seed white. A very early melon producing remarkable crops, I advised that it was too late to plant any watermelon, but he insisted on planting and I recommended some earlier varieties; but he still insisted on Round Light Icing, and he marketed from that field dozens of carloads about as early as the earliest varieties, and received top prices for them. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25e; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.10.

Wilt Resistant Watermelon Pride of Muscatine

This is an improved strain of Kleckley's Sweet, developed by the lowa Agricultural College at Ames.

It is bred to resist melon wilt and is the only melon that can be raised in many parts of lowa, Wisconsin and Illinois where wilt is prevalent.

The Pride of Muscatine is a better shipper than the regular strain of Kleckley's Sweet, as it has a thicker rind and market gardeners who haul melons long distances should plant this variety.

this variety.

Pkt., 7c; oz., 15e; ½ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

Red Seeded Hutchinson

This is the best of the new watermelons developed in the last few years. Large, nearly round, light green with dark green stripes. A load of them make a very attractive appearance. I like watermelon and eat lots of them and this year Red Seeded Hutchinson is at the head of the list for size, appearance, and quality. They have been toward the end of the summer about the only melons on the market in the Middle West, and certainly the quality is hard to improve on. Pkt., 8c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

Special List of Profitable Watermelons for Market Gardens

This list is selected to cover, as nearly as possible, yield, season, quality and ability to stand shipping or rough usage.

Make this the most profitable acre on your farm. This selection of varieties will do it.

Don Gurney.

Collection No. 61, Enough Seed for 1	Acre
1 lb. Fordhook Early	0.75
1/4 lb. Kleekley's Sweet	.25
1/4 lb. Earliest and Sweetest	.30
34 lb. Mastodon	.65
1/2 Ib. Round Light Icing	.40
1/2 lb. Winter	.55
1/4 lb. Gurney's New Scarlet Wonder	. 25
Total	3.15
BARGAIN PRICE\$	2.65



James Blakey says: All watermelons are good but winter watermelons are the best.

Winter Watermelon

Yankton, S. D., has the best equipped State Hospital, takes better care of its patients, and cures more than any other in the United States. This is a broad statement, but I believe it is true. It is equipped with theatre, dance hall, ball ground, tennis court. You wonder what this has to do with winter watermelons. I am just coming to that. I have been on the grounds of the Hospital for the Insane at Vankton a number of times, and it was not unusual to see hundreds of the patients on these beautiful grounds among the trees and on the lawn, each patient, if they wanted it, eating watermelon. Their garden covers about thirty acres, and they had thousands of the winter watermelons. It is not only good at time of maturity of the ordinary melon, but can be harvested and kept well up to Christmas time. It is medium-sized, almost clear white rind, the brightest red flesh

and small black seeds, very firm and very tough rind. These should be harvested when ripe, not overripe, placed in a cool dry cellar; or place them in the open in straw, seeing that the melons do not touch each other and covering all of them with sufficient straw to keep from freezing. Take them out as wanted and you will be well repaid. Pkt., 7e; oz., 15e; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.20.

Kleckley Sweet

Or Monte Christo—Vines are strong-growing, producing uniformly large-sized melons. The fruits are oblong. The skin is dark green. Flesh is bright scarlet and ripens to within one-half inch of the rind. The quality is very rich and sweet, hence its name. For the home market or family garden it is decidedly one of the best. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25e; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.10.

Golden Honey Sweet

The only desirable yellow meated melon, and for home use the best of all melons. Very thin rind, golden yellow flesh, so remarkably sweet and tender that they will be chosen above all other melons for home, not shipping purposes. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15e; 1b., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; 1 lb., 85c.

Tom Watson

The Tom Watson is one of the very best shippers of the long melons, and one of the best quality. The melons will grow to a length of about two feet, and about one foot in diameter. The rind is a hard mottled green, thin, but tough enough to endure shipping to any distant market. Of the long shaped melons it is the best shipper of any. The flesh is deep red and comes very close to the rind. We consider this for quality equal to any of the melons, and it sells readily on the market when there is no demand for others. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; I lb., 75e; 5 lbs., \$3.10.

Klondike Watermelon

For genuine merit the Klondike is surpassed by no other kind. Deep red flesh, dark green rind. Very early. A long medium size melon suitable for the home garden or for moderate distance shipping. Small seeds, mixed black and white. When it is better known, the Klondike will take the place of many of the early melons, on account of its high quality and good appearance. Pkt., 7e; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30e; 1 lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

Corporal Gurney

We offered this seven years ago, and, with the exception of a very few reports, it has proven one of the very best melons of the entire list. Its large size, extremely tough rind and excellent quality have made it a desirable market melon. We are offering it again with the assurance that this is the coming melon for the market, at least for that part of the country where they are grown in large quantities for the market.

We have called this "Corporal Gurney" be-

We have called this "Corporal Gurney" beeause the first ripe melon was picked on the day
he was appointed corporal. Later became sergeant, but the melon remained "Corporal" although it is absolutely "General" in quality. It
is an oblong melon, shorter and much thicker
through than the Tom Watson and Kleckley.
In color it is a very pleasing gray, or a very light
green. The rind is extremely hard, making it
best of all melons for shipping purposes. It can
be shipped across the United States and hack
again, and be equal to any freshly picked melon.
The quality never has been surpassed and probably never will be. The rind is thin, but strong
enough so that the heaviest man can stand on it
without injuring it. I have rolled these melons
off from an ordinary table to the floor without
cracking the rind or bruising the flesh. This
melon is not as early as the earliest, but will be
classed as a medium early melon. Plant one
packet of Corporal Gurney for a real melon
patch. Pkt., 8c; oz., 15c; ½ 1b., 30c; 1 lb.,
90c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

MELONS-MUSK-1 oz. for 50 Hills, 2½ lbs. per Acre

What's the use of letting your boys steal the Melons they want from neighbors? Why not plant them yourself and have company? Did you ever steal a watermelon? Crawl through the wet cornfield on your belly about nine or ten o'clock at night, listening every minute for the watchdog, finally reach the patch, and find one of the largest and ripest ones right on the edge of the cornfield, pick it carefully, roll it ahead of you until you are 'way back in the field, then pick it up and run, reach the edge of the field and then with your two or three companions, eat the most delicious watermelon you

ever had? Possibly those in your father's patch were much better, but you wanted this melon because it was harder to get. I have stolen melons a good many times. As my hair commences to get gray, I don't know that I approve of it, but boys will steal melons for the next twenty generations just as they have for the last, and when they go into the patch and take just what they want to eat, picking and handling them carefully, not destroying the vines, nor spoiling melons, I think we can all forgive the crime just for the fun they get out of it. Plant enough for your boys and neighbors.

Hearts of Gold Muskmelon

On this page we show the best of varieties for the market gardener. Hearts of gold muskmelon. It is the hardiest, the highest yielding, and the best quality melon that can be grown in this Northern territory. It is an excellent shipper and a good keeper, and we recommend it especially to the market gardeners as it is exceptionally early. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

Gurney's Golden Ice Cream

See Colored Picture on Inside Front Cover

This is the first year we have listed this wonderful new golden fleshed muskmelon. We named it Ice Cream because the seed cavity is so small an ordinary dipper of ice cream completely fills it. An early melon—it ripens in from 80 to 85 days. Fruits are 6 to 7 inches in diameter and almost round. Heavily netted, a good shipper, cream color when ripe. The Golden Ice Cream will outsell any melon on the market because of its fine appearance, thick yellow flesh, and delicious flavor. Pkt., 10c; 0z., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; ½ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.25.



This large, round, delicious muskmelon is rather late and if grown north of Yankton, seed should be started in pots and transplanted to the field after danger of frost. The high yield and exceptional quality of this melon will more than repay you for this extra work. It produces large crops of even sized quality melons and brings more money per acre than any crop you could grow. Honey Dew melons sell at an extremely high price, retailing often at from 25c to 75c each. The Honey Dew is in a class by itself, being different from any other. The flesh is very thick and firm, emerald green in color, spicy, and of a flavor that you do not get in any other melon. Melons 7 to 10 inches in diameter, nearly round, and weigh from 8 to 12 pounds.

Green Fleshed Honey Dew—Pkt., 7 c; oz., 15c; ¼ Ib., 35c; 1 Ib. \$1.00.

Golden Fleshed Honey Dew—In every respect the same as the Green Fleshed Honey Dew, except the flesh is a rich golden color. Pkt., 8c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 40c; ½ lb., 70c; 1 lb. \$1.20.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, S. Dak.
Dear Mr. Gurney:

Your seeds are the best I have ever used. When all other gardens here in Wentworth failed to grow on account of the dry weather, I had plenty of everything. Canned over 160 quarts of cucumber pickles and beets, besides giving lots of vegetables away. I think you will get plenty of orders on account of my garden.

Respectfully, Florence Hawkins, Wentworth, S. Dak.



Milwaukee Market

Brother Don planted about an acre of Milwaukee Market one year. Not because he wanted to; but on account of the dry weather he lost a big field of Strawberries and had to fill in with something else.

It was a fortunate proposition, as Milwaukee Market proved to be the earliest, good sized, high quality, thick yellow meated Muskmelon that appeared on the market, and he realized a good price from them, selling the immense crop at from 15c to 25c per melon.

The ribs are fairly prominent, and the netting

The ribs are fairly prominent, and the netting heavy. Shape slightly oval. A light green or cream color. I believe it will produce as many melons to the acre as any melon you can plant, and when it comes to quality—Oh Boyl Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.

Special List of Profitable Muskmelons for Market Gardens

This list is selected to cover, as nearly as possible, yield, season, quality and ability to stand shipping or rough usage.

stand shipping or rough usage.

Make this the most profitable acre on your farm. This selection of varieties will do it.

Don Gurney.

| 2 | 1b. Milwaukee Market | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .50 | .

 Folks here's a real melon, one that I feel like recommending to everyone. A special strain of selected seed will be used for every order. It's a melon that is excellent for shipping and a dandy for the local market—but best of all it's one that you will like better than any other because of its excellent flavor. Melons are round to oval in shape, ribbed and covered with coarse netting. Their flesh is exceptionally thick, and the melons rarely crack. The ripe melons have a golden tint giving the fruit a very attractive appearance. They are quite large, many weighing over ten pounds. Because the flesh is so thick and firm they remain in good condition much longer than other melons of this class, and remember that this is very important if you are going to ship. Package, 5c; oz., 12c; ½ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., 90c; 5 lbs. \$3.75.

Benders Surprise

Gurney's Farthest North

This melon originated in the Imperial Valley in California and is one of the best long-distance shipping melons we have, but on account of its extreme earliness—maturing in 68 days from the planting of the seed—it can be grownfarther north than any other

muskmelon. Salmon, flesh of exceptional thickness about 8x4½ inches with heavy netting, fairly prominent ribs. Its chief values are its extreme earliness, its ability to stand long distance shipping and its better than fair quality. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 55c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.10.

Rocky Ford

This variety is an improvement on the Netted Gem, and is largely grown in Colorado and shipped by the carload to the eastern cities. It is much sought after by hotel and restaurant keepers on account of its size and exceptionally fine flavor. Flesh is greenish white in color, very juicy and rich and good clear to the rind. It is medium in size, of round oval form and a most excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.

Mr. Phil Gurney Yankton, S. Dak.

Dear Uncle Phil:

Just a few lines to let you know how well we like our Gurney seeds. Last year we had a lovely melon patch—sold around \$100.00 worth of melons and gave a lot away. We had a good garden too, I think every seed grew. We wouldn't try to raise a garden without Gurney's seeds as they do "Grow and Satisfy."

Yours truly, Fred Stanley, Farnhamville, Iowa.

MUSKMELONS—(Continued)

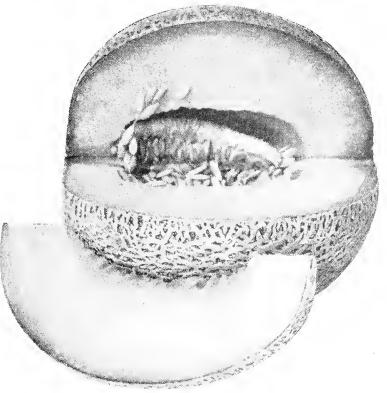
Sugar Rock or Honey Rock

This is a new and unusually fine melon. Sweet as sugar and solid as a rock. It has four main points of superiority; quality, productiveness, ability to stand shipping and appearance. Its flavor and quality are the finest we have ever seen, the flesh being a very deep salmon color right out to the very rind. Under good growing conditions it is a very heavy yielder, often producing five to seven perfect melons on one vine. Its rind is unusually hard, making it a good shipper. This wonderful, new melon is as early as the Rocky Ford and one-third larger—making it suitable for either home or market gardening. Pkt., 5c; oz., 13c; ½ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 50c; 1 lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.20.

The House of Gurney Yankton, S. Dakota

Dear Sir: We used Gurney's Seeds last year and raised a fine garden. These seeds came thru a nine weeks' drouth and produced fine vegetables, while seed bought here failed.

My, how we enjoyed Benders Surprise Muskmelons last sum-mer and are still using Davis Perfect Cucumbers as pickles. Howard Wimberley, Amherst, Nebr.



Sugar or Honey Rock

Golden Champlain

Walrath's Golden Champlain Muskmelon-This melon is so early that it can be grown much farther north than any other variety yet introduced. The nature of the New Habit is that it throws laterals and blossoms before the main stems are six inches long, and real fruit sets on these laterals and develops rapidly. You will find from eight to fifteen large melons in a bunch right around the hill where the seeds were planted. making easy and inexpensive handling when ripening. The first setting of melons on account of starting at the same time, mature at the same time, giving a large crop and the early money getter. The vines are exceptionally strong and hardy. Quality of fruit excellent, flesh golden yellow. Outside skin green, well netted, and firm. Size from 21/2 to 31/2 lhs. Three years out of four we have picked ripe melons fifty-seven days after planting seeds.

This melon is successfully grown in the Lake Champlain district in high altitude, hence its name, Golden Champlain. Pkt., 8c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; 1 lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.20.

ONION CULTURE AND PROFIT IN ONIONS——

1 Ounce for 100 Feet of Row; 5 Lbs. Seed per Acre

OU cannot plant a crop on your farm that will produce more dollars per acre than a crop of onions. The yield in the northwest from the onion, Dakota and Southport Red Globe and other standard varieties, is always exceptionally heavy; the gardeners selling them at much higher prices than the general run of farm produce, making the greatest yield of dollars per acre of any crop. Onions can be grown and harvested for \$35.00 per acre; this allows a good per acre rent for the land. A very ordinary yield would be at least 300 bushels per acre, even this small crop would bring

more net dollars per acre than any five acres in an ordinary crop. of one thousand bushels are not uncommon and one of our friends at Bassett, Nebraska, has a photograph of his field of one and one-fourth acres from which he harvested nine hundred bushels. The varieties he planted were Gurney's Red Globe; "Dakota" and Southport Yellow Globe. Figure the rost of production as high as you please and you could not come within a mile of the gross profit; plant just as many as you can take

Prizetaker

(110 days to maturity)-This is the largest of all onions and most handsome; mildest in flavor. Our seed stock of this onion is pure American grown and produces the largest and handsomest onion we have ever seen, large in size and better in appearance than the most wonderful of Spanin appearance than the most wonderful of Spanish and Italian varieties, many of the bulbs weighing as high as 3 lbs. each. Skin rich golden color, and so mild and sweet it can be eaten raw like an apple. This onion is a reasonably good keeper, but should be disposed of by January 1st. We strongly urge the planting of a reasonable acreage of this variety, as it will certainly prove profitable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.70; 4 lbs., \$6.10.

Southport Large White Globe

(115 days to maturity) - This is the best allpurpose white onion in cultivation, it is large, a purpose white onion in cultivation, it is large, a perfect globe, silvery white and the very best keeper, and excellent quality. In growing onions we advise that you put in a part of your acreage of this large White Globe, as there is always a demand for a reasonable amount of them at a better price than you could get for other onions. On account of their mild flavor they are particularly valuable for green onions for bunches. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb. \$2.35; 4 lbs., \$8.25.

An Onion Bulletin With Each 1/4-Lb. Order

In order that you may grow equally as successful as the expert or continuous grower, we will enclose with each order of one-fourth pound and up, our Onion Bulletin, giving complete instruc-tions for preparing the seed bed, planting, growing, harvesting and marketing.

Southport Yellow Globe

(110 days to maturity)—The true Southport Yellow Globe is particularly valuable for winter market. It is a more perfect globe than the Yellow Globe Danvers and a better keeper. The onions are similar in size and form to the Southport Red Globe, but have a pale straw yellow skin, mild flavor and a heavy cropper. Owing to its handsome appearance and delightful flavor it sells readily on all markets. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; 1 lb., \$1.95; 4 lbs., \$7.25.

LEEK

London Flag-Sow early in the spring in drills one inch deep and one foot apart. When six or eight inches high transplant in rows 13 inches apart and 5 inches between the plants as deep as possible, that the neck may be blanched. One oz. to 150 feet drilled. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.90.

Southport Red Globe
(110 days to maturity)—We consider this the
most profitable of the onions for planting in the north. Brings the best price on the market of any of the red onions. Its large size, dark, glossy red color and the fact that it is one of the best keepers makes it very desirable. We would advise that you make the hulk of your planting Southport Red Globes. This variety has given as high as 1,100 hushels per acre, and is the leading market value in the north. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.80; 4 lbs., \$6.75.

Large Red Wethersfield

(100 days to maturity). One of the old standard varieties and favorite onion especially in the West, where immense crops are grown for shipwest, where immense crops are grown for shipment. Large size, skin deep purplish red, form round, somewhat flat, flesh purplish white, moderately fine grained, and stronger in flavor than most other kinds. Very productive, best keeper, it is the best of any variety on poor or dry soil. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ½ lb., 65c; 1 lb., \$1.95, 4 lbs. \$7.25. 4 lbs. \$7.25.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, S. D.

Dear Sirs:

We received our first order of seeds and are certainly well pleased with them. Our Bermuda onion plants and strawberry plants are growing fine and are all alive so Mr. Earnest Hall, 825 S. St., Gering, Nehr.



Giant Yellow Sweet Spanish

Riverside Sweet Spanish

This is a California grown strain of the Spanish (Denia) onion. With us it grows larger than the American Prizetaker and does not produce the "stiff-necks" usual in the Spanish type. It is the most popular onion in Southern California and when grown as a specimen attains enormous size, 4 to 4½ pounds. Globe shape, bright golden yellow. The flavor is very mild, and the shape very uniform. Very high yields may be expected from this variety.

At the 1931 meeting of the South Dakota Horticultural Society, the Yellow Sweet Spanish Onion was highly recommended, outyielding all other onions. The mild flavor and fine appearance make them salable at the highest market price. Pkt., 8c; oz., 30c; ½ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.45; 5 lbs., \$11.00.

Gurney's Dakota Red Globe

In offering the "Dakota" (105 days to maturity) Onion we wish to tell you something of it. The parentage of this onion is strictly Southport Red Globe, but has been grown in Dakota for a number of years, and by careful selection of the bulbs and saving of the seed crop we have produced an onion that is very uniform in size, very dark red in color, a perfect globe, and quite a bit earlier than any other globe onion that we know of. We consider this one of the most profitable onions for the people of the Northwest to plant. On account of being able to market them earlier than other varieties you can secure a better price, and as the yield is equally as large a better price, and as the yield is equally as large as any other variety it is certainly more profitable to plant them. The seed will cost you a little more money than the others, but a few cents per acre are more than made up by the results in the fall. Pkt., 7e; 0z., 25c; ½ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.15; 1 lb., \$2.00; 4 lbs., \$7.35.

He-Shi-Ko Japanese Bunching Onion

Long White Hardy Onion—This onion is becoming ever more popular for beyond doubt it is the best of the Bunching Onions. It will do well from Florida to Michigan. The flavor is quite mild, and the onion remains tender and pure white. We know of no other Onion which trenches as well. Pkt., 8c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.15.

White Welch Bunching Onion

(90 days to maturity)—For early green onions, the seed of this onion may be treated as any onion seed, making one-third the expense and trouble of planting top sets and producing more green onions. The flavor is the sweetest of all onions. The plant is peren-nial and may be left in the ground for years with but slight pro-tection. Maximum results however, are

obtained by treating as an annual, sow in the spring or fall. Pkg., 5c; oz. 25c; 14 lb. 65c; 11b. \$1.90.

Bermuda Onion Plants

Plants are open field grown. Large size. Strong, Healthy and Sturdy. Shipped fresh the day they are pulled. Onion Plants produce large onions, which are Sweet and Tender. They grow faster, mature quicker, sell at the highest mar-ket price, because they are of much superior

Grown from Imported Seed, produce the genuine Bermuda Onion. Thin skin, white meat Sweet and Tender. It's hardy, easy to grow, and easy to harvest. It will produce perfectly in any State. Frost or light freeze will not injure them. 1000 plants will produce from 7 to 10 bushels of onions. Prices: 6000, \$7.20; 3000, \$3.95; 1000, \$1.80; 500, \$1.05. Postpald.

Onion Sets

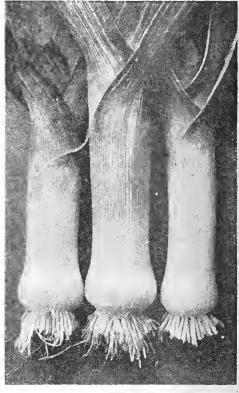
These may be planted early in the spring to be These may be planted early in the spring to be used for green onions, or ean be allowed to grow, producing large onions very early. They are planted largely by market gardeners and allowed to grow full size on account of eoming into the market when other onions are scaree; in this way, they realize the best price.

White Bottom Sets—Prices: 1 lb., 30c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.40; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$2.10; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$3.75; 2 bu. (64 lbs.), \$7.10.

Red Bottom Sets—Prices: 1 lb., 25c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.30; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$1.95; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$3.50; 2 bu. (64 lbs.), \$6.75.

Yellow Bottom Sets—Prices: 1 1b., 25c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.30; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$1.95; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$3.50; 2 bu. (64 lbs.), \$6.75.

Multipliers—Prices: 1 lb., 25c; 1 peck (8 lbs.), \$1.25; ½ bu. (16 lbs.), \$2.00; 1 bu. (32 lbs.), \$3.35; 2 bu. (64 lbs.), \$6.30.



He-Shi-Ko Bunching Onlon

MUSHROOMS A Free Bulletin With Each Order

These delícious fungi can be grown in a warm cellar or close shed in which an even temperature can be maintained of from 50 to 60 degrees, and where plentiful supply of fresh horse-stable manure for making the beds can be obtained. Our spawn is imported from the best English makers, runs freely and produces the finest mushrooms. Bricks weigh about one pound and a brick is sufficient to plant about nine square feet. Best Spawn, 30c per lb.; 5 lbs., \$1.25.

MUSTARD OSTRICH PLUME

The plants are of vigorous growth and have beautiful dark green leaves which curve outward like fine ostrich plumes. It is a handsome variety, of strong growth, yielding a large quantity of greens. The plants stand a long time before bolting to seed. The flavor is mild and the leaves are excellent for garnishing and salads. It is a favorite variety in quite a few sections. Does well even during hot weather. sections. Does well even during hot weather. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., 65c.

OKRA OR GUMBO

White Velvet—Sow about the middle of spring in drills and thin the plants to a foot or more apart. Highly esteemed and cultivated for its green seed pods, which are used in soups or stewed and served like asparagus. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.50.

The House of Gurney, Yankton, S. Dak.

Dear Sirs:

We just had to have some more of your Longfellow cucumbers. We tried them last summer and never saw so many cucumbers before. Bought an ounce of seed and picked about thirty-five bushels as dry as the season was.

Yours truly, R. H. Tillotson, Kellerton, Iowa

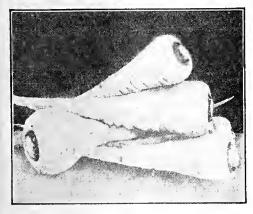
PARSNIPS

1 Oz. for 150 Feet of Row

4 Lbs. per Acre
Parsnips are one of the best vegetables we have, and they get much sweeter after they are have, and they get much sweeter after they are frozen; consequently it is much better to freeze them if you can before using. Have the boxes small enough so that you can remove one to the cellar at a time and use them up through the winter for fries and parsnip stews.

Guernsey (Improved Half Long)—The roots do not grow so long as the Hollow Crown,

but are of greater diameter and more easily gathered. The roots are very smooth; the flesh is fine grained and of most excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c.



Short Thick Parsnip
It is a stump rooted variety and hence easily harvested. Roots reach a length of about 8 inches, with a thick broad shoulder, skin is smooth and white, and the flesh is fine-grained, sweet, sugary, tender and most excellent for table use. Very early, maturing in about 115 days. It is a most prolific yielder, it contains more saccharine, is sweeter and more nutritious than other sorts. Pkt., 7c; oz., 12c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 75c.



PARSLEY

Parsley thrives best in a rich soil. The seeds germinate very slowly, three or four weeks generally elapsing before it makes its appearance. Sow early in spring half an inch deep, previously soaking the seeds for a few hours in tepid water. One oz. to 150 feet of drill.

One oz. to 150 feet of drill.

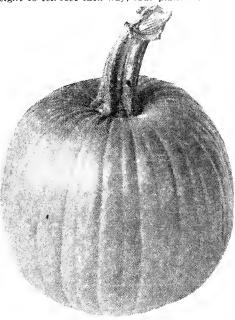
Champion Moss Curled—A beautiful crimped and curled variety. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c.

Turnip-Rooted Parsley—This vegetable has the same flavor as the regular parsley, but it produces small turnip-shaped roots underground that are used for flavoring soups, etc. Pkt., 7c; 1 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

PUMPKINS

1 Oz. for 25 Hills; 4 Lbs. Per Acre

Pumpkins are easily grown and profitable for stock feeding. At time of corn planting scatter seeds in every fourth or fifth hill, or for a large crop sow in May in good warm soil, in hills eight to ten feet each way; four plants to a hill.



Small Sugar

This variety is smaller than the Large Field, but of finer grain, sweeter and very prolific. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$2.75.

Japanese Pie

A very valuable new pumpkin of Japanese origin. The flesh is very thick, of a rich salmon color, fine grained, dry and sweet. Of medium size, early, very productive and highly desirable for pies or cooking. A Crook-neck variety with curiously marked seeds. Matures in 95 days. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$2.90.

Connecticut Field

A large yellow variety; hard shell; an excellent variety for field culture. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1b., 20c; 1b., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.45.

Mammoth King

The largest variety ever introduced. 100 lb. pumpkins are not unusual and single vines often

pumpkins are not unusual and single vines often produce 4 or 5 large pumpkins.

An enormous yielder, having produced over 100 tons per acre. The flesh is very thick, bright orange color and of fine quality, and in flavor equals squash. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

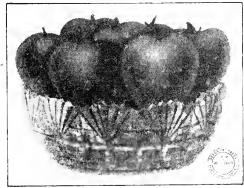
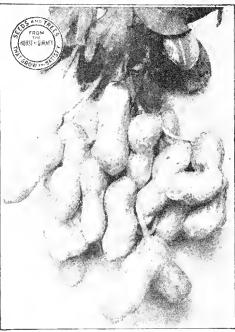


Photo of Potato Seed Balls—One-Half Natural Size It is from these that ALL valuable new varleties of Potatoes are produced.



PEANUTS South Dakota Grown

A few years ago we offered a quantity of South Dakota grown peanuts. It sounded almost wonderful to think that South Dakota was growing them and we find that peanuts are just as easy to grow as potatoes, sometimes a little more so. Down south they let the hogs harvest the peanuts because it is easier to do that than it is to harvest them in any other way. Up here peanuts are grown profitably, and a panful of them set in the oven and baked and eaten ful of them set in the oven and baked and eaten during these long winter evenings is certainly worth while. The variety which we are offering is early enough to grow in any of the northern states, produces an immense yield of excellent nuts. We have enough of the South Dakota grown nuts to supply our customers this season, and believe it to be a profitable crop to grow. A peanut at its best should be planted in a light sandy soil. You can grow peanuts in other soil profitably, hut the light sandy soil produces the prontably, but the light sandy soft produces the greatest crop. With each order for peanuts we will inclose the peanut bulletin that will give you full instructions for planting and care. Per lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., \$1.60; 25 lbs., \$3.50.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, S. Dak.

Dear Sirs:

I am sending you my garden seed order again this year. In spite of it being very dry I raised a good garden. I canned 200 quarts of vegetables, besides 30 gallons of pickles, and sold over \$50.00 worth besides all a family of eight could use.

Yours very truly,

Mrs. F. E. Ewing,

Albion, Neb.

HYBRIDIZED POTATO SEED

From the Seed-Balls-Millions never saw a Potato Seed Ball. Thousands have tried in vain to get the seed. Now is your opportunity. This unrivaled seed will produce an endless variety of new kinds. Your fortune may be in one of them. They are as easy to grow as tomatoes.

Growing new and distinct Seedling Potatoes. Growing new and distinct Seedling Potatoes from the Seed-Ball Seed is intensely interesting. This seed will positively produce innumerable new kinds, colors, shapes, sizes, and qualities. Some may be of immense value and bring you a golden harvest. Every farmer, gardener, and bright boy should plant a few packets. Full directions on every pkt. Pkt., 10c; 2 for 15c; 5 for 35c; 10 for 60c.

PEAS

2 Lbs. Will Plant 100 Feet of Row-120 Lbs. Will Plant One Acre

Culture: Sow the seed of the smooth-seeded varieties as early in the spring as possible. Wrinkled-seeded varieties are most susceptible to cold weather and the seed should not be planted until all danger of frost has passed.

To insure a continuous supply of fresh, sweet peas, make succession sowings every 10 days until June 1. Sow again late in August for a fall crop. Place the rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. apart and cover the see 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. deep.



D. B. Gurney-With a load of Kleckley's Sweet Watermelon

EARLY PEAS Alaska

Or Earliest of All—(52 days to maturity)—A greater acreage of Alaska is planted by canners and market gardeners than any other. It is of unequalled evenness of growth of vine and maturity of pods, which are filled with medium sized bright green peas of excellent quality. Vines medium height, about two to three feet. Pods good size, 2½ to 3½ in. long. Invariably matures its crop at one time which makes it exceptionally valuable for market gardeners and canners. ½ pt., 10c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$2.00; 25 lbs., \$4.50; 50 lbs., \$7.95; 100 lbs., \$14.90.

American Wonder

(55 days to maturity)-One of the earliest Wrinkled Peas in cultivation of the finest quality wrinking reas in cultivation of the finest quality and flavor, and very productive. Its great distinctive feature however, is the compact and dwarf growth, seldom exceeding 10 inches in height. \(\frac{1}{2}\) pt., 12c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$5.00; 50 lbs., \$8.99; 100 lbs., \$16.45.

BIG DAKOTA

See picture on inside front cover

This fine new variety of early peas is going to supplant a good many older types. The vines are dwarf, 15 to 18 in. high, and the deep green pods are often 4½ in. long and are tightly packed with 8 to 10 lnscious peas. By actual count, they contain one more pea to the pod and more pods, to the vine than any other Out. more pods to the vine than any other. Our tests show it to be the earliest dwarf, large podded pea. The peas are of a delicious, melting quality, sweet and tender, ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.40; 25 lbs., \$5.50; 50 lbs., \$9.75; 100 lbs., \$18.60.

Laxtonian

The Top Notch Early Pea This is a pea that just suits me, and I eat some peas during the season. I like them any way they can be served, and the Laxtonian seems to be willing to be served any way, always yielding a bountiful supply. This splendid new pea is of Stratagem type, dark green pod, borne in pairs, larger, longer and more even in size than Thomas Laxton, longer and more even in size than Thomas Laxton, and contains fine deep green peas of excellent flavor. It can be picked ten days earlier than Thomas Laxton. It is in the dwaif class in habit of growth. The vines run about one and one-half feet in height. ½ pt., 13c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$5.10; 50 lbs., \$8.90; 109 lbs., \$16.70.

McLean's Little Gem

Or Premium Gem—(55 days to maturity)—A dwarf, prolific, green, wrinkled marrow; habit similar to the Tom Thumb. It has all the sugary flavor of the late wrinkled pea. The height is 1 foot. 1/3 pt., 12c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$4.95; 50 lbs., \$8.90; 100 lbs., \$16.45.

Thos. Laxton

(57 days to maturity)- Equal in quality to the best of the late wrinkled sorts. Peas are the best of the late wrinkled sorts. Peas are large as Telephone, unsurpassed in quality coming into use early in June, as soon as the small round early sorts. This is certainly the finest Wrinkled Pea yet introduced, coming in with the first earlies, with pods double the size, and contains on the average 7 to 8 very large rouss of the richest flavor. It is a reliable market and contains on the average 7 to 8 very large peas of the richest flavor. It is a reliable market gardener's as well as private gardener's pea, and will undoubtedly, take the same place among earlies as Telephone does among late sorts. 1/2 pt. 12c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$4.95; 50 lbs., \$8.90; 100 lbs., \$16.45. June 19, 1934

The House of Gurney Yankton, S. Dak.

Dear Friends: Ever since receiving the trees, seeds, etc., which I ordered early, I have planned on writing to you, first to thank you for the nice assortment and also the gift specials inclosed which were more than welcome as we are just starting to build up an old place -money is scarce, etc. An old story to you, I'm sure.

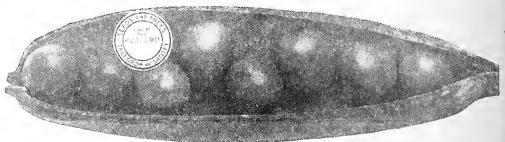
All of my nine Apple trees are alive and seem to be in first-class condition. During the long dry period, we carried water and poured about the base and mulched with coarse manure. Nine of the ten Chinese Elms are growing, besides other shrubbery given us by our generous friends, all is doing well. Now that the bounteous rains have come, we want to share our great joy and gratitude to God for his great blessing to us in friend far and near as well as for a far better season than we were beginning to feel was ours this

Thanking you for your splendid and generous dealings and wishing you great success in strength and courage as well, I am Sincerely yours,

Mrs. J. G. Richards,
Sturgis, S. Dak

Improved Telephone

(70 days to maturity)—This is without excep-tion the largest podded pea in existence. It is a heavy cropper and of fine quality; the pods are well filled with peas of the largest size, tender, and retain their sweetness well. Undoubtedly one of the best of tall-growing late peas. 1/2, 11b., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$4.95; 50 lbs., \$8.90; 100 lbs., \$16.45.



SECOND EARLY AND LATE VARIETIES

Bliss Everbearing

(/U days to maturity)—One of the oldest varieties. Introduced by Mr. Biss nearly 45 years ago. Height of the vine 24 to 30 inches, vigorous and branching in habit. Many stalks grown from a single root, pods will average 3 inches in length, broad, blunt, light green in color. Dried peas are large, clean and wrinkled. ½ pt., 12c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$4.99; 50 lbs., \$8.90; 100 lbs., \$16.45. (70 days to maturity)-One of the oldest

Edible Podded Peas

Dwarf Gray Sugar-(57 days to maturity)-Vines grow to be almost 15 inches in height, with purplish blossoms. These peas are not to be shelled, but cook pods and all like string beans. Time vegetable should be grown by all and will never be left out of the garden after one trial. 1/3 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.35; 25 lbs., \$5.25; 50 lbs., \$9.25 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Gurney's Yankton Main Crop

65 Days to Maturity The Yankton Main Crop is one of the most luxuriant of the semi-dwarf peas, attaining a

luxuriant of the semi-dwart peas, attaining a height of about two feet, not tall enough to make it necessary to stake or brush them.

This has become one of the standard medium early peas all over the Northwest. It is the one variety that can be planted and almost insures yourselves all of the green peas you can use during their season. They produce very large pods six to nice peas excellent quality and pods, six to nine peas, excellent quality, and yield heavily.

We sent this pea out the last six seasons as one of our specialties and it has more than redeemed itself. We counted pods on our trial grounds containing twelve large peas, and there were none of better quality. The leaves are very large and leathery; the vines grow about two feet high and are remarkably productive. As one of our lady customers wrote us, "I have never been able to grow peas enough for the family before, but this year with your Yankton Main Crop, we have had a great many more than we could use." 1/2 pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20; 25 lbs., \$5.19; 50 lbs., \$8.90; 100 lbs., \$16.70. We sent this pea out the last six seasons as

PEPPERS 1 Oz. for 1000 Plants



California Wonder

Thickness of flesh alone, which is often % of an inch, places this sweet pepper above all others. It is crisp and juicy, too, without a trace of pungency. Vigorous growing plants bear a heavy yield of blocky fruits that become as much as 5 inches long and 4 inches wide. They are unusually good for serving whole. It is a splendid new variety, which has proved valuable to both market growers and home gardeners. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.20; ½ lb., \$2.10; 1 lb., \$3.95.

Neapolitan

Earliest and Best for the North—This is the earliest of the large, mild red Peppers and very productive. The plant grows about two feet high and is completely laden with fine Peppers about and is completely lauen with the Peppers about four inches long. Flesh is very thick and exceedingly mild. Color of fruit brilliant red. Ripe fruits in 125 days. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 95c; lb., \$2.75.

Pimento

The sweetest Pepper grown, as it does not contain the slightest trace of fieriness. The plants are productive and Peppers medium size and of a shape which is desirable for filling, and and of a shape which is desirable for filling, and when prepared in this manner they are delicious. They may also be used in preparing salads and for flavoring. When fully ripe the Peppers are a brilliant red color and very attractive, being heart-shaped. Matures late. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; ¼ ib., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

Harris Early Giant

The largest sweet pepper that can be grown in the North. We have never been able to supply a large sweet pepper that would yield mature and a large sweet pepper that would yield industrial produce sufficient large peppers to be satisfactory for the grower in the North. Older varieties of peppers are satisfactory only in the South. Harris Early Giant is not only very large, but the plants produce enormous yields, and mature earlier than any other variety. Plants of strong, vigorous growth, often 18 inches tall and covered from top to bottom with enormous peppers, seldom taking more than 45 to 50 to fill a bushel crate. Color dark green, turning to a bright red. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 90c; 1 lb., \$3.10.

Long Red Cayenne

The true Cayenne, hot and pungent. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 90c.

RADISHES

1 Oz. for 150 Feet of Row; 4 Lbs. Seed per Acre

FOR a successive supply sow from the middle of March until September, at intervals of two or three weeks. For an early supply they may be sown in a hotbed in February, care being taken to give plenty of ventilation, otherwise they will run to leaves.

Gurney's All-Seasons Radish

See colored picture on inside front cover

This new radish is a great acquisition to the list of radishes. It can be planted very early and can be used as soon as it is large enough, but will continue to grow if left in the ground until it is as large as an ordinary turnip and does not become pithy or strong. It is one of the best money makers for the market gardeners on account of its long season and its immense size. Can be sliced and eaten with vinegar. Color is bright scarlet, globe in shape, and exceptionally fine radish in bunches. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; 11b., 90c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

French Breakfast

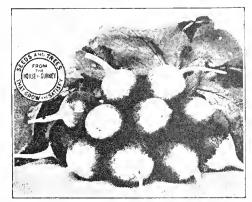
Excellent home and market garden sort; also suitable for forcing. Tops small. Roots oblong, blunt, with slender well defined tap 100t; about 1½ inches long and ¾ inch through; rich scarlet with white bottom; flesh white, crisp, and of splendid quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; {4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Crimson Giant

A remarkable feature of this Radish is that it radishes and will remain solid and seven inches in circumference, weighing about ten ounces, and will remain solid and fulfill and seven inches in circumference, weighing about ten ounces, and will remain solid and fulfill and the seven at the seven and the seven are seven as the seven juicy. Shape is round to oval and very attractive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c;

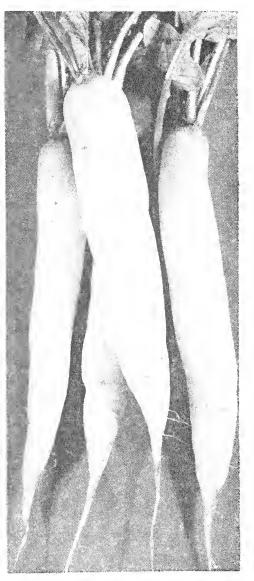
Long, Brightest Scarlet, White Tipped

This is a new variety, resembling the Early Long Scarlet in shape and size, is very early, being ready for use twenty-five days after sowing. Very handsome, being of the brightest scarlet, tipped with white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.25.



Scarlet Turnip—White Tipped

We consider this one of the most desirable radishes to grow, Color; deep scarlet with a distinct white tip covering at least one-third of the lower diameter of the root. It matures under favorable conditions in about twenty-five days and will hold longer than the other turnip or globe shaped radishes before becoming pitliy. The maximum size before becoming over-ripe is about one and one-fourth inches in diameter. Its shape is nearly round, being only slightly flattened on the under side. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.25.



White Icicle

This Radish is undoubtedly the finest white Radish grown. It is very slender, pure white in color and the tenderest of the long Radishes. It is very early, as early as the Long Red. Compared with the Lady Finger, it is earlier and more tender, but not so large. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ 1b., 25c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.25.

Early Scarlet Globe

In offering this Scarlet Globe Radish to the In onering this Scarlet Globe Radish to the public we know we are offering the very best radish on the market. It is earlier than any other market variety, and the quality is so crisp and sweet that it always creates a demand for more. It is especially valuable for early planting in hotbed outdoor planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 14, 1b., 25c; 1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$) 40 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.40.

When ordering radish seed get enough to make several plantings. sown as late as Sept. 1st. They may be

Winter RADISHES

This is a much neglected vegetable and for the same reason that you neglect the Turnip and Rutabagas. When you are making your order for vegetables you pass the Winter Radish as you will not be ready for it before June or July. It costs only a few cents and yields abundant re-turns. Take them up in the fall and store in your house, or cellar, same as other vegetables, and you will have fresh crisp radishes nearly all winter.

Chinese Rose, or Scarlet China—Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c.

Long Black Spanish Winter-Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c.

Mammoth Japanese Winter Radishes

These monstrous Japanese winter radishes were considered a novelty some time ago, but they are becoming just as staple a winter veg-etable as potatoes, carrots of beets. These radishes produce wonderful specimens, some of them will measure as much as four or five feet long, and retain the size as well from top to bottom. Some of the other varieties are globe shaped and grow as large as the largest turnip. We have grown these in the trial ground for regular winter use for a number of years, and we have never found any of them but what were crisp and juicy. They will keep perfectly until spring.

Sakurajlma-Giant Globe. Pkt., 8c; oz., 20c; ¼ 1b., 45c.

Toklnashi-Giant Long. Pkt., 8c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 45c.



Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify

SALSIFY OR **OYSTER** PLANT

Sow early the springindrills 14 inches apart. Cultivate same as Carrots or Parsnips. Gather what may be wanted for the winter and let the balance stand in the ground for the next spring's

Mammoth Sandwich Island-A new and large variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 17c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.65.

SUN-**FLOWER**

Mammoth Russianplant produces very large heads which measure 12 to 20 inches in

diameter, and contain an immense quantity of large striped seeds, which are highly valued as an excellent and cheap food for fowls. They eat it greedily, thrive well, and lay the greater number of eggs.

Increased importance of the growing of sunflower seed is foreshadowed in the increased growth of the plant for forage purposes. Sunflowers as a silage crop are said to have been found to be of higher food value than corn.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.30; 25 lbs., \$2.75; 50 lbs., \$4.90; 100 lbs., \$8.85.

SPINACH

To stay young and healthy, eat plenty of greens. Spinach, lettuce, parsley and beet greens contain minerals and vitamins your body needs. They are found in no other food.

This is one of the most important of our market garden crops, and one that requires very little care. For summer use sow at intervals of two or three weeks from April to August, and for early spring crop sow in September, covering it in exposed places with straw to protect it from severe frost.

Long Standing Bloomsdale

The leaves are thick, fleshy and crumply, equal to the Bloomsdale Curled Savoy-Leaved, and standing at least two weeks longer than any other variety without running to seed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c.

New Zealand

The stems and leaves are soft, thick, fleshy and crystalline in apearance. When started and crystalline in apearance When started early in the spring, the plants will resist heat and make strong growth during the summer. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1/2 lb., 40c; 1 lb., 70c.

Mustard Spinach or Tendergreen

The new vegetable is all its name implies, a very mild Mustard with a creamy Spinach flavor. In 1930, in the neighborhood of New York City, plantings were made every two weeks throughout the entire summer, including the dry hot months of July and August. Not a single planting failed; a continuous supply of fine greens was available. Many who tasted it proclaimed it better than Spinach.

Mustard Spinach may be harvested when the plants are four to five inches high; packed in handy retail bundles, and with a proper introduction will sell well in any market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c.

RHUBARB OR PIEPLANT

How many farmers and city people are supplied with this delicious fruit? It is easily grown and produces abundantly. It comes the first of anything in the spring, just when you want it. It will grow any old place and will thrive there for years, but the better place, care and cultivation given it the better returns. It is as easily grown from seed as from the roots; and you get a nice cutting the second season. Try at least a package of these seeds. Early, large and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb.,



King of Denmark

This new spinach will surely replace all other varieties for spring planting. Produces but little seed, slow to commence seeding, continues to grow and hold its fine quality long after other varieties have seeded and become useless. It withstands the hot sun and extreme dry weather better than any other variety. A fine strain for canning. Forms low, large, compact tufts, leaves broad and round slightly crumpled. A glossy, dark green color, ready to use earlier than any other spinach. Matures in 45 days. Pkt., 6c; oz., 12c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1/2 lb., 40c; 1 lb., 70c.

ROSELLE or Currant Jelly Plant

An Annual Plant, Which Uses Only One-Half the Amount of Sugar.

Roselle makes a bright red jelly, that both looks and tastes like current and would take an expert to tell the difference.

Roselle Seed should be sown in April in the field where the plants are to remain in rows six feet apart and thinned to two feet in the row, The plants grow rapidly and thrive anywhere in the United States. Cooking directions on every package. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb.,

EVERGREEN AND TREE SEEDS

If requested a bulletin on tree seed will be sent free with your order.

Ash—This is the hardwood tree of the North and is readily grown from seed. Oz., 10c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 60c.

Caragana, or Siberlan Pea Tree-A very hardy hedge or low growing tree from Siberia. Foliage dark green, while the bark is light green or silvery in color, making a very ornamental hedge plant. Oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; l lb., \$1.95.

Catalpa Speciosa, or Hardy Northern Catalpa—This is the only Catalpa that is of any value in the North. These do well in any part of lowa, South Dakota, or any place south of this latitude. Pkt., 7c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., 75c;

Black Locust-A native American tree of large size and rapid growth. Flowers in long white racemes, very fragrant, valuable for timber and is being largely planted for timber, posts, etc. Oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.30.

Russian Mulberry-This well-known hedge, shade and fruit tree grows readily from seed. Often grows to a height of 4 feet the first year. Our seed of this is grown here at Yankton. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.95.

Honey Locust-This is one of the most rapid growing and most beautiful of all of the northern shade and timber trees. In the spring it is covered with long racemes of pure white, very

fragrant flowers. Oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.05.

Hackberry-One of the finest trees for all See description nursery urposes. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$2.10.

Red Cedar—This grows as readily from seed as does the Bull Pine. Very desirable for shelter or fence posts. Grows rapidly. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; 1 lb., \$1.90.

Black Hills Spruce-One of the best ornamental Evergreens grown; resembles the Norway Spruce. Grows much broader and heavier. This variety only seeds once in several years, consequently seed is very scarce and high priced. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.55.

Jack Pine—A estandard rough, rapid cold weather tree. Absolutely hardy; a wonderful windbreak and easily grown. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Colorado Blue Spruce—A rare, elegant tree, with foliage of a rich blue. One of the most distinct and striking of all the Spruce family. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.55.

Bull Pine (Ponderosa)-This is the most easily grown from seed of any Evergreen. One of the most rapid growing, hardy and best trees for windbreak. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 70c;

SOUASH

Plant 1 Oz. for 20 Hills; 31/4 Lbs. per Acre

TNFORTUNATELY this vegetable is greatly neglected by the majority of farmers, as it adds greatly to the winter vegetables. It is easily grown, yields abundantly and is a most satisfactory vegetable.

Many stock growers plant an acre or more of the summer Squash. It yields immensely and makes an excellent summer and fall feed for milch cows.

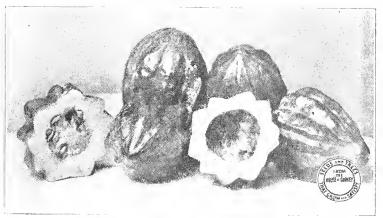


Don Gurney with a Buttercup Squash

For years I have said Table Queen was the best individual squash grown, and I still believe that is so. But if you want a squash just the right size for two people, Professor Yeager's New Buttercup squash is the one to plant. I believe the Buttercup squash is the best quality of any squash on the market today.—Don Gurney.

Buttercup

A cross between Essex Hybrid and Quality developed by Professor A. F. Yeager of the North Dakota Experiment Station. The squashes weigh between 3 and 5 pounds with thm, tough green skin. There is no fibrous section and the deep, rich orange flesh is untinged with green. It is a good keeper with less waste and shrinkage in



Gurney's Table Queen Squash

cooking than any other squash we have tried. The flavor is pleasant and very like that of a sweet potato, very sweet; the texture smooth and comparatively dry. This is the best squash we have ever tasted. Pkt., 8c; oz., 25c; '4 lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.65.

Delicious

It has been out now years enough so that we can honestly say that it is better than any other winter squash as far as quality is concerned. It is not so large as the Hubbard, will not yield as many pounds per acre, will keep equally as good, but that one point, exquisite quality, entitles it to a place in the garden or on the farm of every person.

This squash weighs about eight to ten pounds; the color almost uniformly of a green shade. When baked it will separate from the shell of its own weight. Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; ¹4 lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.15; 5 lbs., \$4.85.

Giant Bush Summer Crookneck

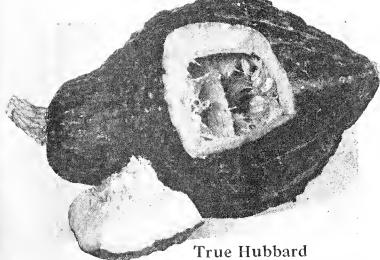
Largest of the Golden Crooknecks. 55 days
One of the best of the summer squashes. It is of dwarf, bushy habit and very productive, maturing in 55 days. The skin is yellow. Flesh deep golden yellow, tender, dry and of agreeable flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 18c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.90.

Gurney's Table Queen

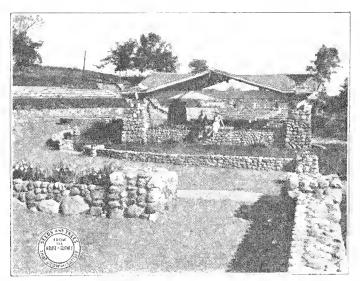
For many years it was quite an event to have squash on the table, and I wonder if you really know the reason why. Not because it was hard to prepare but because it was hard to get enough people at one table to eat one squash. Gurney's Table Queen Squash is an individual squash, equally as good quality as any other, and just enough for one person. I have seen as high as 200 squash on one vine; they are dark green in color, and are more or less pear shaped approximately 5 inches in diameter and 7 or 8 inches long. The flesh is of golden yellow, and the squash is an excellent keeper. A few vines of this Table Queen Squash will furnish enough squash for the entire family for the whole winter. Pkt., 6c; oz., 13c; ½ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.25.

Banana

Thick fleshed, fine grained and sweet. This is the heaviest yielding of all squashes, producing 8 to 10 squash on a vine, which often grow 3 feet long and 6 to 8 inches in diameter. It has a tough shell which is grayish green in color. The beautiful, orange-yellow flesh is firm and solid, always free from fiber and stringiness. It cooks smooth and has a delicious sweet flavor. The fruits are shaped like bananas. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.



This is the well known winter squash of which a larger acreage is produced than any other variety, and the best known of all squash. Fruit large, olive shaped, with skin varying from light to very dark green. Skin more or less warted, hard. Flesh, rich yellow. A good shipper and keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.15; 5 lbs., \$4.85.



When in Yankton Vislt Our Famous Outdoor Theater and Band Stand

TURNIPS AND RUTABAGA OR SWEDES

1 Oz. for 150 Feet of row; 1 Lb. per Acre

TURNIPS

Along in June each year we receive numerous orders for these Seeds that should have been sent with early orders. Nearly everybody fails to include Turnip and Rutabaga Seed with the regular order on account of their not being wanted until late in the summer. The result is when ready to plant you do not have the seed, so go without. Include all you are going to need with your first order; you are then sure of having plenty of good seed when planting time comes. I am going to make this little personal appeal to the fellows in the extreme North. Montana North Dakota, Northern Minnesota, Northern Wisconsin, in fact, all of that strip of territory across the northern part of the United States where root crops, such as rutabagas, turnips,

across the northern part of the United States where root crops, such as rutabagas, turnips, carrots, etc., grow to perfection, where you can produce a greater yield than in any other section of the United States, where they will outyield the potato crop, and where they will bring equally as much money if you grow them in quantities as your best acre of potatoes.

For feeding stock in Fall or Winter there is nothing superior to Turnips or Rutabagas, as they are much liked by all kinds of stock and serve to keep them in good condition. We cannot too earnestly recommend farmers to in-

not too earnestly recommend farmers to increase their sowings largely, for we are sure the crop will prove remunerative.

Purple or Red Top Strap Leaf

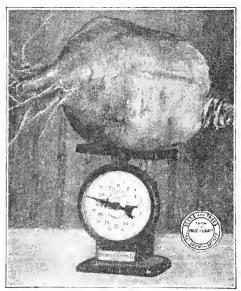
Flat; fine flavor and one of the most popular varieties grown, and when sown late it is one of our best varieties, an excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 55c; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

Extra Early White Milan

Extra early turnip, in which the extreme earliness, small top and tap root of the Purple Top Milan are united with the clear, white skin and flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 60c;



Prize Winners Ponderosa tomatoes raised by Mrs. G. F. Milner, Atkinson, Nebr.



Russian Rutabaga

Gurney's Purple Top White Globe Turnip

This is an all-season Turnip; is sweet from the time it is large enough to use until the following

spring; size above medium.

This new English Turnip was recommended to us by one of the largest turnip specialists as the best ever originated. Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; 4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.50.

Purple Top Yellow Rutabaga

Best variety of Swedish turnip in cultivation. Hardy and productive; flesh yellow, of solid texture, sweet and well flavored; shape slightly oblong; terminates abruptly with no side or bottom roots; color deep purple above, and bright yellow under the ground; leaves small, light green, with little or no neck; the most perfect in form, the richest in flavor, and the best in every Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.15.

RUTABAGAS Krasnoselski Russian

On our trial grounds for past three seasons this gave the best satisfaction and produced the largest yield of any of the rutabagas. This made an extra large percentage of good-sized rutabagas, bright in color and of excellent quality for table use. This will take the place of older varieties on account of the increased yield and quality of the fruit. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1 lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$2.75.

New Tobacco, Tom Sutton

Grow Them-Smokes for yourself on your own farm.

Not being an expert on tobacco myself, I will Not being an expert on tobacco myself, I will have to give you the originator's description, and the experience of the boys around here who use tobacco. This tobacco originated in Minnesota, is extremely early, yields wonderfully, and if I am to believe the fellows who use it, it is of remarkably fine quality. The originator says of it: "I feel that I have perfected as nearly a confect tobacco for the part buyers are in the perfected. perfect tobacco for the northwest as it is possible to grow. It is unequaled as a pipe and cigar tobacco. My crop was all right to cut before frost this year. Stock four to six feet high, with as many as 24 large leaves on a stalk. Pkt., 6c; ½ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 40c; ½ lb., \$1.00.

TOMATOES

NE PKT, to 100 feet of row—½ pound to the acre. It is not how cheap we can furnish you Tomato Seed, but how good. In buying Tomato Seed from us you are getting the Gurney Tomato Seed, but how good. In buying Tomato Seed from us you are getting the Gurney Quality, which means the very best product.

There are no better strains of any of the varieties that we are offering, and the constantly increasing demand for Gurney Tomato Seed proves that we are furnishing seed that produces the best quality,

YELLOW HUSK OR GROUND CHERRY

smoothest and best shipping of any.

This is of the dwarf growing type, earlier and more suitable to the northern states than the tall spreading variety. Fruit about the size of the common cherry, bright yellow, enclosed in a loose husk. Bears abundantly and is most excellent for sauce and preserves. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 20c; 1 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25.

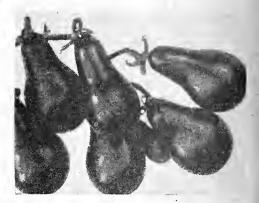
Purple Husk Tomato-Plants strong and of spreading habit. Immensely productive. Fruit about ¾ inch through. Borne in a tight fitting husk. Fruit when mature nearly purple. Very excellent for preserves. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 40c.

Golden Queen

"Queen of All the Yellows."—It is very prolific, ripens early, and is solid, always smooth, entirely free from ridges, large in size and delicious in flavor. It is fine for slicing. Price: Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 35c; ½ ib., \$1.05.

GARDEN HUCKLEBERRY

wonderfully productive plant, producing literally ropes of jet black fruit along its branches from the ground to its tips, plants grow about four feet tall, fruit matures about with ordinary tomatoes, size about that of the cranberry and are delicious for preserves or pies. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 45c.



Yellow Pear

Fruit bright yellow, distinctly pear-shaped; of rich flavor and used largely for preserving. The stock we offer is the true pear-shaped, not the large yellow plum often sold for it. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 35c; ½ lb., \$1.10.

Red Pear

A bright red fruit identical in shape with the Yellow Pear shaped tomato; however, it has a distinct flavor and a rich red color and is a special favorite for preserves and to make what is known as Tomato Figs. Pkt., 8c; ½ 0z., 25c; 1 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.

TOMATOES—(Continued)

Earlibell Tomato Selection

See eolored picture on inside front cover

We are still waiting for someone to prove to us that they have or ean produce an earlier tomato than the Earlibell. I received a letter from one of our Texas customers one day, ordering six pounds of this Earlibell seed. He told me that he can get 25 per cent more fruit to the acre and ten days earlier than any other tomato grown in the market garden section of Texas. This ten days means sometimes several cents per pound additional for their big erop. In the North it means ten days more of tomato season, freedom from frosts, etc. It means that we can produce tomatoes further north and at higher altitudes than ever before. We grow in the Trial Ground, practically every variety of claimed early tomatoes. The method adopted is as follows:

On the first day of June we plant in the open ground the seed of all of the varieties and as they grow make records of the growth, the time of blooming and the first ripe tomatoes. The Earlibell is always just five days ahead of the next earliest, and running about as much as twenty days earlier than a number of varieties that are elaimed to be extra early. The Earlibell is not only earlier but it produces greater quantities of fruit with enough foliage to keep them free from sunburn, seldom rots, generally good-sized, smooth and of a bright red color that makes it very desirable for market as well as for the home table. Try it. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.10; 5 lbs., \$14.00.

Gurney's New Dwarf Giant Tomato

The largest purple dwarf tree tomato. (Purple crimson.) Dwarf Giant is the largest fruited

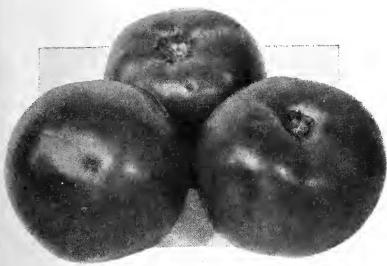
of all dwarf tomatoes; the fruits are truly gigantic in size, and are uniformly large throughout the season. The color is a rich purple crimson, and the depth of color is maintained throughout the entire fruit. Dwarf Giant is of uniformly compact and bush-like growth. Growing 2 feet high and well branched, are very strong and vigorous. The thick stalks carry well the tremendous weight of fruits, which are produced in clusters of 4 to 6, and weigh 10 to 20 ounces each. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.30; 1 lb., \$4.60.

Red River Special

Claimed by some to be as early as the Earlibell. Our tests show them to mature at approximately the same time. Anyway, it is one of the earliest tomatoes and has proven one of the hardiest, very solid and meaty. The Canadian experiment station at Morden, Manitoba, proved it to be the heaviest yielder out of 49 varieties. The Minnesota experiment station, and the New York station, reported it as the best early variety. It is a cross between one of the older varieties and one of Professor Yeager's newer varieties. Fruit is small medium size, bright searlet color meat, and slightly flat. Package 6c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.10.

New Stone

The tomato for a main crop. Choicest seed. We call this the king of the Livingstone kinds, which are the best types of large, smooth, solid "beefy" tomatoes. If asked to select one main erop, market sort, we advise this. Color, fine scarlet; stem set high, core small and shallow, so that but little is lost when it is taken out of the fruit before slicing. If in doubt, buy the New Stone. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; 1 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 65e; 1 lb., \$1.70; 5 lbs., \$7.00.



New Bison Tomato

Bison, the Tomato for Northern Gardens

The best early tomato yet developed by Professor A. F. Yeager. In place of wasting its vitality in continuous branching, as do practically all other tomatoes, Bison grows a compact plant and puts all its energies into producing and ripening a heavy and extra early crop of smooth, solid, meaty, medium sized red tomatoes. In 1930 Professor Yeager had a plant in his plot that produced 40 pounds of ripe fruit. Do not prune Bison plants. We believe this is the best thing that Professor Yeager has developed to date and that is saying a lot.

Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., \$1.35; 1 lb., \$4.75.

John Baer

Extra early red. Not quite so early as Earliana, though there is only a few days' difference, John Baer yields a much heavier crop of larger, more uniform and more attractive fruits. Most profitable extra early sort. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$2.45.

Marglobe Tomato

Marglobe is a second-early, red-fruited variety equally suitable for trucking or canning. It is as early as Bonny Best and

produces large, smooth, meaty, globular, red fruits, which ripen uniformly and are relatively free from cracks. It attracted much favorable comment in commercial trials in the Miami-Homestead section of Florida last winter because of its freedom from nailhead rust and puffiness and the production of from 20 to 50 per cent more fruit than Globe, the variety commonly used there. The Marglobe fruits are very meaty and though early, ripen slowly, and therefore ship and keep well. Owing to their shape, solidity, color, and uniform ripening qualities, they make a splendid canned product and first-class pulp. The vines set fruit freely even to the ends of the branches, and where growth conditions are favorable produce a heavy crop of fruit. Large yields of excellent fruit have been reported from nearly every region where this variety has been tried. Pkt., 6c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.25; 5 lbs., \$10.25.



Scarlet Topper or Pritchard

An extra-early, large, smooth, and extremely solid Tomato of an intense scarlet color. Most productive and very attractive. Of a solidity that is truly remarkable, with very small seed pockets and no core. Its productiveness, particularly on rich soil, is amazing and individual plants will bear 70 to 80 fruits each. It will yield 15 tons and more per acre. Pkt., 6c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$2.25; 5 lbs., \$10.25.

Ponderosa

(Or Beefsteak)—This is the largest of the tomatoes. Often producing fruit weighing two pounds or more. Very bright red, generally smooth, fine vigorous growers, producing large crops of this immense fruit; quality, very good. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 40c; ½ lb., \$1.30; 1 lb., \$4.60.

Earliana

The earliest, large, smooth red tomato. This tomato is not only remarkable for its earliness, but for its very large size, handsome shape and bright red color. Its solidity and fine quality are quite equal to the best medium, and late sorts. Enormously prolific. The very finest for the northern market and luome garden. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.10; 5 lbs., \$9.25.

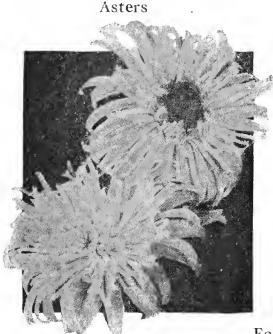
Giant Canner

The true stock of this variety outyields any other tomato, and on account of its solid meat and small seed cavity we call it the best for home or factory canning.

Fruit very smooth, firm, solid meat and one of the best for shipping, colors up well while firm and before thoroughly ripe. This makes it extra desirable as shipping tomato. On account of its immense size and its smooth shape it always commands the highest price. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 45c; ½ 1b., \$1.30; 1 lb., \$4.60.

ANNUAL FLOWER SEEDS

NON-WARRANTY—The House of Gurney, Inc., does not give any warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of secds, bulbs or plants which it sends out, and will not be in any way held responsible for the crop.



Dakota Sunshine

We offer this wonderful new aster as the best aster novelty ever introduced.

The color in these new asters is startlingly beautiful. A full ring of tubular petals surround the center, creating an airy, lace-like effect which is altogether charming. In color the flowers may be described as varying shades of Enchantress-pink, Apple-blossom, Deep-rose, Blue and Lavenpink, Apple-Hossom, Deep-rose, Bute and Lavender, but the disc, sometimes light yellow, sometimes blue, brings additional variety in tint. We feel confident this glorious new strain will be acclaimed a distinct acquisition to modern floriculture. Pkt., 15c; 2 for 25c.

Queen of the Market

The earliest of all except Hohenzollern. Grows about nine inches high; very branching; fine double flowers are produced on long stems, making it valuable for cutting. Pkt., 5c; 4 oz., 15c; 1 oz., 50c.

Extra Early Hohenzollern

The earliest grown, earlier than Queen of the Market. Height about twelve inches, branching and free flowering. Flowers measure about two and one-half inches. Colors: Dark blue, white and pink. This variety will add several weeks to the season. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 65c;

Crego's Giant Aster

With their long twisted curved petals they resemble the choicest of Japanese Chrysanthem ums; flowers measuring five inches in diameter; borne on long, strong stems, making them suitable for cut flower purposes

Crego's Glant White. Pkt., 10c; 3 for 25c. Crego's Glant Mixed. Pkt., 7c; 1/4 oz. 15c. 1 oz., 55c.

Gurney's Peerless Yellow

At last a Yellow Aster. It has been difficult to get a good yellow Aster. It can be described as of American Branching habit, height about two feet, flowers of good size and form, petals slightly incurved.

The color is a deep yellow. Pkt., 13c.

Flowers from seed are usually known as Annuals, Biennials and Perennials.

Annuals bloom and ripen seed the first year and then perish.

Biennials blessom the year after planting seed only.

Perennials continue to several years in succession. Many of them bloom the first year if sown early.

Hardy Annuals, Biennials and Perennials may be sown in the open early in the spring. Blooming period may be extended by picking the flowers as they begin to lade.

Aster Collection
1 Pkt. Dakota Sunshine 15c
1 Pkt. Giant of California
Double Mixed 8c
1 Pkt. Heart of France 18c
1 Pkt. Super Giant Los Angeles. 15c
1 Pkt. Extra Early Hohen-
zollern5c TOTAL53c
1 Pkt. each of the above 5 Asters
only 40c.

Early American Beauty Aster

The last several years we have been offering the regular American Beauty which is an immense Aster, beautiful color, resembling the famous American Beauty rose as to size and color. The regular American Beauty is midseason or later, while this new Early American Beauty blooms with the Queen of the Market. For continuous bloom of this immense Aster, you should plant both the regular and the Early American Beauties. Mixed colors. Pkt., 8c; 2 pkts., 15c. 2 pkts., 15c.

Giant of California Double Mixed

See Colored Picture Inside Back Cover

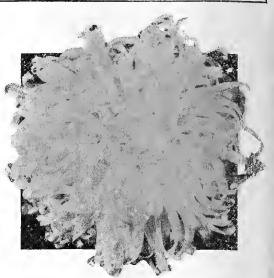
We have had this strain under observation and it now fully meets with our ideas as to quality. It is a splendid mid-season flowering strain, the result of years of painstaking selection by one of California's leading hybridizers. They grow 3½ feet high with long strong stems 18 to 24 inches in length, bearing beautifully formed, curled and interlaced flowers 5 inches and over across. Finest Double Mixed. Containing all colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 90c.

Giant of California Single Mixed

This wonderful Aster was developed out of the California Giant. Double type. The flowers are large, measuring three to four inches across, with stems 18 to 24 inches in length. The petal has a slight twist, which adds a piquant touch to its beauty. The white blossoms resemble Shasta Daisies in appearance, but their greater length of stem makes them more graceful and better adapted to florists' use. We believe this new, single type of Aster is destined to become very popular. Pkt., 8c; 2 pkts., 15c.

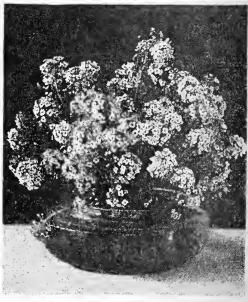
Heart of France

The best pure red aster ever produced. Opens red as the purest ruby, deepens with age and retains its remarkable beauty to the very end. The flowers are large and full. The plants are of branching type and very robust habit. Stems are long and strong. The plants begin to bloom quite early in the season. Pkt., 10c; 3 for 25c.



Aster Super Giant Los Angeles All American Selections 1934

This is the largest and most fully double Aster known. The flowers are from six to eight inches across, full petaled and artistically graceful in the feathery effect of the interlacing ostrich feather type petals. The color is a lovely soft shell pink, blending to a creamy pink at the center. The plants reach a height of $2\frac{1}{2}-3$ ft. For those who want the finest Aster yet developed, we heartily recommend Los Angeles. Pkt., 15c.

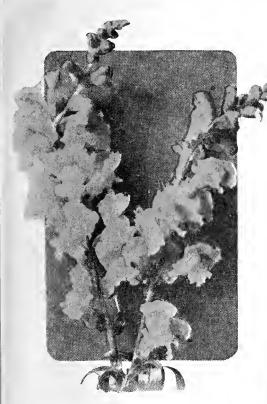


Little Gem Alyssum

Alyssum

Little Gem (Carpet of Snow)-New, very dwarf, blooming profusely. A solid mass of white all Summer. Splendid for edging. Try it this year and you will always plant. Little Gem. Plants 3 to 4 inches high; Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Lilac Queen—The plants are of dwarf, compact, upright growth, 4 to 5 in. tall. The flower clusters are composed of small, rich lilac florets which become lighter as they age. Pkt., 6c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 30c.



Antirrhinum, Snap-Dragon

An old favorite border plant, which has been An old favorite border plant, which has been greatly improved, with dark and glossy leaves and large, curiously-shaped flowers, with finely marked throats. They bloom the first season from seed sown in the spring, but the blossoms will be much stronger the second year.

Dwarf Mixed Antirrhinum

This giant-flowering type brings us flowers as large and beautiful as those represented in the Giants. The plants, however, are not as tall, and are wonderful for borders, beds, and cutting. They form well-rounded, symmetrical bushes which bloom profusely from July until August, bearing an abundance of stocky flower-spikes 1 ft. tall. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Giant Flowered Mixed

A tall growing type, 3 feet in height, with long spikes set with large flowers in many bright colors. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 20c.

Giant Flowered Purple King

This is the forerunner of a race of new and distinct Snap-Dragons. Flowers more than twice the size of the ordinary Antirrhinum. Do not fail to include it in your order. Pkt., 10c; 3 for 25c.

Ageratum

As an addition to the flower garden's blue, the Ageratum is a valuable flower. The dwarf sort being particularly desirable for borders, edgings, etc., being very compact and erect. Half-hardy perennial.

Little Dorrit Yellow

A new yellow Ageratum for borders. A new yellow Ageratum for borders. There are many good white and blue border and rock garden plants, but very few good yellows. This new compact round plant grows 6 to 8 inches tall and is completely hidden by a mass of bright golden yellow flowers. Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Little Blue Star

variety of exceedingly dwarf and even growth; the tiny bushes, not over 4 to 5 inches high, are densely covered with bright blue flowers, a fine variety for edging. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 25c.

Balsam or Lady Slipper

Magnificent plants for garden culture. Tender annuals.

Camelia Flowered—The largest flowered of any of the Balsams and perfectly doubled. The individual flowers frequently measure 21/2 inches across, the plants forming symmetrical, well branched erect bushes, the branches being almost covered with the magnificent double flowers. In color they vary from the brightest scarlet to pure white, including spotted violet, royal purple and many others.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Browallia (Amethyst)

Speciosa Major—A beautiful large-flowering variety of the most brilliant ultramarine blue, a rare color; does finely outside in the border, or in hanging-baskets or vases, but is especially valuable as a pot plant for winter and early spring flowering. Pkt., 5c, ¼ oz., 20c.

Chinese Woolflower

Represents a wonderful addition to the class of Celosias. The name Woolflower has been given to the plant because the flower-heads resemble a large loose ball of wool. Borne on long stems and practically cover the plant during the blooming season, which lasts from mid-summer



Erma Haley with a vase of Crimson Chinese Woolflower. Miss Haley is in charge of the Flower Seed Department at Gurney's

until frost. Even a short row of them will yield

until frost. Even a short row of them will yield a continuous supply of blooms for cutting. Chinese Woolflower, Mixed—This mixture has been prepared very carefully to include the proper proportion of the two separate colors listed above. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c.

Chinese Wool Flower Crimson—A magnificent variety with large flower-heads borne from mid-summer until frost. The color is a rich and intense shade of bright crimson. Pkt.; 8c; 2 for 15c.

Celosia or Cockscomb

Glant Crlmson Empress Maxima-Dwarf plants bearing mammoth bright cockscomb and bronze foliage, making it one of the most attractive of all the Cockscombs. Pkt., 10c.

Dwarf Cockscomb (Cristata Nana)—Low growing plants with showy combs. Choice mixed. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 25c.

Ostrich Feather (Celosia Plumosa)—A beautiful feathered. Celosia producing large bright.

tiful feathered Celosia, producing large bright crimson and orange plumes. Mixed. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 25c.



Gurney's Selected Calendula

Calendula Chrysantha All American Selections 1934

Chrysantha is distinct in type, a new break in Calendulas which is outstanding among all varieties known up to the present time. The large double flowers are an exquisite shade of clear buttercup yellow, with long loosely arclear buttercup yellow, with long loosely arranged petals which droop somewhat to give the rounded appearance of a Chrysanthemum. Besides adding a bright golden splash of color to the garden, Chrysantha is remarkable for its long stiff stems, making it ideal for cutting. The fact that it won one of the coveted Gold Medals in the All American Selections competitions this received in the high extens in which it is hald. year indicates the high esteem in which it is held by the horticulturists of the country. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

Radlo-This novel development of form in Calendulas has been received with much favor. The flowers are hemispherical in shape with bristling quilled petals which add materially to the grace of the blossoms. Their color is a glowing rich orange. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 25c.

Orange Klng-Double, dark orange red. dark center; a very select strain. The plants in the open ground under ordinary field cultivation attain a growth of cighteen inches high and produce blossoms three and a half inches in diameter. Pkt., 7c; 1/2 oz., 20c.

Double Mixed

One of the surest annuals, easy to grow and literally covers itself with large double yellow flowers about two to three inches across. One of the best for cut flowers as they last after cutting often as many as ten days, and the more you cut, the better they bloom. These plants are also called "Pot Marigolds" as they resemble the marigold, and respond beautifully to pot culture in the home in winter or summer, very hardy in the home in winter or summer, very hardy annual, height about eighteen inches. Finest mixed:-Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; 1 oz., 25c.

Clarkia.

This pretty and easily grown annual has been much improved in recent years, and the varieties offered below are now seen as cut flowers in most of the large cities of Europe; they do well either in sun or shade, growing 2 to 2½ feet high, with leafy racemes of double flowers, which all open in water when cut-

Elegans Double Mixed—A fine mixture containing all the colors. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c.

New Annual Canterbury Bell

Mixed—(2½ ft.) Since this new Canterbury Bell will bloom from seed in less than six months. it is now possible to have it in flower at almost any time of the year. The plants will average six to eight spikes of blooms in warm shades of light blue, dark blue, pink, rose, and white. This development won third place in the All-American Flower Section. Pkt., 8c; 2 pkts., 15c.

Chrysanthemum or Painted Daisy

The annual Chrysanthemums are distinct

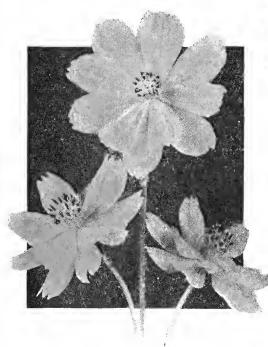
The annual Chrysanthemums are distinct from the autumn flowering, blooming all summer and making a gorgeous display.

Chrysanthemum—The Sultan—Commonly known as Painted Daísy. An annual plant growing about twenty inches high, exceptionally free bloomer and easily grown. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c.

Coronarium, Double Mixed. Lovely button-shaped blooms, 1½ in across. Always fully double. Includes yellow and white. Grows 18 in tall and blooms freely. Price: Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c., 20c. oz., 20c.

Cannas

Extra Choice Mixed—Seed saved from 20 varieties of only the very best of the large or Gladiolus flowered type. Blooms in about ten weeks after planting. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 20e.



Early Flowering Single Cosmos

This new class of extra early, mammoth, flowering Cosmos, producing beautiful flowers, measuring four to five inches across, 60 days from sowing of the seed, allows us not only the beauty and pleasure of the late Cosmos, but gives us a better flower; produces its flowers on the late cosmos, but gives us a better flower; produces its flowers on wonderfully long stems, which are used extensively for cut flowers. Cut the flowers as fast as they open on the plants and their place will be taken by others for a long blooming period. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

Early Flowering Double Cosmos

This very popular flower—of the early flowering type is now produced in the double—and as I saw them growing in the big fields this summer they were the peer of the big singles. Borne on long stems, early in the season lasting until frost, makes them very desirable.

Double Mixed Cosmos. Pkt., 10 Double Red Cosmos. Pkt., 15c.



Giant Zanzibarensis Castor Bean

Grown by Maynard Derby, Forreston, Ill. In last year's catalog I said, let's raise a 15 ft. bean. There were four entries in our contest who raised beans over 15 ft. tall, so this year let's raise a 16 ft. one.

Castor Bean

The Ricinus has very ornamental foliage and beautiful showy-fruit. Fine for the center of a bed, as it gives a magnificent semi-tropical appearance; or planted thick, it makes a fine screen or hedge. Plant seed in open, very rich, deep-spaded ground, in a dry situation as soon as safe in spring.

Zanzibarensis—The tallest growing Castor Oil Bean, reaching an average height of 12 ft. The large palmate leaves often measure 2ft. or more across. A stately plant for a background. more across. A stately plant for a background. Each plant makes a perfect pyramid of green and bronze foliage. The House of Gurney will give \$5.00 for the photograph of the tallest Castor Bean raised from this seed. Take the picture with some member of the family standing by the plant, measure it carefully and send it in to be judged before October 1st. If your Castor Bean is the tallest, you will receive \$5.00 in cash. Let's raise a 15-ft. bean. Pkt., 7e; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c.

Cambodgensis—The finest dark-foliaged Ricinus. Leaves maroon; stem nearly black, fruit bronzy purple. Fivefeet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c, ¼ lb., 35c.

1/4 lb., 35c.

Candytuft

All the varieties look best in beds or masses.

All the varieties look best in beds or masses, Seed sown in autumn produces flowers in early spring. When sown in April, flowers from July to September, and some of the sorts till frost comes. Hardy annual, 1 foot.

Dark Crimson—We all know the Candytuft, the white variety, and love it for the beautiful borders it makes. This new dark crimson variety produces largest racemes of flowers of a beautiful dark crimson and makes a wonderful

ety produces largest racemes of flowers of a beautiful dark crimson and makes a wonderful border. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Candytuft, Giant Hyacinth—The little Caudytuft we have known for so many years and used for border purposes is being superseded by this pure white giant. Flowers are grown compactly on stems about eight to ten inches high. Borne in abundance. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 20c.

Candytuft, Giant Flowering Mixed—This justly popular annual is of easiest culture and

flowers profusely throughout the whole season. The flowers of our strain are nearly double the size of the old varieties and fairly cover the plants, which are useful in beds, potsor borders. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 20c.

Coleus

A beautiful class of well known and popular decorative foliage plants. For bedding or pot culture. Choicest New Hybrids. (Mixed. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

Calliopsis

Finest Mixed—A very showy border plant, producing flowers in nearly every shade of yellow, orange, crimson red and brown. Finest mixed. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; 1 oz., 25c.

Cineraria

A beautiful class of plants for spring decoration; may also be planted out in summer. They grow from 12 to 18 inches high, and are completely covered with a mass of flowers, two and three inches across, of the richest colors, in white, blue, violet and crimson shades.

Grandiflora (Large flowered)-Mixed Pkt.,



Centaurea Imperialis

Centaurea

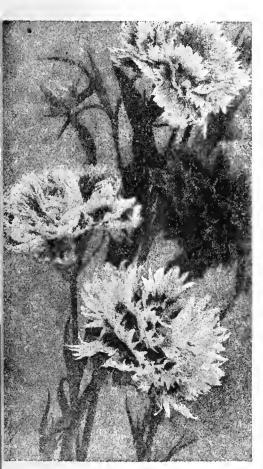
Centaurea Imperialis-The bushes are about four feet high and covered with large sweet-scented flowers. Will keep for over a week in water if cut when about to open. Pkt., 5c;

Corn Flower-The Blue Bottle, or Bachelor's Button, is one of the most attractive of all hardy annuals, with the graceful beauty of its old-fashioned flowers. Colors include dark, light blue, pink, rose and white. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

Dusty Miller (Centaurea Gymnocarpa)-This beautiful, fine cut, silver foliaged border plant, is used extensively for borders along walks and around various flower beds like Salvia, Cannas and other taller growing plants. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 25c.

Dahlia

For specimen plants and for rich autumn dis-For specimen plants and for rich antumn display these flowers can not be surpassed. The blossoms are wonderfully perfect and symmetrical with long stems, making them especially valuable for bouquets. While usually grown from tubers, robust plants and excellent blooms may be produced the first year from seed started early in boxes and planted out after danger of frost is past. Double finest mixed. Pkt., 8c; 2 pkts., 15c.



Dianthus, Pink Heddewegia, Biennials

Double Mixed-For brilliancy of coloring and markings, as well as beautiful forms of flowers, this family cannot be surpassed. The colors range through white, pink and crimson to the very deepest maroon; many varieties are finely fringed. Hardy biennials, but are better treated as annuals as they bloom early from read cown in the spring. Express mixed. seed sown in the spring. Fancy mixed. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 25c.

Dianthus Nobilis-This is of the Royal pinks, covering a range of rose, pink and dark crimson shades, with dark eyes, petals double and laciniated. Very compact bushes, living for two seasons. Flowers exceptionally large. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c.

Annual Daisies

Brachycome-(Swan River Daisy)-This free flowering dwarf-growing annual is covered during the summer with a profusion of pretty blue and white flowers. Is especially suitable as edging for small beds and massing before the taller growing daisies. Height 9 inches. Pkt., 8c; 2 pkts. 15c.

Golden Orange Daisy, African—This flower is from South Africa and is the easiest grown of any of the showy border plants. It grows to a height of about fifteen inches and blooms profusely all summer. In our trial ground it was the most attractive flower of any shown there; the flowers are about two and onehalf inches across and the most beautiful golden orange color. We recommend this specially for borders. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 15c.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, S. Dak.

Dear Sirs: Thanks for the Balcony Petunia seeds. They do wonderfully well here. Had one vine that was four feet high and had hundreds of blossoms on it.

Mrs. A. J. Dahlin, Samuels, Idaho

Escholtzia California Poppy

Gurney's Special Single Mixture-This mixture includes all the varieties of single soits and is the most complete mixture of these charming annuals in existence. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz.,

Gurney's Special Double Mixture

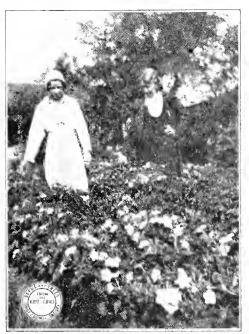
A double Escholtzia of great size and beauty. There is a decided doubling and frilling which double type. The vigorous plants grow 1½ to 2 ft. high. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c.

Forget-me-not

Blue-This charming little blue flower succeeds best in damp, shady situations, but will thrive in almost any soil. Victoria Blue which we offer is largest flowering, blooms longest of any. Pkt., 6c; 1/4 oz., 20c.

Chinese Forget-me-not

An annual recently introduced from China; of the easiest culture, forming strong plants 18 to 24 inches high and producing through the summer months sprays of intense blue Forget-menot like flowers, delicately sweet scented. A splendid addition to the comparatively short list of real blue flowers. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 25c.



A Garden of Four O'Clocks

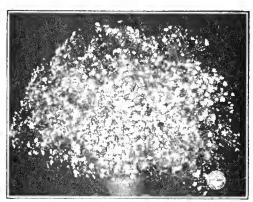
Four O'Clock, Marvel of Peru

A handsome, flower, blooming the first season from seed. The flowers, which are produced in clusters, open in the afternoon and wither the next morning. They can be kept like Dahlias. Our mixture contains a line variety of colors, Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c.

Gurney's Giant Sharlet -A mass of red flowers blooming over a long period. A row of these in the flower garden produces almost a startling effect during the late afternoon and evening. Pkt. 5c; 1 oz., 25c.

Gilia or Flaming Torch

This hardy biennial sends up a straight flower stalk about 3 it. covered with a mass of scarlet blossoms, lasting from midsummer until frost. Makes a wonderful plant for backgrounds or where a tall border is needed. Pkt., 10c; 2 pkts.,



Annual Baby's Breath

Gypsophila, or Baby's Breath

Annual-The flowers are small, star-like and borne on feathery sprays, which are highly esteemed for cut flowers, as they lend a most graceful effect when combined with Sweet Peas or Nasturtiums in bouquets. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Godetia

These wonderfully beautiful annuals have been developed and improved so rapidly within the last few years that you would hardly recognize them comparing them with those of previous introduction. They are compact, pyramidal, and globe shaped plants covered with beautiful flowers of varied colors, the flowers measuring about two to three inches across. Mixed colors. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c.

Gaillardia

New Double Gaillardia (Annual)—Large bright-colored double flowers, useful for cutting. The colors embrace Sulfur, Golden, Yellow, Orange, Amaranth, and Claret. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

The ornamental Grasses serve the double purpose of rendering the mixed flower-bed or border attractive during the summer and for the use of the spikes or panicles in a dried state in winter bouquets. For large beds or groups on lawns nothing gives a finer effect, and they are now largely used in prominent position in many of the finest public parks, etc. The following are the most popular varieties.

Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass)—In great demand for grass bouquets. Pkt., 5c.

Coix Lachrymae (Job's Tears)—Broad, corn-like leaves and hard, shining pearly seeds annual. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Gynerium Argenteum (Pampas Grass)— White silvery plumes; perennial; blooms the second season. Pkt., 8c.

Zea, Maize Japonica—A dwarf growing, fine leaved, white and green striped corn, resembling the old ribbon grass, but more beautiful and should be used liberally in the flower garden or with the ornamental grasses. This is a very attractive plant; grows anywhere. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 20c. One pkg. of each above Grasses, 15c.

Geranium

The brilliant colors of the flowers and the exquisite zone or horseshoe markings of the leaves of some of the varieties, render the Geranium very desirable for pot culture as well as for bedding out of doors and for growing in window boxes.

Sow in a pot or box in the house in rather light soil, preferably containing a little leaf mold and sand. Keep as near 65° F. as possible. Water moderately, and as soon as the third leaf appears, pot in two-inch pots.

Double and Single Mixed-The seed we offer will produce a large percentage of double flowers in many beautiful shades. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

Globe Amaranth

Gomphrena—A first-rate bedding plant; the flowers resemble clover heads and can be dried and used in winter bouquets. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 30c.



Everlasting or Eternal Flower Helichrysum

Mixed—These are of the most beautiful colors: pink, white, red, yellow, lavender. They bloom on good, strong stocks, standing 3 to 4 feet high and are as beautiful as any of the annuals you can have. Cutting these just as the buds commence to open, they retain their delicate colors perfectly and remain beautiful for several years. These are the genuine everlasting flowers. Plant liberally of these. Cut large quantities of the just opening buds and retain them for the holidays and for special occasions. Add a few green fern leaves or Plumosus fronds and you will have most beautiful bouquets for all occasions. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 15c; oz., 35c.

Heliotrope

Highly valued for the fragrance of their flowers and duration of bloom. Tender perennial, one foot. Easily grown from seed; blooming the first summer if sown early.

Lemoine's Giant Hybrid—Choice mixed.

Pkt., 8c; 2 pkts., 15c.

Hunnemannia

(Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy, or Bush Eschscholtzia)

Fumariaefolia-This is by far the best of the poppy family for cutting, remaining in good condition for several days. Seed sown early in May will, by the middle of July, produce plants covered with their large buttercup-yellow poppylike blossoms and never out of flower until hard frost. The plants grow about 2 feet high, are quite bushy, with beautiful feathery glaucous foliage. Pkt., 7c; 1/4 oz., 15c.

Ice Plant

Handsome plant for baskets, rock work, vases and edgings. Leaves and stems appear as though covered with ice crystals; easily grown. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 20c.

Japanese Flower Garden

For several years we have been trying to For several years we have been trying to secure from Japan a satisfactory collection of their wonderful flower seeds for planting in lawns and borders. We have secured it this year and believe that everyone ordering flower seed should include at least a package of this. It can be planted with lawn grass or in beds by itself. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Linum or Scarlet Flax

One of the most showy annuals for flower beds and masses. Brilliant crimson-scarlet flowers, 1 inch across, borne in wonderful pro-Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Lobelia Crystal Palace

A most excellent and useful plant for bedding. Compact, erect growth, flowers deep blue. Seed should be covered lightly. Pkt., 10c, 3 pkts.,

Lupinus



Giant Imperial Mixed

Larkspur, or Delphinium **Annual Varieties**

The annual varieties are very free bloomers and produce large spikes of flowers, white, pink, rose, light blue, dark blue and violet. In some varieties the flowers are double, in others single. The beautiful plume-like foliage is very ornamental.

Giant Imperial Mixed

Great advancement has been made in this new and valuable type of Larkspur in the past few seasons. Especially fine for cutting, as it produces flower-stems 3 to 4 feet long, branching from the base of the plant. Very popular on account of its upright Delphinium-like form. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Giant Imperial Blue Bell (All American Selections 1934)

Blue Bell is a fine medium blue Larkspur deeper than Sky Blue, a color up to this time lacking in the giant imperial type. The habit is decidedly upright, with long basal branched flowering spikes, well adapted for cutting. Height 3 to 4 ft. Pkt., 15c.

Dwarf Double Hyacinth Flowered

These early flowering Larkspur grow about 12 to 18 inches high and come in a great variety of colors. Fine for border or rock gardens. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c.

Marigold

The African Marigolds are valuable for their flowers in autumn, and can be grown to advantage in the little clumps with other plants in the front of shrubbery or in the garden border. The African varieties are the taller in growth. They succeed best in a light soil, with full exposure to



Marigold Royal Scot

Modern as the crack Scottish Railway train The Royal Scot from which it borrowed its name, this marigold is the most striking yet introduced. The large well formed double flowers are produced in abundance on plants from 24 to 30 inches in height. The color is a charming combination of mahogany and gold in symmetrical stripes which radiate from the center of the flower. We feel confident that Royal Scot will be welcomed by florists and home gardeners alike. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

African Orange Alldouble

Any strain of African Marigold that will come fifty per cent double is considered good—sixty is excellent. We are pleased to announce, howorange Marigold which has come one hundred per cent double for the past two years. We are pleased to be able to offer this to the trade under the name of "Alldouble." Pkt., 7c; 1/4 oz., 20c.

African Marigolds-Mixed varieties. Pkt.,

Dwarf Double French Gold Striped—Few annuals are so effective as the French Marigolds or flower for so long a period. Seed may be sown in the open ground when the weather becomes warm. They form dense bushes not over one foot high, which are covered with richly colored flowers from July till frost.

Very double golden-yellow, each petal striped with rich mahogany-red. Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 15c.

Guinea Gold

The golden orange flowers are not shaped like ordinary African Marigolds; they are more like Carnations, with their petals loosely placed and

Bushy, blossom covered plants are ideal for borders, and many florists have already pro-nounced Guinea Gold the best Marigold for cutting. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz., 20c.

SWEET PEAS FOR 1935

F ALL the annual flowers, there are none that have come into popular favor over the entire world and have been improved so much in the last few years as the Sweet Peas, and it is marvelous the wonderful improvement that has been made in them. From a few ordinary colors of inferior small flowers they have, by careful selection and breeding, covered almost the entire range of colors and have produced flowers measuring over

Enormous,

21/2 inches across, and from the old-fashioned straight-edge type they have

produced the ruffled and the butterfly Sweet Pea.

The most easily grown of any of the annuals, blooming from early summer until killed by the heavy autumn frosts. No other flower equals them for cutting and few last as well. To bloom to their best, the flowers should be cut every day, in the evening.

Best Giant Flowering Spencer Sweet Peas

Our Spencer collections have been made up of the best of the new sweet peas ranging in color from a pure white to a dark velvety maroon, soft bright crimsons, blues and lavenders. pinks, bright crimsons, blues and lavenders. Plant these and be sure your sweet peas are the best in your community.

Red Boy

Pure crimson, deep and rich. boldly expanded flowers in fours on long stems. A robust grower. Red Boy is well suited both for exhibition and for garden decoration. Pkt., 8c; oz., 35c.

Rosie-Deep rose-pink, the florists' popular color. Richer and deeper in color than Pinkie, with all the vigor and robustness necessary to make it a first-class Sweet Pea. Rosie is vastly superior to all other varieties in the rose-pink class, and easily tops the list of varieties such as Hercules, Hebe and Pinkie. Pkt., 7c; oz., 30c.

Mermaid-A rich true lavender with a fine blue sheen. The flowers are beautifully waved and quite often the standard is double. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c.

Fluffy Ruffles-A great big flower, vigorous and free blooming—the first of the "Ruffled" Sweet Peas. A new type, duplexed and frilled, with long-stemmed well-proportioned sprays of four almost globular flowers. It exhibits a most consistent doubling and ruffling of petals.

A lovely rich rose-pink, a gleam of soft salmon, and a bright creamy undertone blend into a harmonious cream-pink shade of exquisite beauty. It is a flower of exquisite texture and sweet fragrance. The vines make a sturdy growth and bear a profusion of blooms. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c.

Heavenly Blue-A most beautiful soft tone of delphinium-blue, without a trace of violet. Flowers of immense size, four to each stem. Pkt., 7c; oz.,

Pirate Gold-Golden orange, deeper rhate Gold and lighter than Prince of Orange. Pirate Gold is quite a new shade in this group and withstands our hot sun better than any Pirate Gold is guite a new shade in this group and withstands our hot sun better than any Pirate Gold in the control of the c other variety in this color class. Pirate Gold is a strong vigorous grower, the flowers are well formed and its color is the most pleasing of the Golden Orange group. Pkt., 8c; oz., 30c.

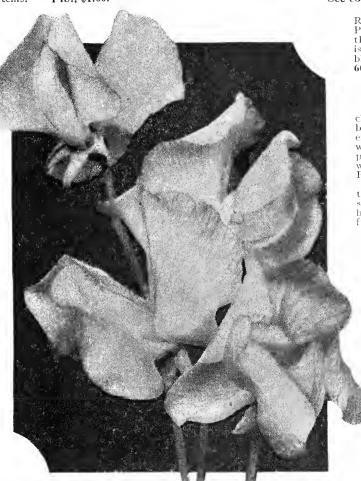
Avalanche-This is by far the finest of all white winter-flowering varieties. The flowers are white winter-howering varieties. The howers are extra large, of fine form, with a magnificent and boldly waved standard. A vigorous grower with enormous flowers which are invariably borne in fours on very long stems. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c.

The Warrior-Rich ox-blood maroon. Handsome large flowers with a sparkling sheen borne on long stems. Brighter and more attractive than the Sultan. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c.

One pkt. each of the above 8 Magnificent ew Spencer Sweet Peas. Value—58c; BARGAIN PRICE—45c.

Gurney's W. N. A. X. Mixture of Giant **Spencer Sweet Peas**

For those who do not care for sweet peas in separate colors, Gurney's W. N. A. X. mixture of Spencers, will satisfy the most exacting flower lover. This mixture is made of the best of the old standard Spencers and a careful selection of on standard spencers and a careful selection of the new creations with their heavier, longer stems, longer blooming period and larger flowers, some of them measuring two inches across. With four or five perfect flowers on a stem. Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; 1/2 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.00.



Early Flowering Mixed Spencer Sweet Peas

These bloom two weeks before the standard Spencer varieties, but with the same large, waved flowers. They have replaced the standard Spencers in greenhouse planting and, though they do not grow quite as tall, their earliness and long season of bloom make them invaluable in outdoor planting, particularly in the short seasoned north. Pkt., 7c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c;

Cupid Dwarf Sweet Peas

Cupid Dwarf Sweet Peas-These form a bush of emerald-green foliage a little over a foot wide and six inches high, and from June until late summer are literally a sheet of bloom. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

BEST EARLY FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS Early Pal

Here is one of the entirely new shades-it is the lively scintillant pleasing rich rose crimson Early Sweet Pea which Florists, Commercial Growers and Amateurs have been looking for.

In Early Pal we have developed a combination of rose and crimson which holds the brightness and depth of color. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c;

Miss Annie Laurie

See colored picture inside back cover

Constitutes the richest tone of pure Rose-Pink ever produced in a Sweet Pea. Long stems which are maintained throughout its blooming period, and it is an abundant, prolific, and continuous bloomer. Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., 35c; oz.,

Lavanda

It is a PURE, clear lavender—so clear and uniform that full blown blossoms and partly open buds are of exactly the same color, making a wonderful effect when bunched and impressing one with the fact that at last we really have a pure lavender Sweet

The blossoms of LAVANDA are extremely large and waved, perfectly spaced on long, stout stems. Four blooms on each stem, and highly perfumed. Pkt., 15c; 1/2 oz., 30c.

Valencia

A new sunproof bright orange of a softness that is particularly striking. The sprays invariably bear four large flowers to a stem, and are borne with the greatest profusion on strong vigorous vines. A most desirable Sweet Pea. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

Vulcan

Dazzling scarlet-cerise. A very popular color and a variety that is always in demand. The bright and showy effect of the blooms is considerably increased by a suffusion of orange cast over the standard. Vulcan is a strong grower with large flowers on long stemmed sprays. Pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz. 25c.

Blue Bonnet

The color is a clear deep blue of great beauty. Flowers are unusually large for a blue, and usually come four to a stem. Pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c.

Lady Gay

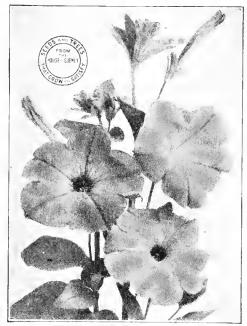
One of the newer California varieties with blooms of a rich pink. The flowers are nicely waved and elegantly frilled. They are borne in fours, artistically placed at the top of long, strong stems. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c.

1 Pkt., each of the above 7 best early flowering Spencer sweet peas. Value, 80c.

BARGAIN PRICE 65c

Balcony Petunias

For outdoor decoration few plants are equal to this. They commence flowering early and continue a mass of bloom throughout the whole season, until late in the fall; easily cultivated.



Balcony Queen Mixed

This type of single Petunia, although one of the best for general outdoor culture, is used most extensively for balconies, window boxes, hanging baskets, rockeries, etc. This strain begins blooming early in the spring and continues long after the first frost. There seems to be no limit to its ability to flower, as it is one continuous mass of bloom, and the more it is cut the more it blooms. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; 1/3 oz., 35c.

Star of California

See colored picture inside back cover

This is a magnificent new Petunia of the Balcony type, bred with extra long branches for window boxes and hanging baskets. The flowers are velvety violet with a touch of crimson, starred with five pure white blotches. The flowers are quite large and the effect in window boxes or hanging baskets is dazzling. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

Balcony Blue—Dwarf growing, almost continuously covered with velvety indigo blossoms. Pkt., 15c; 2 for 25c.

Gurney's Balcony Crimson—Produces richvelvety crimson flowers, that can only be appreciated when you see them. Pkt., 15c; 2 for 25c.

Balcony Petunia Collection—I package each of the four Balcony Petunias—40c.

Dwarf Petunias

For a showy continuous display plant, the Dwarf Petunia is the most valuable, as it will bloom from mid-summer until frost. It is one of the most salable annuals. The Dwarf variety is particularly fine for beds and borders, growing about fifteen inches tall with a diameter of about eighteen inches.

Gurney's Special Dwarf Mixed—Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 25c.

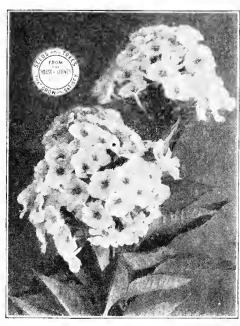
Gurney's Violet Blue—Dwarf growing, almost continuously covered with velvety indigo blossoms. Pkt., 10c.

Rosy Morn—This is of the new dwarf growing type, producing flowers of a most beautiful shade of pink, continuous blooming from early in summer until freezing weather. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 30c.

Single Grandiflora—Choicest mixed seed, saved from show flowers. Very large. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 30c.

Phlox (Annual)

For a splendid mass of colors and a constant display that is not excelled by any other annual, commencing to bloom quite early and continuing until severe freezing. The Phlox colors range from purest white to blood-red or crimson. For masses of separate colors and for cutting for bouquets for vases are unsurpassed. The seed may be planted in the open ground May 1st or in lot-bed or house earlier, and afterwards transplanted to where wanted. Give good, rich ground and set plants 8 to 10 inches each way. Hardy annuals; 1 foot.



Phlox Drummondi, Grandiflora—Large flowered. These are decided improvements over the old class, with much larger flowers, a better range of colors and of more compact growth. Choice mixed, all colors. Pkt., 6c; ½ oz., 35c.

Gurney's Bright Scarlet—You will have a dozen different shades and colors of this dwarf-growing annual but many times you need the purc colors for special purposes and this bright scarlet will meet your greatest expectations. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Star-Shaped Phlox—The most interesting of the Phlox family, bearing pretty star-shaped and fringed flowers, rich in colors, varying from violet blue to deep rose and blood-red, margined with white. Starred and fringed; choice mixed. Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Nana Compacta Dwarf, 8 in.—These are much superior to the other Phloxes for ribbon bedding or borders. The plants grow very symmetrical in neat, little bushes, covered with flowers during the whole summer and fall. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 30c.

Phlox collection—1 package each of the above four Phlox—25c.

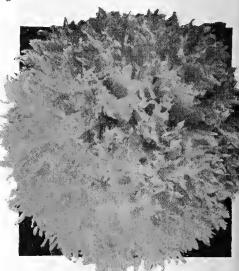
Stocks (Gillyflowers)

The Ten Weeks Stocks are generally cultivated, and bloom from 10 to 12 weeks after being sown; they grow from 6 to 18 inches high, each plant forming a perfect bouquet of delightful fragrance. Half-hardy annual.

Double Glant Perfection, Ten Weeks—Tall, late flowering class. Choice mixed. Pkt., 10c, 3 pkts., 25c.

Poppies

This exceedingly showy and casily cultivated class of plants grows and blooms in any ordinary soil, and is among the showiest of all annuals. Sow the seed where the plants are intended to be grown.



Double Mixed Poppy

Peony Flowered Double Mlxed Poppy— These are immense balls as large as the ordinary peony. Colors: Vcry clear white to flaming scarlet. Stand about two and one-half feet high and bloom over a period of about four weeks. A bed of these is one of the most desirable in the annual garden. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 25c.

American Legion—Flanders Poppy—All of us have a greater affection for the poppy after reading Lieut.-Col. J. D. McCrae's "In Flanders Fields." For garden cultivation in this country, poppies seem never to have been remarkably popular—possibly because despite their prolificacy they are fragile flowers and wilt quickly when cut. Nevertheless, it is the Schoolmaster's humble guess that the poppy is destined to take a more prominent place in our affection in our gardens—than in past years. The association with the Fields of Flanders would accelerate this popularity. This is the regular Flanders poppy that the boys who were over there saw in the fields. Plant a package of these for the boys who went across. Pkt., 7c; 1 oz., 30c.

Single Mixed—A superb blend of this beautiful type of Poppy ranging in color from pure white through tones of salmon, pink, and rose to brightest carmine-red. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 20c.

Poppy collection—1 package each of the above poppies—15c

Sunflower

Helianthus, or Double Sunflower (Annual)—Double Chrysanthemum flowered. This variety grows about 6 feet high, and bears profusely all summer long. The perfectly double flowers are bright yellow and of many different sizes, from 3 to 6 inches in diameter. A row of these across our trial grounds this summer attracted great attention. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Schizanthus (Butterfly or Fringe Flower)

This is one of the airiest and daintiest flowers imaginable, especially adapted to bordering beds of taller flowers and those of a heavier growth. The seeds germinate quickly and come into bloom in a few weeks from sowing. The florescence is such as to completely obscure the foliage, making the plant a veritable pyramid of the most delicate and charming bloom. The Schizanthus make admirable pot plants for the house in late winter and early spring. For this purpose sow in the autumn. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 30c.

Mixed Flower Garden

This is a combination of all the very best muals. We recommend this for sowing in annuals. beds where you want a quick showing of bright colors that will last until frost comes. Also recommend it highly for mixture with Lawn Grass where making a new lawn. Do not sow in sod, as it will not be satisfactory to you. Sowed on new lawns it gives a fine showing of all the best annuals mixed with green grass. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Mignonette

Seeds of Mignonette may be sown at any season, so that a succession of flowers can be secured. Seeds sown early in the garden will give flowers through the summer. Very few cultivate the sweet Mignonette compared with the many that might show their love for this sweet little flower. Annual.

Sweet-Well-known, fragrant. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Mourning Bride Scabiosa

(Pin Cushion Flower)

Scabiosa or Sweet Scabious-An old-fashioned but most attractive flower. Its great abundance of richly colored, fragrant blossoms on long stems make it one of the most decorative plants of the garden. Desirable for cutting as well as for beds and borders.

Seed may be sown in place as soon as ground can be worked; or for earlier blooming sow in hotbed early in spring and transplant. About two feet high. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 25c.

Dwarf or Tom Thumb **Nasturtiums** These are dwarf, compact, rounded growth,

and like all Tom Thumbs, succeed on light, well-drained soil, or in slightly raised beds. The Tom Thumb Nasturtiums are much freer bloomers than any of the other varieties and are excellent

for border plants.

Tom Thumb Mixed—This mixture is composed of all of the best Tom Thumbs and is remarkable both for brilliancy of color and perfection of individual flowers. The low price at which we are offering this seed brings it within the reach of everyone, and it should be planted

liberally. Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; ¼ ib., 30c; lb., 75c.
Vesuvius—Flowers very large, finely formed and the broad petals are salmon rose, heavily veined with salmon orange. Foliage dark green. Very beautiful. Pkt., 7c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 45c.

Tall or Trailing Nasturtiums

These are all of strong, vigorous growth and can be trained upon strings or wires, or for covering fences or trellises.

Tail Mixed—Including all of the above and hundreds of other varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 12c; 1/4 ib., 30c; lb., 75c.

Primrose Primula

Primroses are charming plants which blossom freely during the spring and winter. They are of easy culture and should be sown from March to May and again in July to August for a succession of bloom. All make splendid pot plants, and some blossom freely out of doors even during

Giant Flowered—The beautiful Fringed Chinese and Obconica Grandiflora large flowered, bloom freely for several months and are of the very best house plants. We offer only the best seed. Pkt.,

Portulaca or Moss Rose

There is scarcely any flower in cultivation that makes such a dazzling dis-play of beauty as a bed of many-hued, brilliantcolored Portulacas. They light loam or sandy soil, and an exposed sunny situation

Double Finest Mixed-Flowers perfectly double of the most brilliant scarlet, crimson, rose, white, yellow, etc. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz.,

Single Mixed—All colors. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 15c; 1 oz.,

Queen Anne Lace Flower

"In ye olden days" the Oueen Anne lace was the most delicate and beautiful and Nature has done its

best to reproduce the delicate figures and beautiful patterns in this flower. The color is a charming, dainty baby blue. Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Nasturtium Golden Gleam

This plant forms a vigorous, large bush, which throws out short runners, averaging eighteen inches. The flowers commence to come as soon as the plant nears complete development, and at the time it is in full bloom the entire plant, including the runners, is a blaze of color. The large, golden-yellow semi-double flowers average two and one-half to three inches across. They are borne on erect, stiff stems six inches in length. Consequently the flowers stand well above the foliage, an arrangement which adds immeasurably to the showy appearance of the plant. An ordinary sized bouquet, when allowed to remain in a room for a short period of time will fill the room with musk-like fragrance. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 15c; 1 oz., 25c; ¼ ib.; 75c.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, S. Dak.

Dear Sirs:

I used your seeds last year for the first time and like them fine, especially the cucum-bers. No one around here had ever seen anything like them, and I used all I could for my family of seven, sold all I could and gave them away by the bushel, from one packet of secd.

Yours truly, Mrs. Frank Rupp, Epworth, Ia., Route 1

PANSIES



Pansy-Gurney's Special Blend

Gurney's Special Blend of Fancy Giant Pansies-The increasing popular demand for the highest class of Pansies leads us to offer you this blend of varieties that cannot be excelled, containing as it does the largest and most beautiful of all of the blotched, frilled and the smooth, well formed and monstrous Pansies with a range of color, covering all of Pansydom.

The texture of these flowers is heavy and velvety. The flowers are borne on large, stiff stems which make them of exceptional value for cut flowers, lasting as they do for many days.

The seed of this Special Gurney Blend is necessarily higher priced than the common, but is worth many times the difference. Pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 85c.

Special Strains of Pansy

Orchid-Flowered-This distinct and beautiful strain will appeal to those who prefer delicate shades and soft tints of coloring. Includes orchid shades of chamois, pink, lilac, rose, orange and lavender. Pkt., 10c; 2 pkts., 15c.

Giant Masterpiece—These Pansies are very large and the petals are frilled and ruffled to a greater extent than other kinds. The colors are excellent and the plants of great vigor, holding the immense flowers well up on long strong stems. The petals are often so large and fluted that the flowers appear to be double. Pkt., 12c; 2 for 20c.

Bugnot, Giant Blotched-Large flowers that come in many colors. In the Bugnot type of Pansy the blotches are not well defined on the edges but they radiate into the margin of the flowers. This gives quite an unusual charm to the blooms and adds to their apparent size. Pkt., 10c; 2 pkts., 15c.

Best Mixed—One of the most interesting classes of flowers grown. A bed of Pansies in bloom always has something new for you in variety of color and marking, every time you visit it. Are in bloom continuously from spring until late fall. The seed may be sown in the hot bed, in boxes in the house or in the open ground. Very best mixed. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; 1 oz., 75c.

Salvia (Scarlet Sage)



Salvia Volcano—Of all varieties of Salvia cultivated this is undoubtedly the most satisfactory and finest of them all. It grows about 20 factory and finest of them all. It grows about 20 inches high, pyramidal form, and is a mass of extra long racemes of fiery red, trumpet-shaped flowers. It is the earliest Salvia of any. Seed planted in the open ground will bloom by July 1st and continue until frost. The plants may be taken up from the open ground before frost and will bloom continuously in the house through the winter. It is easily grown from seed and comes true to name. For earlier

and comes true to name. For earlier flowers should be planted in a hotbed and given same care as cabbage or tomatoes. Do not plant outdoors until danger of frost is over. Pkt. 10c; 1/8 oz., 25c.

Gurney's Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

The large size, fullness of petals, extraordinary color range, and good keeping qualities of this flower have all contributed to its popularity. It is easify grown, and keeps well when cut. It is at present immune from disease. It has been truthfully called "A New Flower for the People."

Dahlia Flowered Mixed Zinnia This is a most wonderful Zinnia, coming in practically all colors and measuring as much as nine inches across. All colors mixed. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 30c.

Crimson Monarch—By far the largest and best of the red shades. Flowers often eight inches in diameter. Plants very vigorous. A marvelous production of extraordinary merit. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Picotee Zinnias

New Glant Zinnia Picotee-This novelty is New Glant Zinnia Picotee—This novelty is the most attractive thing in all the race of Zinnias. The flowers are of the Giant type, each petal distinctly tipped with a darker shade as in Picotee Carnations. They come in a variety of colors: orange, flesh, lemon, pink and cerise, Picotee Mixed—Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Gurney's Mammoth Verbenas

Not so many years ago we considered Not so many years ago we considered as almost perfect any strain of Verbenas, the flower of which could cover a 25 cent piece. By careful selection an individual flower of our strain now almost covers a 50 cent piece. The trusses are of the largest size; of brilliant colors, free-blooming and of vigorous habit. For best and quickest results seed should be sown early in the house or bothed and transplunted to floweror hotbed, and transplanted to flowering quarters in May. If sown outdoors in May, it blooms from the end of July

Gurney's Mammoth Flowering Red. Pkt., 19c. Gurney's Mammoth Flowering Mixed. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 35c. Verbena—Common Mixed. Large Pkt. 5c; ½ oz., 25c

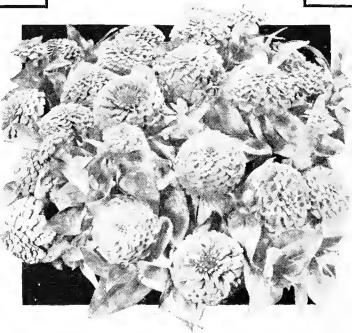
Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 25c.

Vinca

Ornamental free-blooming plants with bright green shiny foliage and one of the most satisfactory and long-flowering bedding plants we have. Seed can be sown out of doors as soon as the ground is warm; they may be potted and kept in bloom through the winter; a fine cut flower. 12 to 18 in. Mixed—Pkt., 8c; 2 for 15c.

ZINNIAS

Few flowers are so easily grown or bloom so abundantly and continuously as this hardy annual. Marvelous improvements have been wroughtin the newer strains. During the months of August and September Zinnias are incomparably bright. We recommend them for groups, beds, borders and summer hedges. Sow seed in the open ground early in spring. Height, 1½ to



Dwarf Lilliput or Pompon Zinnias

A very pretty type of compact habit not over 15 inches high, bearing in lavish profusion, small densely double flowers on long stems, held well above the foliage. Makes a good line or bed and are of more than usual value for cutting.

See Colored Picture Inside Back Cover Gracillima (Red Riding Hood)—A beautiful flower and free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 14 or 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 15 for 15 for year free blooming Timic Blot See 15 for 15 fo

fiery red, free blooming Zinnia. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; 1 oz., 60c.

Dwarf Mixed—Double Dahlia-like flowers, best colors. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 25c.

Salpiglossis



Grandiflora-This has long been one of our Favorite Flowers but has never attained the popularity to which it is entitled. It is a splendid half-hardy annual, with flowers of a peculiar richness, very delicate. Unsurpassed for cutting.

Grows about three and one-half feet high, producing flowers nearly as large and about the shape of the Morning Glory, and comes in almost every color that one can imagine, deep blues, purples, crimson, yellow, white, etc. Mixed pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Scarlet and Gold—This is one of the most beautiful of the bright colored varieties of Salpiglossis, selected from more than fifty vari-eties. A beautiful searlet flower with gold markings. Pkt., 8c; 2 pkts., 15c.

Giant Flowered Double Zinnias

Double Giant (2½ ft.)— Here is the class to which the Zinnias are indebted for the favor they enjoy today. In habit the plants are tall, branching and vigorous. The flowers are usually brighter than the dahliaflowered type and are nearly as large. This group will give great satisfae-

Giant Flowered Scarlet—A gleaming red. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 30c.

Golden Yellow Double Giantl saw a field of this variety of nearly ten acres, every plant producing a large number of brightest golden yellow flowers you can imagine, immense in size, and truly a wonderful sight. Excellent for cut flowers. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

Giant Flowered Mixed—A splendid mixture of all of the above and others. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 25c; 1 oz., 40c.

30c Zinnia Collection

		Suc Zinnia Conection
1	pkt.	Crimson Monarch. Dahlia Flowered10c
1	pkt.	Golden Yellow. Giant Flowered 8c
1	pkt.	Gracillima. Dwarf Red 8c
1	pkt.	Dahlia Flowered. Mixed 8c
1	pkt.	Dwarf mixed
		Total 39c

SPECIAL PRICE 30c

1935 SPRING AND FALL - THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. - YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

CLIMBING VINES AND FLOWERS

CLIMBERS are indispensable. They give to the garden a touch that cannot be achieved by any other plants. Furthermore, they are useful in providing shade to porches and garden-houses. They are planted extensively also as screens to hide unsightly buildings or views. Among the

Climbers you will find many that have gaily-colored blooms and there are others that are grown for their ornamental foliage. We offer the best and most popular varieties.

30c COLLECTION of the **Best Climbers**

1	Pkt. Cardinal Cilmber 8c
1	Pkt. Hyacinth Bean 5c
1	Pkt. Moon Flower-Heaveniy Biue 10c
1	Pkt. Cobaea Scandens—Purple 7c
1	Pkt. Green Snake Gourd 5c
	Total
	BARGAIN PRICE30c

Balsam Apple

A very beautiful, cut leafed, rapid growing, annual climbing vine, producing beautiful flowers, followed by seed pods bursting open and showing the interior, bright crimson. A very satisfactory climbing vine for hot, dry places where others will not do well. The seed grows readily and rapidly. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c.

Bean, Scarlet Runner

Bean, Scarlet Runner-The well known rapid-growing annual climber, producing bright red flowers, from July to September. The foliage being dense, makes it splendid for porches or any location where shade is desired. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 55c.

Wild Cucumber

The most rapid growing vine in existence. It will make a growth of 50 feet in a single scason and will cover unsightly places quicker than anything else you can plant. It is an excellent shade for summer houses or to train over trellis or porches. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c.

Cypress Vine

A most beautiful vine, with delicate fernlike foliage and beautiful star-shaped rose, scarlet and white flowers. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c;

Gourds Ornamental

Gourds—A tribe of climbers, with curiously shaped fruit in various colors. Being of rapid growth, they are fine to cover old fences, trellises, stumps, etc. Do not plant the seed till the danger of frost is over, and select rich mellow ground. Tender annual climbers, 10 to 20 feet. Fine mixed. Pkt. 50: 07, 150 feet. Fine mixed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Green Snake Gourd

A most interesting novelty of recent introduction. Young fruits of this gourd grow to an astounding length of over 10 ft. when the vines are twined to a lofty trellis and the fruits left hanging naturally.

When the fruits are disturbed by something during growing period, they start to wind forming various fantastic forms resembling green snakes. Fruits are edible if cooked in early stage of growth and the fibre can be used as Dish Cloth when fully ripc.

The seed of this new gourd is very high priced and we can only offer it in small packages of 6 seeds for 5c, or a larger package containing 15 seeds for 10c.



Cardinal Climber Picture taken in August

Cardinal Climber

One of the finest annual climbers. graceful and beautiful, growing rapidly, it reaches a height of twenty feet; densely clothed with laciniated, rich green leaves. The numerous clusters of fiery scarlet, tubular spear-shaped flowers resemble the cypress vine, but are much larger, often measuring one and one-quarter inches across. Pkt., 8c; ½ oz., 25c.

Tall Morning Glories

Fine Mixed-A great variety of colors of the popular old-fashioned Morning Glory. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Imperial Morning Giory, Fancy Fringe-Exceptionally large flowers, beautifully fringed and ruffled, contains all, and many more, colors than the ordinary Morning Glory. Pkt., 7c; oz., 25c.

Clematis, Perennial

A very fine hardy climber; leaves bright and glossy green; flowers small and hawthorne scented, and just covering the plant when in bloom. Excellent for covering trellises or fences.

Hybrids Mixed—Attractive shades of purple, lavender, white, ctc. Pkt., 10c.

Black-eyed Susan (Thunbergia)

Beautiful, rapid growing, annual climbers preferring a warm, sunny situation; used extensively in hanging baskets, vases, low fences, etc.; very pretty flowers in buff, white, orange, etc., with dark eyes; mixed colors; 4 feet. Pkt., 7c;

Japanese Variegated Hop

Where an attractive climber is desired that will stand rough usage there is nothing better. The leaves are strikingly variegated; the first color is bright dccp green, distinctly marked and blotched with silvery white tinged with yellow; now and then a lcaf will be almost snowy white, and another one, almost pure green. A strong grower—20 to 30 feet in a few weeks' time; not injured by heat or insects. Sow early in May. Pkt., 6c; ½ oz., 15c.



Cottage at State Hospital Covered by Hyacinth Bean

Hyacinth Bean

(Dolichos Lablar)—This photograph is taken at the South Dakota Hospital for the Insane. It shows one of the men's buildings with the It shows one of the men's buildings with the beautiful Hyacinth Bean nearly covering the front of it. Makes one of the most desirable climbing vines, grows rapidly, produces clusters of beautiful flowers and then covers itself with the bright pods. I want to say that all of the buildings at the Hospital are as well cared for and made just as beautiful as this one. The grounds are kept equally well and the whole institution is a credit to the United States. institution is a credit to the United States.

Splendid climbers with abundant clustered spikes of purple and white flowers. It is of rapid growth and often runs 30 feet in a season. Height, 10 to 20 feet. Tender annual. Pkt.,5c; oz., 20c.

Japanese Kudzu Vine Perennial

The most remarkable climbing vine of the age and should be planted by everyone for dense and should be planted by everyone for dense shade of porches, arbors, or places where you wish to screen outbuildings. It comes from Japan, the land of the flowers and of the most curious vegetable productions. The blossoms are large and borne in pinnacles like Wistaria, much larger in size and better clusters. Color, purple; blossoms very freely and carly. It requires blossoms very freely and carly. It requires the little care and its back party seems. quires but little care and its hardy nature commends it to all. Large pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Moon Flowers—Ipomea

Tender annuals of rapid growth, with beautiful and varied flowers; for covering old walls. trellises, arbors or stumps of trees they are invaluable; 15 to 20 feet.

invaluable; 15 to 20 teet.

Heavenly Blue—Flowers, 4 to 5 inches across in large clusters produced in such abundance as to nearly hide the foliage; color a beautiful sky blue. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

White—For outside stringing after May 1st. Satiny white flowers, 5 to 6 inches in diameter, bear a chundantly through a long season opening.

borne abundantly thruout a long season, opening at sundown, emitting a rich Jessamine odor at night, and closing about noon. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Cobaea Scandens (Cup and Saucer Vine)

A climber of rapid growth, attaining a height of as much as 30 fect in the season. Valuable for covering a trellis, arbors, trunks of trees and will cling to any rough place. It is covered with immense quantities of bell-shaped flowers set in a saucer which gives the name of "cup and saucer" plant. Its foliage is very beautiful and it is one of the annual climbing vines with which you will be well pleased.

Gurney's Purple flowered. Pkt., 7c; 1/4 oz., 25c. Gurney's Best Mixed. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz., 30c.

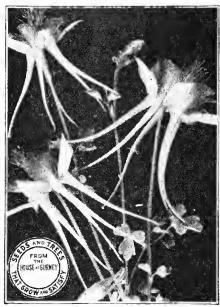
HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWER SEEDS

E RECOMMEND sowing perennial seeds in spring. Seed germinates better in the cool weather than in the heat of midsummer and the seedlings have an opportunity to develop into sturdy little plants to fall which permits them to winter-over more successfully. Make a seed bed where the amount of light and water can be controlled. Transplant when large enough to rows in the garden and in the fall reset in permanent

location where they are to flower the following year. The majority of these perennials bloom the second year from seed although some like Coreopsis and Gaillardia, if sown early, bloom the first year. Some perennials are very, slow and uneven of germination. Seed may lie in ground a year. Perennials should be placed in clumps of three or five and left undisturbed for several years.

Aquilegia—Columbine

Aquilegia Coerulea—The most beautiful of the Columbines; sky blue, long-spurred, free bloomer; hardy perennial. Seed planted early will bloom the same season and last for a number of years. Pkt., 12c; 2 for 20c.



Aquilegia Coerulea Columbine

Aquilegia—Mixed. Popular hardy perennials that bloom very freely during spring and early summer. These plants grow wild in the timbered country and are known to all the children as Honeysuckle. They come in a great variety of colors and are easily grown.

15c; oz., 50c.

Hardy Perennial Aster

Mixed (Michaelmas Daisies). Single fall-flowering hardy herbaceous plants, thriving in any good garden soil. If sown early they will flower the first season; 3 feet. Pkt., 10c.

Anemone (S. Dakota State Flower), Perennial

The anemone or Wind-flower is one of our choicest autumn flowers and is at perfection when most other flowers have ceased blooming. Hardy perennials, easily grown from seed, blooming the first year if sown early. Produces large double flowers in mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; 2 for 15c.

Achillea

The Pearl—A hardy perennial; covered from spring until frost with many very double, pure white flowers. Grows two feet high. Pkt., 10c.

Alyssum

(Basket of Gold)—A hardy perennial variety of dwarf habit, bearing a profusion of golden yellow flowers in April or May. Will resist the most extreme weather. Very showy. 9 inches. Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Coreopsis Grandiflora (Perennial) Single

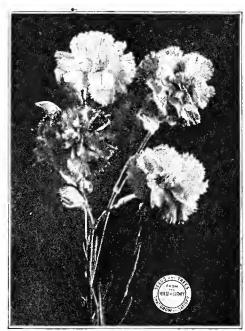
One of the finest hardy perennial plants. Bright yellow flowers, which bloom from June until frost. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c.

New Double-Flowering Coreopsis

Coreopsis Lanceolata has for a long time been a gem in the perennial border. This new double and semi-double form is just as easy to grow and the extra petalage adds a further charm to the flower. Will bloom first season if seed is sown early. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 15c.

Chinese Lantern (Perennial)

A showy variety of Winter Ground Cherry, 18 to 24 inches high and producing large, balloon-like fruits, changing from green to bright crimson as the season advances. Husk covering the fruit measures nearly 2 inches through, the fruit about three-fourths of an inch through and excellent for eating or for preserving. Hardy perennial, roots living over winter in the ground. Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 29c.



Carnation

Carnation

The Carnation has always been one of the most esteemed of the florists' collection, and there is no flower more desirable for the garden. Sow under glass and when of sufficient size transplant one foot apart each way. Half-hardy perennial, 1½ feet.

Extra Choice Double Mixed—Seed saved from the choicest German and English stocks. A large portion of this seed will produce double flowers. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Marguerite—Very free flowering. Will be in full bloom in four months after sowing, flowering in profusion until checked by frost. They flourish well in open ground. It is many shades of red, white, variegated. Mixed pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Gurney's Blood Red Giant Double Carnations—Raised by the famous French specialist, Chabaud. Blooms in five months after being sown and continues to produce its nicely fringed, intensely fragrant double flowers in the greatest profusion indefinitely. Pkt., 12c; 2 pkts., 20c.

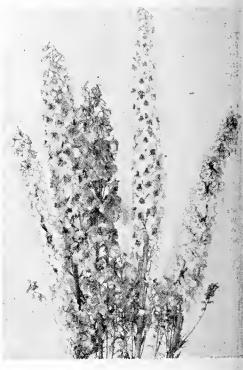
Canterbury Bell

Perennial Double Blue—Blue bell, handsome, easily grown herbaceous plants of statelybranching habit and profuse blooms for beds and backgrounds. Produce long racemes of strikingly effective bell-shaped or sancer-shaped flowers of rich color. Height, 2 ft. to 4 ft. Pkt., 10c; 2* for 15c.

Biannuai Double Mixed (Cup and Saucer)—A beautiful and distinctive type laden with flowers, each of which is a large cup-shaped bell survinunded by a calvx similar in color and resembling a saucer. Fine border subjects. Pkt., 6c; 1/4 oz., 20c.

Delphinium True Perennial Larkspur

Perennial Blue—Hardy Larkspur—Bloom freely the first year from seed. In our trial grounds, these are the most showy of any of the flowers for the longest period during the first season. The flowers vary in shade from light lavender to the deepest blue. They are borne on spikes eighteen inches to three feet high and are excellent cut flowers. The advantage of this



hardy Delphinium is that when you plant them you have them for several years. They bloom early in the spring. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz., 25c.

Perennial Delphinium Hollyhock Strain

See colored picture inside back cover

Wrexham Type—These are the greatest advance in Delphiniums. Their graceful spireshaped spikes of enormous size and beauty of form are rapidly bringing them to the front as the most popular flower for cutting or the garden. This mixture contains all the colors in Delphiniums, including both double and single; flowers, many individual blooms measuring overtwo inches across. Pkt., 15c; 2 for 25c.

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWER SEEDS—(Continued)

Digitalis or Foxglove

Foxgloves are stately and highly ornamental plants when well grown, with flower stems at least three feet in height. They are fine for the mixed border or planted singly in half-shady places near a walk or drive. The racemes of flowers are often two feet in length, containing scores of the prettily spotted thimble-shaped flowers. Perfectly hardy. Sow seed in spring in the garden and transplant as desired. Perennial the garden and transplant as desired. Po Mixed varieties. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c.



Shasta Daisy (Alaska)

Hardy perennial. A bed of these giant white Daisies in full bloom is a sight worth seeing. Flowers measure 3½ inches borne on stems 18 inches long. The numerous long, slender-stem-med white flowers rise most gracefully amid the bed of green, blooming all through the spring and summer months.

I have at my home plants more than five years old producing hundreds of flowers more than 3 inches in diameter, a veritable snow drift at blooming time. Blooming period about six weeks. Of the many varieties the Alaska is the best bloomer and hardiest. Blooms first season. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 25c.

English Daisy Double

This hardy, early spring blooming plant can be successfully grown and wintered with a little winter protection. Sow the seeds early and it will bloom the first year giving you equally as good flowers in the border as you could get from an annual. Maximum height 6 inches, producing flowers in various shades of pink and white, double mixed, Chinese varieties. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz.,

New Perpetual-Flowering Hardy Pinks Perennial

The seed will produce an average of 75 per cent, double, deliciously clove-scented flowers in many They are perfectly hardy, and flower continuously from spring until late in the autumn. Plumarius. Double and semi-double varieties in beautiful colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c.

Gypsophila, or Baby's Breath

Perennial (Single)-White flowers, fine for bouquets; favorite hardy perennials, blooms first year 2 feet. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; 1 oz., 25c.

Perennial Double Gypsophila-One of the most important hardy perennials of recent introduction. The plant grows from 3 to 3½ feet high, bearing its pretty little double white flowers in much-branched panicles which, when cut, can be used to great advantage with other flowers or by themselves as they retain their beauty for months. Pkt., 15c; 2 Pkts., 25c.

Gaillardia

Blanket Flower (Perennial)—Finest single mixed. The flowers are greatly admired for their rich blending of colors. They thrive well anywhere. Large single flowers in 1ed, scarlet, yellow and orange. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz; 25c.

Geum (Avens)

Beautiful hardy perennial, bearing profusely large, showy double dark-crimson flowers all through the summer; an elegant flower for bou-

Mrs. Bradshaw. Large double brilliant orange carlet; in flower the entire summer. Pkt., 10c;



Hollyhock Double "Imperator"

Rising to a stately height it bears flowers 5½ to 6½ inches across, consisting of wide outer petals elegantly frilled and deeply fringed, in the center of which appears a very double rosette about 2 inches across, the whole suggesting a crested Begonia on a giant scale. The coloring includes various tints of great beauty. The plant branches from the base, forming a majestic clump and the lateral stems can be utilized in Hollyhock can be relied on to come quite 80 per cent true from seed. Mixed Pkt., 15c; 2 for 25c.

Hollyhock Single

Mammoth Fringed Hollyhock, Allegheny-The flowers of this grand variety are from 4 to

Mammoth fringed Hollyhock, Allegheny—The flowers of this grand variety are from 4 to 6 inches across, single, finely fringed and curled. Colors, shell pink, rose, and ruby red, crimson and maroon. The blooming season is from June until frost. Choice mixed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Double Mixed—The stateliest of all flowers growing to a leight of six feet and taller and covered with large, brilliant colored flowers in various forms. We have improved this old garden favorite until it is the highest and best type yet developed. Colors ranging from white and apricot, rose, cerise and crimson, to the darker shades of wine, maroon, and black. Our strains will surely please you. Every garden should have some of these majestic flowers. Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Gurney's Bright Red Double—Many people wish to grow hollyhocks of straight varieties for particular purposes. The seeds of these straight varieties are saved from the finest double flowers and will give you satisfactory results. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Hibiscus or Mallow (Perennial)

Shrub-like plants growing from four to six feet high and bearing bright colored flowers varying from three to five inches in diameter. Perfectly hardy and therefore excellent for mass planting with shrubbery. A fine background for any garden. Pkt., 5c; ½ 0z., 25c.

Iris (Flowering Flag)

Kaempferi (Japanese Iris)—The seeds we offer have been saved from our own unrivalled collection, and should produce only varieties of the highest merit. Blooms the second year from seed. Pkt., 8c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Lychnis Perennial

Chalcedonia, or Burning Star—One of the greatest hardy perennials, which grow and bloom year after year, requiring no protection and easily started. Color, brilliant searlet. Pkt.,5c;

Lily of the Valley

Very small and sweet and dainty; the creamy white escalloped bells pendant along slender stems. They make up (with their broad shiny leaves) into dainty bouquets of fragrance. They spread actively from the roots and soon reclaim shaded, cold ground which otherwise would be cheerless and barren. Pkt., 15c; 2 for 25c.

Linaria

Gurney's Perenniai Yeilow—This is a very fine perennial, easily grown from seed, and is undoubtedly the best yellow perennial that can be grown for general use. It is hardy and can be used where medium height is needed in rock garden work. The flowers resemble large golden yellow snapdragons, borne on stems averaging three feet. The foliage is rather attractive and has a silvery medium-sized leaf. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts.,

Perennial Flax

Llnum Perenne Sibirlcum-A rich blueflowered Flax. The attractive flowers last only a day, but they are borne continuously from July on; 15 inches tall. Pkt., 7c; ½ oz., 20c.

Pentstemon (Beard Tongue)

Grandiflora Mixed-Highly useful and attractive perennials in the hardy border. As a bedding plant this takes rank with the Petunia, bedoming plant this takes rain with the Petunia, Philox, etc. It grows about 30 inches high, every branch being a spike of large, Gloxinia-like flowers in a very wide range of bright colors, including rose, red, carmine, cherry, pink, lilac, purple, etc. Pkt., 12c.

Pentstemon Native Blue

This is the beautiful native perennial commonly called Foxglove or Bluebell. It sends up a flower stem about 2 feet high completely covered with light bluebells 2 inches long. Blossoms early in the spring and is one of the few flowers ready for Memorial Day. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz., 20c.

Peony Seed

We gathered a quantity of these seeds, more than we shall need for our own use in the production of new varieties. Peony seeds, you understand, do not reproduce true to their parents, but produce different varieties of flowers single, semi-double and double. It is really worth while watching them from year to year, and as new varieties are produced in this way, you might secure something better than any of the varieties of today. They are very easily grown and bloom the second year after planting. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; 1 oz., 55c.

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWER SEEDS

Poppies—Hardy Perennial

New Hardy Oriental Red Popples— This new race of Oriental Poppies when once planted, continues blooming for several years without further trouble. The flowers often measure 6 inches across and are of the most intense brilliant red. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz. 25c.

Oriental Perennial Hybrids, Mixed—Flowers of gorgeous brilliancy, ranging from soft flesh and rose to brilliant dazzling scarlet. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c.

Iceland Poppies

(Papaver Nudicaule)

Hardy perennials, flower the first year from seed, blooming almost as quickly as the annual sorts. They are of graceful, neat habit, with bright green ternlike foliage, formed in tufts, from which issue slender stalks about 12 inches high, bearing their brilliant flowers in endless profusion.

New Hybrid Iceland Single Mixed—The latest development in this lovely species, varying in color from sulphur yellow through different shades of orange to chamois and salmony-rose, some of which are very striking. Pkt., 8c; 1/4 oz., 30c.

Iceland Double Mixed—This new perennial Iceland Poppy comes in all the beautiful colors of the single with the added beauty of perfect double and semidouble flowers. Pkt., 15c; 2 pkts., 25c.

Platycodon (Chinese Bell Flower)

Perennial plants with showy flowers. Blooms from spring until early fall. Height, 1 to 2 feet.

Finest Mixed—Blue and white flowers. Pkt., 7c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15c.

Perennial Phlox

Hardy Phlox (Perennial)—No class of hardy plants is more desirable than the Perennial Phloxes. They will thrive in any position and be used to advantage in the hardy border in large groups on the lawn, or planted in front of shrubery, where, by judicious pinching back and removing faded flowers, a constant succession of bloom may be had until frost. Pkt., 10c; 2 pkts., 15c.

45c COLLECTION of Perennial Flower Seeds

I Pkt. Aquilegia Coerulea12c
1 Pkt. Carnation Extra Choice Double
Mixed10c
I Pkt. Shasta Daisy Alaska 8c
I Pkt. Delphinium Perennial Blue Larkspur. 8c
1 Pkt. Poppy Perennial Oriental Red 8c
1 Pkt. Sweet William Dwarf Mixed 5c
I Pkt. Double Blue Canterbury Bell10c
Total 61c
Perennial Collection No. 31
SPECIAL PRICE45c

40c COLLECTION of Perennial Flowers

Suitable for Rock Gardens

1 Pkt. Alyssum Saxatile (Basket of Gold) 7c I Pkt. Dianthus Plumarius Double Mixed 10c I Pkt. Gypsophilia Perennial Double 15c I Pkt. Linaria Perennial Yellow 10c
I Pkt. Poppy Iceland Single Mixed 8c
Total 50c
Perennial Collection No. 32

SPECIAL PRICE.....40c

Sweet William Hardy Perennial

The best varieties of Sweet William are of exceedingly beautiful colors, very large and perfect in form with trusses of great size. Treatment as for carnation. The plants are perfectly hardy, and may be increased by division of the roots.

The colors pass from white to pink crimson, carmine and purple, with distinct eye encircled out flowers.

Red Sweet William—An attractive red, scarlet flower. Fine double flowers borne with the greatest freedom during spring and summer. Pkt., 7c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Dwarf Mixed—These seldom grow over 6 to 8 inches high. Profuse bloomers; excellent for borders or edging. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 15c.

Perennial Sweet Peas

Hardy vines of robust growth resembling Sweet Peas, but the flowers are not fragrant. Bloom through a long season and are excellent as cut flowers. The plants die down in the fall and start growth from the roots early in the spring. Height, six feet. White, pink and rose. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 25c.

Salvia Perennial Blue

Blooms from September to frost. If you know the salvias only by the crimson horror which defaces many a greensward, try angentea perennial blue, and learn what a self respecting plant this may be. Pkt., I5c; 2 pkts., 25c.

Violet

Sweet Vlolet—Well known, old fashioned hardy garden violet; prized for their fragrance and pretty blue and white flowers. Pkt., 8c; 2 pkts., 15c.

-DOUBLE PROFITS FROM LEGUME CROPS—

No Matter How Good Your Legume Crops Are Without Inoculation They Will Be Better Inoculated

You can now afford to inoculate all your legumes with dated, high count nitragin.

For your protection, because Legume Germs are PERISHABLE, every package of NITRAGIN bears the Expiration DATE as well as the Germ COUNT when packed, and the PRICE.

Lowest priced high quality inoculator on the market.

Now sells to the farmer at only 6½c per billion Legume Germs when packed in I bushel sizes for Alfalfa, Clovers, and Lespedeza—other NITRAGIN Cultures selling for as low as 5c per billion in bushel sizes—even lower price per billion on all large sizes.

NITRAGIN EASY TO APPLY

NITRAGIN is a regular, MOIST, soil-like culture packed in tins. Easy to apply. Directions on every can.



6½c
Per Billion
Legume

Germs

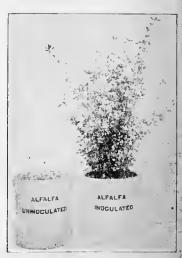


Garden Nitragln for Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas

Inoculates from 1 oz. to 8 lbs. seed, Price 25c

New Reduced Nitragin Inoculation Prices

For Alfalfa, Sweet Clover and All Clovers For ½ bu. Seed. \$. For 1 bu. Seed. 1. For 2½ bu. Seed. 1.	65
For Soy Beans and Cow Peas For 1 bu. Seed. \$ For 2 bu. Seed. . For 5 bu. Seed. 1. For I0 bu. Seed. 2.	65 40
For Peas, Beans and Vetch For ½ bu. Seed	



What Inoculation Does For Alfalfa

1935 SPRING AND FALL - THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. - YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

Prices of Field Seed Subject to Change Without Notice

NON-WARRANTY—The House of Gurney, Inc., does not give any warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants which it sends out, and will not be in any way held responsible for the crop.



Professor Hansen with Single Plant of Cossack Alfalfa

E GUARANTEE that all seed ordered from this catalog will prove of satisfactory germinating test to you, that is, on arrival of the seed test it, and if it does not prove satisfactory you may return it to us within fifteen days after receipt of the seed by you, returning at our expense and your money, together with the transportation charges which you have perishable article to be responsible for what may happen to it after it leaves his hands, especially one like seeds, which are planted under varying conditions of soil and climate, that we and all other American seed houses disclaim responsibility as to the crop that may be raised from seed which we sell. At the same time, in case of failure to secure proper results caused from some inherent fault in the seeds themselves, The House of Gurney, Inc. accept responsibility, not for the crop, but to the extent of the amount of money paid for the seed if immediately advised; or, seeds may be returned.

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GURNEY'S COSSACK ALFALFA

Purity 99% Germination 90% or better

Cossack alfalfa is no longer an experiment. It is many years now since Prof. N. E. Hansen of Brookings brought the first seed over from the wilds of Siberia where it had been growing under much more rigid climatic conditions than we find in any part of the United States. Today it has proved itself of infinite value to the farms of the great Northwest, since it grows and thrives in spite of low temperatures and does unusually well even on dry, high land. It has proved to be the best alfalfa from the Gulf of Mexico well up into Canada, producing plants in the far north seven feet high, and producing more hay per acre than any other alfalfa.

A few thousand dollars invested in Prof. Hansen's search for alfalfa in Siberia have returned themselves to the people of the United States many thousand fold. Every farmer owning land that would not produce common alfalfa profitably and successfully is now assured of a hardy alfalfa that will produce paying crops on that ground. We find the Cossaek Alfalfa is very frost resistant, in fact, almost frost-proof as heavy freezes in the middle of May killed back and destroyed the first cutting of common alfalfa while the Cossaek continued to grow and produce the regular crop of hay. We find in the fall it will be green and suitable for pasture, long after all other varieties are frozen and brown.

See Picture at left of Professor Hansen with single plant of Cossack alfalfa

Price of Cossack seed in sealed bags: 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.95; 10 lbs., \$3.75; 25 lbs., \$8.90; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$20.70; 100 lbs., \$33.60.

GRIMM'S ALFALFA

This alfalta was introduced into Minnesota from Germany in 1857 by a German immigrant named Grimm. The seed was planted on his farm, and it is claimed that plants from the original seed are still growing from the original planting.

We have a reasonable supply of this variety of seed to offer. 99% Pure and will germinate 90% or better.

Grimm's Alfalfa seed prices are where they belong. We quote Grimm's alfalfa at a legitimate price, one that gives us a fair profit on each transaction. Why pay more? 11b., 40c; 51bs., \$1.80; 10 lbs., \$3.45; 251bs., \$8.15; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$18.60; 100 lbs., \$29.85.

Nebraska Grown Alfalfa

Purity is over 99%, germination 90% or better. For those living south of Yankton, this alfalfa should be very satisfactory. At this low price you will save considerable money on your purchase of alfalfa seed 11b., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.80; 25 lbs., \$6.55; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$14.55; 100 lbs., \$23.75.

DAKOTA No. 12 ALFALFA SEED—Dakota and Montana Grown 99% Pure

For more than forty years the state of South Dakota has been producing crops of alfalfa that are profitable. We do not know the source of the seed first planted, but we do know that by process of elimination and the "survival of the fittest" that South Dakota is producing alfalfa seed that in turn produces the hardiest alfalfa plants, and those that will yield greater returns in hay than seed grown in any other part of the world. The alfalfa seed which we are offering you as Dakota and Montana grown is known as Dakota No. 12. This seed is produced from old fields or from fields whose parentage is the old Dakota fields. Our seed is all from the high and dry section of western South Dakota and Montana (where the rainfall is much less than in Minnesota, the home of much advertised high priced Grimm's Alfalfa), where the snow covering is very light or none at all, where the temperature drops from five to fifteen degrees lower than any other point in the state. These strennous conditions have eliminated any plant that may have been tender, leaving nothing but the hardiest to produce seed, and in each successive generation any plant showing any inherent weakness has been destroyed by these conditions and the fittest has survived.

Its roots, often measuring thirty feet in length, force their way deep into the subsoil in search of moisture and plant foods that cannot be reached by other plants. It draws nitrogen from the air and stores it in the soil more than 100 per cent faster than any other clover, excepting sweet clover. If your ground will grow alfalfa, you have "the world by the tail with a down hill pull." It is absolutely impossible for you to get better alfalfa seed in commercial quantities than Gurney Dakota No. 12 Alfalfa. We guarantee it to be 99 per cent pure. Sold for just what it is and at a price that brings it within the reach of all. Germination 90%.

All alfalfa seed offered by us is recleaned and first class in every respect.

PRICE												
-1	1b					\$0.40						
- 5	lbs					1.05						
10	lbs					3.25						
25	lbs					7.75						
60	lbs. (1 bu.)				!	17.85						
00	lbs					28.63						

SWEET CLOVER

Because of the higher prices of Alfalfa, Clovers and many of the grass seeds, more sweet clover will be planted this year than ever before. We may be compelled to raise the price of sweet clover later.

Scarified White Blossom Sweet Clover Seed

A great many years ago a Nebraska farmer called at our office and wanted to purchase one bushel of the white flowered Sweet Clover seed. We were both pained and surprised to think any man wished to plant the so-called weed. We told him so in a few harsh words, and refused to sell it to him. He told us if we did not get it for him he would buy it himself and plant it anyway. We finally consented to get it and told him we would watch results. This was planted opposite Yankton on the Missouri Bottoms, and produced an immense quantity of bee feed, for the purpose for which this man purchased it. After it had grown one or two years he commenced to take a crop of hay from it and found it produced more bee feed and a good crop of hay that his stock was equally as fond of as alfalfa.

Then we commenced to write about it and urged its planting almost everywhere. Today there is almost as great a demand for Swcet Clover as for Alfalfa.

White Blossom Sweet Clover has become such a necessary crop on the farm, and under old conditions there was so much trouble having satisfactory germination, that we shall scarify all of this sweet clover seed that goes to our customers and we will not charge you one cent more for this than you would have to pay for that which is not scarified. On numerous tests of

sweet clover seed, unscarified, we find the germination from 25 to 50 per cent; on the same seed, scarified, we often have 95 per cent germination in a seven days' test.

Comparative analyses of sweet clover, alfalfa, and proper seeds to be seed that the state of the seeds of t

Comparative analyses of sweet clover, alfalfa, red clover, timothy, and cow peas showed that only the alfalfa and cow peas excelled sweet clover in percentage of protein. Plant from 8 to 15 lbs. per acre. We would advise that you place your order very early, as there will be an immense demand for it this season. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.45; 25 lbs., \$3.35; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$7.15; 100 lbs., \$11.65.

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

This is preferred by some to the white blossomed for pasture and inoculation of soils. One of the best sweet clovers for hay as the

One of the best sweet clovers for hay as the fine, leafy stems are easier to cure than the larger, coarser White Blossom variety. Grows from three to four feet tall. Under favorable conditions will produce 2 or 3 tons fine hay per acre. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.45; 25 lbs., \$3.35; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$7.15; 100 lbs., \$11.65.

To The House of Gurney:

In all my thirty years of gardening I have never had such wonderful flowers and vegetables until I got my seeds from your House.

Yours truly, Mrs. J. C. Murray, Hawarden, lowa

Grundy County Dwarf Sweet Clover

We offer this special strain of Dwarf Sweet Clover, originated in Grundy County, Illinois, with a firm belief that it will be of considerable value in excess of the common Sweet Clover.

This strain is earlier, more dwarf, and leafy than the common Clover and has several outstanding features:

First, the fact is that it is three weeks earlier than the common Sweet Clover. Thus the seed ripens ahead of most seeds and of frost.

Second, it grows to a good height and makes a good hay crop and it is not as tall, woody and hard to handle as the common.

Third, it is finer and more leafy than the common and branches thick about one foot above the ground, making a greater quantity of better quality hay. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.45; 25 lbs., \$3.35; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$7.15; 100 lbs., \$11.65.



Inoculator

for Sweet Clover ½ bu...\$.35 1 bu... .65 2½ bu... 1.40

-CLOVER SEED-

Red Clover

Medium Red—Our red clover seed is all northern grown. This seed will be much better for the northern planter and also for those south of us than seed grown in Kansas and Nebraska. It complies with every State law.

Valuable not only as a forage plant, but also for its fertilizing properties on the soil. As a forage plant, it makes an excellent quality of hay and can be cut at least twice a year. Weight, 60 lbs. per bushel. Sow about 12 to 15 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.30; 25 lbs., \$7.90; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$18.60; 100 lbs., \$30.65.

Mammoth Red Clover—This grows much taller than Red Medium, with larger, leafier stalks, and large slightly pointed leaflets. It will produce more hay on poor ground than any of the other clovers. (60 lbs. per bu.), 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$3.30; 25 lbs., \$7.90; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$18.60; 100 lbs., \$30.65.

Alsike

Or Swedlsh Clover—It is one of the hardiest varieties known, being perennial and absolutely refuses to winter kill; it is alike capable of resisting the extremes of drought or wet. It is a great favorite with all who have tried it. Produces annually a great quantity of herbage of excellent quality. Sow in spring or tall, about 8 to 10 pounds per acre. Weight, 60 lbs. per bu. 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.85; 25 lbs., \$9.25; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$21.60; 100 lbs., \$35.80.

White Dutch Clover For Lawns

Also an excellent pasture Clover, forming with Kentucky Blue Grass the finest and most nutritious food for sheep and cows. Sow 5 or 6 pounds to acre. Weight, 60 lbs., per bu. 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.85; 25 lbs., \$9.25; 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$21.60; 100 lbs., \$35.80.

Alsike and Timothy Mixture

L 20 Per Cent Alsike—80 Per Cent Timothy
In the Northwest there is a great demand for
a mixture of Alsike and Timothy Seed mixed in
the right proportion ready for sowing. This
mixture is especially valuable for low, wet places,
for permanent meadow or for pasture, and on
account of the very low price at which we offer
it, you can seed down more of your farm to grass.
I lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70; 25 lbs.,
\$6.65; 50 lbs., \$12.70; 100 lbs., \$24.75.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Dear Sir:

We got fifty pounds of Cossack alfalfa seed of you this spring and I believe every seed grew. Very dry here now.

Yours respectfully, Mrs. Fred Drant, Sherburn, Minn., Route 1

——GRASSES FOR LAWNS, PASTURE AND HAY——

Meadow Fescue

Or English Blue Grass—Now, this grass succeeds well in almost all soils from high, dry land to moist, wet land standing the summer heat excellently. It is valuable as a pasture grass being one of the earliest in the spring and latest in the fall. It is highly recommended as a large yielding, nutritious pasture and hay grass for all sections of the country. Sow either in the spring or fall at the rate of twenty to thirty pounds per acre. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.30; 25 lbs., \$5.45; 50 lbs., \$10.35; 100 lbs., \$19.80.

English or Perennial Rye Grass

(Lolium Peranne)—One of the best and most nutritious grasses for permanent meadows and pastures; it endures close cropping and recovers quickly after cutting. Docs best on strong, rich soils. (24 lb. per bu.) 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.40; 25 lbs., \$2.85; 50 lbs., \$5.25; 100 lbs., \$9.90.

Red Top

Choice (Agrostis Vulgaris)—A permanent and very hardy, native perennial grass succeeding best on moist land, making a good pasture when fed close. It is also valuable for low, wet meadows producing large crops of good hay. It accommodates itself to a variety of soils, however, even to quite dry situations and stands a hot climate admirably. Mix a third Red Top when you sow your lawn with Blue Grass and White Clover and be assured of a good stand. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.55; 25 lbs., \$5.85; 50 lbs., \$10.95; 100 lbs., \$20.80.

Uncle Phil will be glad to help you with your farming problems. Write him.

Reed Canary Grass or Phalaris

A magnificent grass for wet, low-lying, poorly drained soils—in fact, the only grass we know of for reclaiming waste, marshy lands. On many farms are to be found low wet situations where neither Red Top, Alsike, nor anything else will grow, and for these situations, Phalaris or Reed Canary Grass is the thing to plant. The leaves are quite broad and the plant flourishes, often growing 5 to 7 feet high. Underground stems rapidly form a tough sod and hold hay machinery without difficulty. Yields of 4.57 tons of hay per acre from two cuttings, have been reported. One acre will pasture 3 or 4 cows and may be grazed closely except in the fall. If you have any wet or swampy land, Phalaris is the grass to plant. Broadcast 5 to 6 pounds per acre or drill in ½-inch deep. As the seed shatters so easily and present acreage is limited, the seed is expensive but it is a real investment. 1 lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.85; 10 lbs., \$9.25. Write for prices on larger amounts.

GRASSES FOR LAWNS, PASTURE AND HAY



Uncle Phil In Mother Gurney's Backyard

Kentucky Blue Grass

This famous grass does well almost everywhere if the soil is fairly rich, moist, and moder-

ately well-drained.

Kentucky Blue Grass will last for many years as the plants are fed from underground roots and rarely need reseeding. It withstands hard wear remarkably well, forming a firm, tough sod. Kentucky Blue Grass should be sown as early as possible to give it a good start before the weeds spring up. It is the best of all grasses for lawns, golf courses and parks. When sown alone, use thirty-five to forty pounds per acre. Fancy cleaned seed. Per lb., 38c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40; 25 lbs., \$7.90; 50 lbs., \$14.95; 100 lbs., \$29.40.

City Lawn Mixture

This mixture consists of Kentucky Blue Grass and White Dutch Clover mixed in the correct proportions to make a rich velvety lawn the first year. Use this mixture for lawns where you have a supply of water available. Plant as early in the spring as possible using 1 lb. of seed to each 200 square feet of surface. Water liberally, fertilize the soil if it needs it, especially under the trees where the soil is apt to be poor. By the first of July, your lawn will be green and beautiful and far enough advanced to withstand the hot weather of July and August. Prices: 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.80; 10 lbs., \$3.40; 25 lbs., \$7.90; 50 lbs., \$14.95; 100 lbs., \$29.40.

Bent Grass

More people are using Bent Grass for lawns each year. The seed costs more than other grass seed but the results are well worth while. Plant Bent Grass and your new lawn will be the show place of the neighborhood.

Prince Edward Island Certified Bent Grass

An extra hardy strain of Colonial Bent, grown on Prince Edward Island, under very severe winter conditions. Requires less cutting, less water and less top dressing than the creeping varieties. Prices: ½ 1b., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.15; 5 lbs., \$5.45; 10 lbs., \$10.50; 25 lbs., \$24.25.

South German Bent—This seed has been commonly called "Creeping Bent" but it contains over 5% of the actual stoloniferous species. It is a natural mixture, and is probably the most widely used of the bents. It is a combination of

South German Bent—This seed has been commonly called "Creeping Bent" but it contains over 5% of the actual stoloniferous species. It is a natural mixture, and is probably the most widely used of the bents. It is a combination of Colonial Bent, Velvet Bent and Creeping Bent. Many Golf Course Architects and Landscape Architects specify its use altogether. Averages 80% pure and 80% germination. ½ 1b., 60c; 11b., \$1.15;51bs., \$5.45;101bs., \$10.50;251bs., \$24.25.

Capitol Lawn Mixture

It is made up of the seed of several fine leaved grasses, selected and recommended by the ex-

perts of the Agricultural Department at Washington. We can conceive of no better authority on the subject than these painstaking investigators. It may be said here concerning all these special purpose grass mixtures that they are based mainly on the results of these field trials at the department and at various State Experimental Stations. The mixture offered here for lawn purposes has been tested thoroughly under the severe conditions of our climate. I lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.80; 10 lbs., \$3.40; 25 lbs., \$7.90; 50 lbs., \$14.95; 100 lbs., \$29.40.

Shady Lawn Mixture

Certain fine grasses are used that show a particular aptitude for maintaining their growth in the shade of trees. These grasses are generally shy seeders and consequently the seed is high priced, as will be noted in our list, but the results obtained will fully warrant the cost. 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.80; 10 lbs., \$3.40; 25 lbs., \$7.90; 50 lbs., \$14.95; 100 lbs., \$29.40.

Canadian Blue Grass

Very similar to Kentucky Blue but grows a little coarser. It can be grown on poor soil where Kentucky will not thrive. It grows about two feet high, makes exceptionally fine hay greatly relished by stock of all kinds. As a pasture for dairy cows, it is especially valuable. It is also a very popular lawn grass where Kentucky Blue will not thrive. I 1b., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.35; 25 lbs., \$7.85; 50 lbs., \$15.25; 100 lbs., \$29.40.

Timothy

Dakota Grown; thoroughly recleaned, the best Timothy Seed on earth. You know what Timothy is, and you can grow it. A few years ago it was almost unknown to the farmers and stock growers of South Dakota; today it is growing successfully in the eastern half of South Dakota, from the south to the north line. Most farmers have their Timothy and clover meadows and pastures. Our seed is all northern grown, and of the very best grade. (45 lb. per bu.) 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$6.50; 50 lbs., \$12.50; 100 lbs., \$24.50.

Orchard Grass ·

It is of exceptional value for permanent pastures and for hay crops. It is very early, coming in ahead of all other grasses, recovers quickly after being cut, and endures close cropping by cattle. Thrives well on all soils and attains its greatest perfection on strong, moist clay lands. (14 lb., per bu.). 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.40; 25 lbs., \$5.55; 50 lbs., \$10.45; 100 lbs., \$19.80.

Bromus Inermis (Hungarian Brome Grass)

Bromus Inermis is a vigorous, lardy perennial with strong, creeping roots. It is especially valuable for poor, dry soil for hay and pasture



E. B. Dunn of Monona, Iowa With His Glant Zanzibarensis Castor Bean

as it withstands heat, drought, and cold, out-yielding most other grasses. It is useful for sowing on steep hillsides, terraces, and the levies as it forms a very firm sod and keeps the soil from being washed away. They make an early growth, two to three weeks before any other grass, and remain green approximately until November. It stands the closest cropping without injury. This grass grows three to four feet high yielding enormous crops of excellent hay, two to four tons per acre. The best hay is cut when the grass is in full bloom. Sow Bromus Inermis at the rate of twenty to twenty-five pounds per acre with two-thirds the usual quantity of small grain. It may also be sown with winter grain. 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.85; 10 lbs., \$3.50; 25 lbs., \$8.25; 50 lbs., \$16.10; 100 lbs., \$31.40.

Pasture Mixtures

There are certain desirable mixtures of various kinds of grasses that give you the best results on highlands or lowlands. As we have made a study of the proper mixtures for this purpose for many years, we can give you better results than if you selected your own. We spend lots of time and money in studying the various grasses and knowing where they will succeed best. In ordering pasture mixture, state whether it is for high or low land. Each of these requires an entirely different mixture. By securing this best mixture, you can ordinarily pasture fifty per cent more stock per acre than you can with most of the ordinary or a single variety of grass, besides having a continuous pasture from early in the spring until it is covered with snow in the fall. Sow 25 lbs. per acre.

Upland Pasture Mixture

1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.55; 10 lbs., \$2.90; 25 lbs., \$6.75; 50 lbs., \$12.80; 100 lbs., \$24.90; 500 lbs., \$123.50.

Lowland Pasture Mixture

11b., 35c; 51bs., \$1.55; 101bs., \$2.90; 251bs., \$6.75; 501bs., \$12.80; 1001bs., \$24.90; 5001bs., \$123.50.

BUY GURNEY'S SELECTED SEED CORN

Why not plant the best seed corn, when it only costs 32c per acre? Why pay more when you can buy the best from Gurney's at this low price? All seed corn Germinates 90% or better. We Have Originated and Introduced Many of the Best Varieties of Early Corn. Gurney's August 15th and Gurney's Rainbow Flint are two of our own creations.

Gurney's August 15th Corn

This corn is of our own origination and is nearly identical with Minnesota No. 23. Ours was introduced and catalogued by us one year previous to the Minnesota stations sending out their No. 23. Produces a medium sized ear of light yellow corn with a white cap. It is extra early or earlier than Northwestern Dent. It is more desirable corn on account of its higher feeding value and many people object to a real red corn like Northwestern Dent. The ears of August 15th are almost perfect in shape and it is a very desirable corn for early feeding for August, and especially valuable for the main crop variety for the extreme north, even

into central Canada. It has saved the pocketbook of the southern farmer by furnishing him feed long before any other varieties. Plant it for hogging off. Your hogs will enjoy a scrap with a good field of August 15th. Plant it hy

mid-May and you can husk it on the 15th of August. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.10; 28 lbs., \$2.00; 1 bu., \$3.70; 5 bu., \$18.20; 10 bu., \$36.00.

Minnesota 13

The Corn That Added Millions of Dollars to Farm Values and Crowded the Corn Belt 300 Miles Further North

Minnesota 13—When the Minnesota Department of Agriculture originated and disseminated Minnesota No. 13 they could not realize the countless millions of dollars they were adding to the agricultural wealth of the Northwest. This was the forerunner of the early varieties that made corngrowing profitable much further north than it had been previously. They gave us a high yielding, high protein content corn that would grow several hundred miles north of the profitable corn-producing belt heretofore.

Minnesota No. 13 is a yellow variety and has been grown successfully as far north in North Da-

kota and Montana as the Canadian line. With us May 25 planting matures about September 1, depending, of course, on the season. This variety is out-yielding many later varieties by actual weight per acre. We do not advise Minnesota No. 13 for the main crop further north than central North Dakota because unusual weather conditions might destroy the crop further

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north than that. To the people of Kansas, Oklahoma, Iowa and Nehraska, who are short feed from the previous crop, plant Minnesota 13 for early feed or hogging down. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., 95c; 28 lbs., \$1.50; 1 bu., \$2.40; 5 bu., \$11.50; 10 bu., \$22.00.

DeWolf's Extra Prolific

This is another production of the late M. J. DeWolf. This corn matures well to the central part of South Dakota and can be grown in the same district as Minnesota No. 13, but will outyield it.

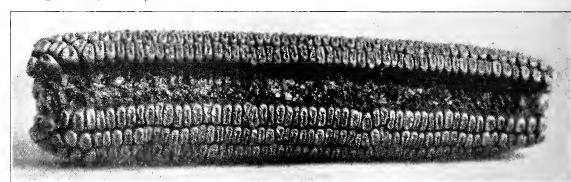
This bright, yellow corn will outyield any other early corn and should be planted in the central half of South Dakota and southern Minnesota.

We believe that if you try this corn one year you will discard the corn you are now growing and plant

corn you are now growing and plant DeWolf's Prolific exclusively. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., 95c; 28 lbs., \$1.50; 1 bu., \$2.40; 5 bu., \$11.50; 10 bu., \$22.00.



For the last ten years we have grown and selected a Reid's Yellow Dent that would be satisfactory to the planter in the southern tier of counties in South Dakota, northern Nebraska and northern Iowa, as well as those farther south. Reid's Yellow Dent is the ideal corn where it can be safely grown. It is too late for any place north of the north line of lowa and our strain of Reid's is the earliest grown. Dakota Grown Reid's: 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., 80c; 28 lbs., \$1.25; 1 bu., \$2.00; 5 bu., \$9.75; 10 bu., \$19.00.



Wimple's Yellow Dent

A famous Dakota variety of corn. It originated with Mr. Wimple, a corn specialist of South Dakota, and is now largely planted over the corn belt throughout the northern states. This variety, which has had a lot of careful work put on it, is a hright yellow corn, producing kernels of unusual depth. It gives good results anywhere south of central South Dakota, southern counties in Minnesota and all points south. The ears grow well upon the stalk and the stalks are from 7 to 9 feet high, depending on the location and the soil, and climatic conditions. Our seed is grown in South Dakota. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., 80c; 28 lbs., \$1.25; 1 bu., \$2.00; 5 bu., \$9.75; 10 bu., \$19.00.

North Dakota White Dent

This extremely early White Dent Corn has been thoroughly tried out in the extreme north and has made good, maturing in North Dakota in any ordinary section.

in any ordinary season.

In size like Minnesota No. 13, Yellow Dent, and, like the No. 13, stands up well even in the extreme north. Stalks grow to a height of seven feet, ears are up three feet from the ground, making it easily harvested with the Corn Binder.

It has been bred for yield and earliness, and will withstand more extremes of weather than any other Corn grown, with reasonably good farming, 40 bushels to the acre. Our supply of this corn is grown in South Dakota. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., 95c; 28 lbs., \$1.50; 1 bu., \$2.40; 5 bu., \$11.50; 10 bu., \$22.00.

1935 SPRING AND FALL . THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. . YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

SELECTED SEED CORN (Continued)



Andy Greer with three ears of Gurney's Rainbow Filmt Corn. Mr. Greer is in charge of Seed Corn Department at Gurney's

Red Cob Ensilage Corn

Among all the varieties of Ensilage corn, this one gives the greatest product of green forage per acre, amounting on rich land and proper cultivation to as much as 10 tons. The fodder is sweet, tender and juicy, growing to a height of 10 to 14 feet. It is easier for the average farmer, and the first cost is less, to sow the ordinary field corn for ensilage purposes, but the thoughtful farmer will consider quantity and equality of the products as of first importance. 28 lbs., \$1.00; 1 bu., \$1.75; 5 bu., \$8.60; 10 bu., \$17.00.

We have good stocks of the following varieties of corn, selected for high yielding qualities, of the correct type, and germinating 90% or better.

Wisconsin No. 7, White, 2 bu., \$4.00; 5 bu., \$9.75; 10 bu., \$19.00.

Golden Jewell, Yellow, 2 bu., \$4.50; 5 bu., \$11.00; 10 bu., \$21.50.

Golden King, Yellow, 2 bu., \$4.50; 5 bu., \$11.00; 10 bu., \$21.50.

Krug, Yellow, 2 bu., \$4.50; 5 bu., \$11.00; 10 bu., \$21.50.

South American Mammoth Popcorn

This new big yellow popcorn has taken the country by storm, and when it is better known, will be the main popcorn for popcorn stands and home use. The kernels pop out about three times the size of ordinary popcorn. ½ pt., 15c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80; 25 lbs., \$3.75; 50 lbs., \$6.65; 100 lbs., \$12.75.

Japanese Hull-less Popcorn

It is the smallest and best of all popcorn. The stalks grow four to five feet high and each stalk produces three to six well developed ears. The corn when popped is snowy white and the kernels are free from hard centers, as found in all other varieties. Popcorn dealers pay more for this corn than any other variety. ½, pt., 15c; 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., \$1.55; 25 lbs., \$3.10; 50 lbs., \$5.60; 100 lbs., \$10.25.

Popcorn—White Rice

About one farmer in ten grows Popcoin, even the little amount that is required for the children's popping during the winter months, when it is enjoyed so much. Give the children this year a little spot in the garden where they can plant at least one pound of Rice Popcoin for their own use this coming winter. ½ pt., 10c; 1 ft., 25c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.40; 25 lbs., \$2.90; 50 lbs., \$5.10; 100 lbs., \$9.25.

Gurney's Rainbow Flint —Seed Dakota Grown

The largest eared, highest yielding, early Flint corn, originated by us and catalogued for the first time in 1915.

This is a variety of corn that we are proud of. It is the corn child that we think more of than any other. Several years ago, Professor Hansen was visiting us while attending the State Horticulture meeting. As usual, he was talking of the production and the method of production of new varieties. We finally talked corn, and the Mendel theories of production. Professor Hansen made the statement that if we would secure somewhere a variety of inbred corn, the longer it had been bred the better; go in another direction and bred the better; go in another direction and secure another variety, inbred just as long so that there would be no danger of these two lots being related in any way; place each variety in separate planters, planting two rows of one variety, then two rows of the other; then detassel one of the varieties and save it for seed, then we would receive from this seed a remarkable yield of corn, but that we must not continue it beyond one year, as the chances were almost 1 to 1,000 that the second year it would degenerate and show the bad traits of both parents. We planted the seed as directed by him, and produced a wonderful yield of remarkable, large ears of early maturing flint corn, of about every color you can The yield was so great, and so much better than either parent, that we thought we would take that one chance and try it again. Time has proven that we struck the one chance in the thousand, and produced a wonderful flint corn. It is getting to be standard everywhere, as the largest producer of corn and fodder, the finest to look at, and one of the earliest to mature. It produces a remarkable yield in the South and is the main crop for early hogging off in all sections of the country. It is not unusual to produce a very large percentage of 14-inch ears of 14, 16 and 18 rows. Try it in the field and in the hog pen. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.30; 28 lbs., \$2.40; 1 bu., \$4.20; 5 bu., \$20.50; 10 bu., \$40.00.

Gehu Flint

The earliest flint corn grown. Makes good yields of both corn and fodder. Fine for late planting or for hogging down. 1 lb., 25c; 14 lbs., \$1.30; 28 lbs., \$2.40; 1 bu., \$4.20; 5 bu., \$20.50.

Dakota Flint

This medium early flint corn will yield an immense crop of corn and fodder and is especially valuable for ensilage purposes. 1 lb., 20c; 14 lbs., \$1.30; 28 lbs., \$2.40; 1 bu., \$4.20; 5 bu., \$20.50.

Sweet Fodder Corn

There is nothing better for summer and fall green feed or for curing for winter than Sweet Corn. Being sweet and palatable, cattle eat every part of the stalks and leaves. Always a great favorite with dairy farmers. Can be planted in drills or broadcast. Sow I to 1½ bushels broadcast. 10 lbs., \$1.20; 25 lbs., \$2.50; 50 lbs., \$4.50; 100 lbs., \$8.25.

Sand Vetch

Sometimes called Hairy Vetch. Thrives surprisingly on poor, light land, and well withstands extremes of drought, heat and cold. It may be sown either in the spring or fall, usually with Rye. In the North, it remains all winter under the snow and it is invaluable for early pasturing or soiling. It is valuable as a fertilizer, being a great nitrogen gatherer. For hay, cut when commencing to pod. Fifty pounds seed per acre. 11b., 30c; 10 lbs., \$1.95; 50 lbs., \$8.25; 100 lbs., \$15.50.

Buckwheat

Silver Hulled —This is a later, heavier yielding variety, which is common in the East and which is used so extensively there as a late crop. Buckwheat is an excellent poultry feed, in fact, it is too little appreciated by most poultry raisers. We know of one case where one-quarter acre field furnished seed for over three hundred chickens for three months. They were allowed to harvest the crop themselves. Sow 36 pounds per acre in drills; 48 pounds broadcast. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 80c; 25 lbs., \$1.25; 50 lbs., \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$3.80.

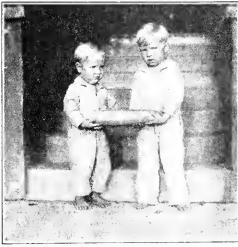
Canada Field Peas

Canada Field Peas planted at the rate of 50 lbs. per acre, with 1½ bushels of oats, will produce the most valuable hog and other stock fodder for fall and winter feeding and for early summer pasture that you can possibly plant, Valuable, I will say, first on account of its earliness, maturing four to six weeks earlier than corn. Second, the immense yield of rich fodder, We advise sowing with the peas, the Kherson or Iowa 103 Oats, as they mature at about the same time. If planted alone sow 90 lbs. per acre. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.10; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 50 lbs., \$3.75; 100 lbs., \$6.80.

Soy Beans

Soy beans are easy to grow and are especially valuable for soil too poor or acid for other legumes. They withstand drought well and are not easily damaged by moisture. They make a good emergency crop as they can be sown late after other crops fail or are washed out. They deposit large quantities of nitrogen in the soil, building up poor land on which clover or alfalfa cannot be grown. It is most important as a feed and ensilage crop. Soy beans, as a hay crop, are higher in protein content than alfalfa hay or field peas. For dairy cattle, the hay is equal to alfalfa hay. They make wonderful ensilage when grown with corn and are also used for hog pasture. They take the place of oil meal and are even more palatable and digestible.

Manchu—1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs., 75c; 25 lbs., \$1.35; 50 lbs., \$2.30; 100 lbs., \$4.25; 500 lbs., \$20.95.



Tommy and Bobble Lucas of Edgerton, Minn. holding a 16 inch Gurney's Longfellow cucumber

PEDIGREED STOCK OF SEED GRAIN

DiD you drive through North Dakota, South Dakota, or Nebraska last summer and see field after field yellow with mustard? Most of this seed was trucked in or shipped in to elevators—sold and planted without

cleaning. It will take years to get these fields cleaned up again. Can you afford to plant this kind of seed when you can buy clean grain for planting at our low prices?

BARLEY Velvet Barley

A High Quality Malting Barley

Also known as Minnesota No. 447. This plump, six rowed barley, introduced by the Minnesota Experiment Station, was first distributed in 1926. It is a heavy yielder, it has very stiff straw, and is much more disease resistant than other varieties.

The great advantage of this superb new barley over other sorts is its freedom from the troublesome awns, hence the name, Velvet Barley. However, none of the yield was sacrificed in breeding this smoothness of awns. 48 lbs., \$1.55; 96 lbs., \$2.95; 480 lbs., \$14.25; 50 bu., \$70.00.

Wisconsin Pedigree No. 6 A Good Malting Barley

(2 to 2½ bu. sow one acre) 48 lb. in one bushel. To Prof. Moore, the agronomist of the Wisconsin Experiment Station belongs the credit for having

originated this splendid barley.

The average yield of it in Wisconsin for five years has been 36½ bushels per acre, and the average yield of common varieties was 20 bushels during the same time. Pedigreed Barley grows taller than any other six rowed sort and has

that any other six lower sort and has very thin straw which stands up better than that of Oderbrucker. 48 lbs., \$1.45; 96 lbs., \$2.80; 480 lbs., \$13.75; 50 bu., \$67.50.

Blue Hulless Barley Not a Malting Barley

Has no hulls. Earliest and best hog feed grown. Yields immense crops that thresh out from the hull just as wheat does, better and richer for feeding purposes than any other barley. Plant for earliest feed. 48 lbs., \$1.60; 96 lbs., \$3.00; 480 lbs., \$14.75; 50 bu., \$72.50.

WHEAT Burbank Quality Wheat

Burbank Quality Wheat—A new spring wheat originated and introduced by Luther Burbank, the plant wizard. It has withstood the ravages of the Black Rust better than most varieties, makes remarkable yields of high quality wheat. Sample of this was submitted by us to the Terminal Markets and they pronounced it a good bread-making wheat that would sell at practically the same price as the Marquis and other spring wheats. Will outyield all others. 1 bu., \$1.60; 2 bu., \$3.10; 5 bu., \$7.50; 10 bu., \$14.75; 50 bu., \$72.50.

Ceres Wheat

Originated by the North Dakota Experiment Station, a cross of Marquis and Kota—outyields either Kota or Marquis. Is highly resistant to stem rust and will replace most other varieties in the spring wheat belt. Our stock of this new wheat was grown in North Dakota. Thoroughly recleaned and is fancy seed stock in every respect. 1 bu., \$1.60; 2 bu., \$3.10; 5 bu., \$7.50; 10 bu., \$14.75; 50 bu., \$72.50.

Marquis Wheat

The Marquis is an early variety. It is three or four days earlier than most of the other Fife varieties. Because or its earliness it escapes the drought of dry years, the rust and fall rains of wet seasons, and also the early fall frosts. These are the characteristics which have made it specially valuable.

Marquis Wheat—1 bu., \$1.60; 2 bu., \$3.00; 5 bu., \$7.35; 10 bu., \$14.50; 50 bu., \$70.00.

DWARF BROOM CORN

The Dwarf Broom Corn stands up better than the taller varieties, is practically free from crooked brush. The fiber is long and fine and commands always the highest market price. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.30; 25 lbs., \$2.85; 50 lbs., \$5.10; 100 lbs., \$9.75.

SEED OATS Iogold Oats

logold, a new variety of oats offered for distribution by the Farm Crops Section of the lowa Agricultural Experiment Station in 1927, has three distinct qualities which recommend it to lowa farmers. Its advantages are stiffness of straw, high yield of grain and resistance to stem rust.

The seed of logold Oats is still scarce and will cost a little more than other varieties but it is worth it. Why not be the first in your neighborhood to raise this new oat? 1 bu., 95c; 3 bu., \$2.70; 10 bu., \$8.75; 50 bu., \$42.50.

Gopher Oats

One of the earliest maturing, open-panicled with white grain, stiff strawed, and especially recommended for southern Minnesota. In the past few years its yielding ability has been outstanding in practically every territory that has used it. It is especially high yielding on peat lands.

Gopher oats were originated for the purpose of obtaining a high yielding variety with a stiff straw. 1 bu., 95c; 3 bu., \$2.70; 10 bu., \$8.75; 50 bu., \$42.50.

Iowar Oats

It is of the Kherson type but newer than Iowa 103 or Iowa 105; Iowar is a fine white color, straws quite short and ripens extremely early. It has given heavy yields in the large number of tests made throughout Iowa and Wisconsin. The yield is invariably very satisfactory. I recommend this variety very highly. 1 bu., 95c; 3 bu., \$2.70; 10 bu., \$8.75; 50 bu., \$42.50.

Kherson Oats

Our seed from this variety is secured from seed of the original Taylor importation, and is absolutely pure Kherson Oats. It is a smaller oat than most, and takes at least one peck less per acre for sowing. This oat should be largely planted as the difference of 10 to 15 days in earliness of maturity will escape the rust period; save that much risk of winds, hail and bugs. It also lengthens the harvest season, allowing you to get along with less high-priced help. 1 bu., 95c; 3 bu., \$2.70; 10 bu., \$8.75; 50 bu., \$42.50.



Don Gurney in a Field of Grohoma

Regenerated Swedish Select Oats

In the best season the new Regenerated Swedish Select Oats have made some wonderful yields in the North. They are certainly the leading late oats at the present time and it is probable they will continue to be so. It is not unusual to see fields growing 100 bushels per acre and weighing as high as 38 lbs. per measured bushel. Our stock of this oat is strictly pure and at the price you should sow a good field. 1 bu., \$1.00; 3 bu., \$2.85; 10 bu., \$9.00; 50 bu., \$44.00.

FLAX

Bison Wilt Resistant—One of the most recent introductions of the North Dakota Experiment Station. It is famous for its almost complete resistance to wilt, and coupled with this is its vigor and heavy yield. Bison Wilt Resistant Flax is a large seeded variety, the seed being much larger than any other sort, and is replacing other varieties now being grown. 56 lbs., \$2.95; 112 lbs., \$5.80; 560 lbs., \$28.50; 50 bu., \$140.00.

Argentine Flax—This is an importation from Argentina, grown for the last several years in the Northwest where it is apparently making a very high yield of a very large flax berry; nearly a half larger than other varieties. This flax commands about five cents per bushel by crushers over other varieties. 56 lbs., \$2.95; 112 lbs., \$5.80; 560 lbs., \$28.50; 50 bu., \$140.00.

Buda Flax

This new, small seeded wilt resistant flax will replace other small seeded varieties on account of its high yields, wilt and drought resistance, and its tall, strong straw. 56 lbs., \$2.95; 112 lbs., \$5.80; 560 lbs., \$28.50; 50 bu., \$140.00.

SPELTZ, OR EMMER

It makes a good crop with almost any condition of soil and climate. It is neither wheat, rye nor barley, and yet it appears to be a combination of these. It is more like wheat than any of the others mentioned. All kinds of animals seem to thrive on it. It is a heavy yielder. Will grow well and produce enormous crops on land where wheat will not grow. 50 lbs., \$1.65; 100 lbs., \$3.00; 500 lbs., \$14.50; 1000 lbs., \$28.50.

WINTER OR FALL RYE

This valuable forage plant produces pasture from early in the spring until late in the fall if sown in the spring. It seldom produces any head and gives you good pasture all summer. It is also an excellent fertilizer, plowing it under in mid-summer. 14 lbs., 60c; 28 lbs., 90c; 56 lbs., \$1.40; 112 lbs., \$2.75; 560 lbs., \$13.50.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE

I want to impress it on you, that the Dwarf Essex Rape will grow and thrive, and be profitable in many places on your farm. In the spring when you are sowing small grains, sow it at the rate of 4 pounds per acre with your grain. This will furnish valuable pasture after harvest. Plant it with fall rye at the rate of about three pounds to the acre in the months of April or May, and it will make you a good pasture with the rye in summer. Plant it by itself at the rate of 5 lbs. per acre and see the immense yield of forage it will produce. Sow it at the rate of 3 lbs. per acre with your cultivation of corn. This is undoubtedly the most profitable place to sow rape seed. If you are hogging the corn down, the hogs will clean the rape as well as the corn. Dwarf Essex Rape is the only variety that is valuable. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 25 lbs., \$2.15; 50 lbs., \$3.70; 100 lbs., \$6.75; 500 lbs., \$33.00.

MILLETS AND SORGHUMS FOR HAY AND GRAIN

MILLETS FOR HAY White Wonder Millet

Plant 30 lbs. per acre White Wonder Millet is much earlier than Golden Millet and almost as early as Siberian

The foliage is very heavy and the leaves broad, resembling those of corn. It produces an immense amount of excellent fodder which cures very readily. Per 1b., 20c; 50 lbs., \$3.95; 100 lbs., \$7.45; 500 lbs., \$36.75.

The New Siberian Millet

Plant 30 lbs. per acre.

The most wonderfully productive and satisfactory forage plants, possessing in a superior degree all the essential merits of any of the older sorts, besides many other points of excellence that distinguish it and render it a most valuable addition to the list of forages. 1 lb., 20c; 50 lbs., \$3.75; 100 lbs., \$6.95; 500 lbs., \$33.75.

German Millet

Sometimes called Golden Millet. Few other grasses or forage plants have been able to produce the enormous yields of this plant. It has produced four to five tons of hay to the acre and from seventy to eighty bushels of seed. It may be sown on newly broken ground in the spring and as late as July. Leaves the ground in excellent condition for the following crop. Plant thirty pounds to the acre. 1 lb., 202; 75 \$36.75.

Japanese Millet

Plant 20 lbs. per acre
It has been sold under different names, as "Billion Dollar Grass," "Steel Trust Millet," etc.
We recommend it for the following reasons: First, it makes more hay than German Millet or any other. Second, although it grows so large, sometimes seven or eight feet high, the hay is of the most excellent quality, superior to corn fodder. Third, it is adapted to all sections and a great success wherever tried. It does well and a great success wherever them. I does not low ground. Fourth, two crops a season may be cut from it. 1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs., 95c; 50 lbs., \$3.65; 100 lbs., \$6.75; 500 lbs., \$33.00.

MILLETS FOR HAY AND GRAIN Professor Hansen's Siberian

It will yield well on the driest upland in the driest years in all our western states. When it is hulled and cooked for the table the Russians call it Kasha, and it is very extensively used in European Russia, Siberia, Turkestan, Mongolia, and other parts of Asia, especially the driest

regions.

For feeding stock, poultry, and everything of that kind Proso is equal to or better than wheat. Proso is also specially valuable as a summer

catch crop, something that can be planted very late. It can be planted as late as July 15th and

still mature a crop of grain and hay.
Sow 20 pounds per acre. 1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs.,
75c; 25 lbs., \$1.40; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs.,
\$4.85; 500 lbs., \$23.50.

Early Fortune or Red Hog Millet

This has come to be one of the most valuable crops that the farmer can raise, the seed being the richest and most valuable stock food that can be produced, while the hay is very valuable for stock. A very much prized peculiarity of this millet is that the seed ripens while the hay is yet green, when, if cut properly, can be thrashed for seed, while the hay makes excellent fodder after being threshed. 1 lb., 20c; 50 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$4.80; 500 lbs., \$23.25.

Millet May Be Planted as Late as July 15th



D. B. Gurney in Hls Field of Wheatland Mllo

Wheatland Milo

This variety was originated by the U.S. Dept. This variety was originated by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture at Woodward, Oklahoma. It is a cross of Kaffir and Milo, and we believe it will outyield either of its parents. Wheatland Milo was developed to give the wheat farmers of Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas a grain sorghum that could be harvested with their regular grain machinery. It grows about 30 inches tall and machinery. It grows about 30 inches tail and can be harvested either with a binder, header or combine. Medium early, Wheatland Milo has made yields of nearly 100 bushels per acre. D. B. Gurney planted 60 acres on his farm this year ordiney planted of acres on his faint this year and, in spite of dry weather, had a very satisfactory yield. Plant from 2 to 4 lbs. per acre in rows using a cane plate and cultivate. I lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.30; 25 lbs., \$2.45; 50 lbs., \$4.25; 100 lbs., \$8.20.

GROHOMA

This new dry-weather forage plant of the This new dry-weather forage plant of the Kaffir family has made a good crop of fodder and seed when Corn was a total failure and even Kaffir, Milo and Cane made only half a crop.

Grows from 6 to 10 feet high with leaves clear to the bottom of the stalks. The heavy heads

are nearly a foot long and sometimes weigh 1 lb. each. There are record yields of over 100 bushels per acre. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., \$5c; 25 lbs., \$1.95; 50 lbs., \$3.45; 100 lbs., \$6.00; 500 lbs., \$29.40.

Freed

This is the earliest of the sorghums, ripening at least 10 days earlier than Feterita, and is very valuable on account of its earliness. You can plant as late as the 20th of June and still raise a plant as late as the 20th of June and still raise a crop of ripe grain. It grows about 5 feet tall, makes fair yields of both grain and fodder. I lb., 20c; 51bs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$1.95; 50 lbs., \$3.45; 100 lbs., \$5.95; 500 lbs., \$29.25.

Dwarf Hegari

This variety was imported from Africa. Heads are shorter and more compact than Kaffir, suckers heavily, and makes high yields of both grain and forage. Medium early. It grows from 4 to 5

feet tall. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$1.95; 50 lbs., \$3.45; 100 lbs., \$5.95; 500 lbs., \$29.25.

Atlas Sorgo

This is a cross between Cane and Kaffir, retaining the sweet stalk and high forage yield of the Cane and the high grain yield of the White Kaffir. Medium in maturity. The strong stalks do not lodge easily, making it easy to harvest. Height 7 to 10 feet. 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$2.15; 50 lbs., \$3.70; 100 lbs., \$6.95; 500 lbs., \$33.90.

Feterita

It is much like Kaffir corn but matures 20 days earlier. The seed is one-half larger; the heads plumper and better filled; grows about 6 feet tall.

1t will produce a crop on probably less moisture than any farm crop. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$1.95; 50 lbs., \$3.45; 100 lbs., \$6.00; 500 lbs., \$29.40.

Milo Maize

Grows from 5 to 7 feet high, stooling from the ground, sending out heads of great size, often weighing three-quarters of a pound. Cattle, horses, and hogs will eat it readily. Tests show that during the severe drought corn dried up within a few feet of it. Five to ten pounds will plant an acre. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$1.45; 50 lbs., \$2.45; 100 lbs., \$4.50; 500 lbs., \$21.25.

Sunrise Kaffir

A New Kaffir With a Sweet Stalk

This is a new Kaffir, which has been developed at Woodward, Oklahoma. It has rather small heads and small kernels, but the yield of grain

Plant Sunrise Kaffir and get the double benefit of a heavy yield of White Kaffir grain and an abundance of fodder almost as sweet as sorgum. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$1.45; 50 lbs., \$2.45; 100 lbs., \$4.75; 500 lbs., \$23.50.

Kaffir Corn

Grows from 5 to 7 feet high, making a straight upright growth with enormous wide leaves. For the grain sow in rows three feet apart, three to four pounds of seed to the acre. For fodder sow four pounds of seed to the acre. For fodder sow 50 lbs., either broadcast or in drills. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 85c; 25 lbs., \$1.45; 50 lbs., \$2.45; 100 lbs., \$4.75; 500 lbs., \$23.50.

Cane or Sorghum

Sorghum (or Sugar Cane) in the West is not at all appreciated, and we wish to call the attention of farmers everywhere to the great value of Sorghum as a fodder crop. Sorghum may be made to furnish the principal provender for cattle and horses from August until the following

It grows right along through the severest and most prolonged drought.

Early Black Amber Cane—This popular and well known variety is the earliest. 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$2.05; 50 lbs., \$3.60; 100 lbs., \$6.75; 500 lbs., \$32.90.

Dakota Grown Amber Cane-We have quantities of cane grown for us each season in Dakota, and while we do not claim better yields for it than other canes, we do claim earliness and drought-resistant features over other canes. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$2.15; 50 lbs., \$3.70; 100 lbs., \$6.95; 500 lbs.,

Mixed Fodder Cane

For those who wish to plant cane for fodder, this mixed cane will answer the purpose and save you some money in the cost of seed. 50 lbs., \$2.10; 100 lbs., \$6.00; 500 lbs., \$29.50.

1935 SPRING AND FALL . THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. . YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

Plant from 20 to 30 lbs. per acre. Can be cut twice a year and under good conditions will yield 4 tons of dry hay per acre.

Sudan Grass was introduced into the United States in 1909 from Sudan under the name of Garawi, The Department of Agriculture reports Sudan Grass of the greatest value in the Central States, and especially in the parts of Texas, Kansas, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado and Da-kota that are deficient in rainfall. These dry regions have no other satisfactory hay crop and

SUDAN GRASS

Sudan Grass is of immense value there. Sudan Grass is tall, reaching a height of from 7 to 9 fect. The stems are very small and are rarely thicker than a lead pencil. The plant stools wonderfully and produces, under favorable conditions, as many as 100 stalks from a single

Sudan Grass is strictly an annual and dies each year. In my estimation its greatest value is green pasture for the cows. At about this time of the year pastures are dry or only pro-

ducing about one-half feed for the stock pasturing on it. This pasture supplemented by a fair acreage of Sudan will keep up the quality and quantity of the milk flow. Try it.

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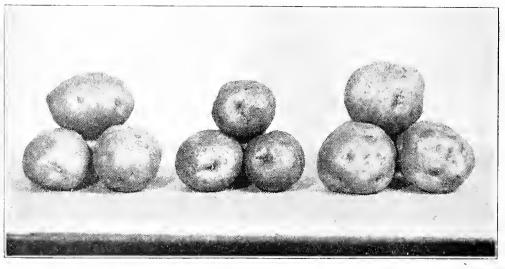
GURNEY'S NORTHERN GROWN SEED POTATOES

Plant from 7 to 15 bu. per acre

E HAVE stored our usual supply of strictly first-class Northern grown seed potatoes of the various varieties listed but the price at which we are offering them may be changed without notice either higher or lower as the market warrants.

The person who plants an acreage of potatoes each year has learned

from experience that a change of potato seed from the north to the south pays better than any other seed. Consequently we grow our seed stock in the extreme north, and the big potato grower farther south sells off all his own crop, securing new northern stock each season, in this way often increasing his yield 50 per cent.



Early Ohio

Red Bliss Triumph

Irish Cobbler

Gurney's **Bugless Potatoes**

Has for one more year absolutely proven that it is more immune from bugs than any other potato grown, that it is seldom damaged by bugs, and that happens only in bad seasons or on extremely poor ground, or in very small patches. We had grown for us this past season fields of Bugless potatoes that produced considerably over three hundred bushels per acre.

Why should we grow other varieties of late potatoes subject to damage by bugs, lower yields and of inferior quality?

We grew on a piece of our land adjoining the city of Yankton a ten-acrc field of Bugless. Adjoining this field on the west end was a fraction of an acre of Early Ohios, planted by the adjoining landowner. There was six feet between the last row of Bugless and the first row of Early During the growing season the owner of the Early Ohios and his entire family picked ougs. I personally examined our own field day after day, and I did not find one single leaf damaged in the Bugless field by bugs, and the yield at the end of the season was satisfactory.

Get in the Bugless game. Plant potatoes that will fill your cellars and your pocketbook

5 lbs., 40c; 15 lbs., 70c; 30 lbs., \$1.00; 60 lbs., \$1.70; 300 lbs., \$8.25; 600 lbs., \$15.95.

Green Mountain

This remarkably heavy yielding white potato has forced its way to the front in the northern sections, as one of the main crop varieties of late potatoes. It has produced some very remarkable yields. I believe the Green Mountain

averages larger in size than any of its class. There are very few small unmarketable potatoes in a field of them. This potato is of excellent quality and is especially good for baking purposes. It is a good keeper, and commands readily the highest market price. 5 lbs., 40c; 15 lbs., 70c; 30 lbs., 95c; 60 lbs., \$1.60; 300 lbs., \$7.75; 600 lbs., \$14.90.

Early Six Weeks Potatoes

Fine potato for the early market. It is extra early, and we consider it one of the best extra early market varieties grown. The potatoes The potatoes begin to form when the vines are only 5 to 6 inches high, and in 7 to 8 weeks from planting are of fine marketable size. The tubers are of a handsome, oval form, red color with shallow eyes. Extremely early. Splendid keepers and of the finest cooking quality. 5 lbs., 40c; 15 lbs., 70c; 30 lbs., \$1.00; 60 lbs., \$1.65; 300 lbs., \$8.00; 600 lbs., \$15.50.

Bliss Triumph Potatoes

This is positively the earliest potato grown. It is the variety you find on the market first in the spring from the south. 'A nearly round red potato. On account of its earliness it brings the highest price of any potato offered, and as the seed for this variety for the cntire south is grown each season in the north, the demand is always heavy for it for seed purposes and con-sequently higher priced than most other vari-eties. It yields enormously. We have had re-ports of 650 bushels per acre. The stock we are offering is of specially fine quality strictly Red River grown, everyone should plant a quantity of these for first early. 5 lbs., 40c; 15 lbs., 70c; 30 lbs., \$1.00; 60 lbs., \$1.65; 300 lbs., \$8.00; 600 lbs., \$15.50.

Early Ohio

Early Ohio is the most popular early Potato in this country. It is the Standard Extra Early the country over and other varieties are measured by it. Our stock of this variety is grown under conditions that make them cost more than common stock. They are selected, with the utmost care, and the result is grand, such as to delight every one who knows and appreciates a good potato. 5 lbs., 40c; 15 lbs., 70c; 30 lbs., 95c; 60 lbs., \$1.60; 300 lbs., \$7.75; 600 lbs., \$14.90.

Irish Cobbler

I am quoting from Bulletin No. 176 of the South Dakota State College of Agriculture, on South Dakota State Conege of Agriculture, on Page 700 in a table of a three-year test, indicating that the Irish Cobbler is the highest yielding early potato at Brookings. It is grown in every part of the State and is desirable for early and fall markets.

It is second early, nearly round, pure white, a good keeper, and of very excellent quality, always cooking dry and mealy. On account of the short, stocky growth of the vine, this potato can be planted closer together than most varieties, ordinarily about one foot apart in the row. 5 lbs., 40c; 15 lbs., 70c; 30 lbs., 95c; 60 lbs., \$1.60; 300 lbs., \$7.75; 600 lbs., \$14.90.

SWEET POTATOES

Early Jersey

Isaac Blakey, a Yankton market gardener raised over 300 bu. of Early Jersey Sweet Potatoes on 1 acre of land from Gurney's seed.

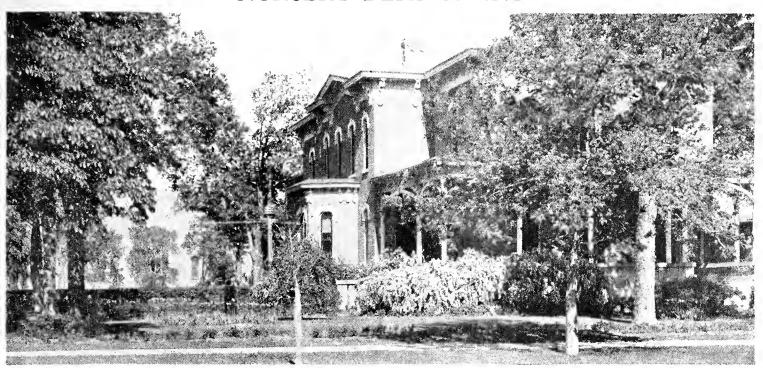
This variety is the most satisfactory for northern planting. We can furnish you for shipment about April 1st the seed Sweet Potatoes. If you care to grow your own plants, it is necessary to plant the potatoes, grow the sprouts and transplant just as you would tomatoes. The potatoes should be planted by the 10th of April, the sprouts transplanted from the 15th of May to as late as July 1st. The potatoes must be planted immediately on their arrival as they decay rapidly at that time of the arrival as they decay rapidly at that time of the year. 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.50; 40 lbs., \$4.25; 80 lbs., \$8.00.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, S. Dak.

Have used your tomato seed for two years Have had the strongest plants and largest yield of tomatoes I have ever had, and your Earlibell is without doubt the earliest in this section and fine fruit too.

Sincerely, Mrs. P. H. Nelson, 910 South Wash. Ave. Crookston, Minn.

NURSERY DEPARTMENT



Five Per Cent Off for Early

Nursery Orders Only

Early orders for nursery stock are more valuable to us than late ones, and we will, on all orders received before March 10th, allow you to add in stock 5 per cent of the amount of your order. Thus, for \$20.00 you can buy \$21.00 worth of goods, when full remittance is received with the order.

We can ship nursery stock into any State, except currants, etc. as indicated on small fruit page. In shipping into Canada the purchaser must secure a permit from the Canadian Government. This permit should accompany the order or be mailed to us before shipping time.

We Cannot Ship Peaches or Elms into Canada

Free From Dangerous Insects and Diseases

A certificate of nursery inspection, showing that our nursery stock is doubly inspected by a state inspector and free from disease, will be furnished with every shipment of nursery stock.

Shipping Season—We can ship, as a rule, from the middle of March throughout April and May and from September 15th to November 15th.

Terms: 1/3 Cash with order. We cannot book orders excepting where remittance or partial remittance is received with order.

Quantities Ordered: One to 5 at single rates; 5 to 25 at 10 rate; 25 to 75 at 50 rate; 75 to 250 at 100 rate; 250 to 750 at 500 rate; 750 and up at 1000 rate, unless priced otherwise.

"Experience" is said to "teach a dear school."

We have had a long experience in this school and

what we learned at the greatest cost may be yours for the asking. Write what your conditions are—soil, exposure, surroundings; write and tell us what you want, and you will receive a prompt answer with all attainable information. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO BUY ANYTHING TO GET THE BENEFIT OF OUR 69 YEARS EXPERIENCE IN THE NORTHWEST.

Shipping—Yankton is served by three great resilipades. The Creat Northern the Northwestern.

shipping—Yankton is served by three great railroads: The Great Northern, the Northwestern and the Milwaukee. This service assures you of prompt delivery of your order and reduces to a minimum the danger of delayed delivery on perishable stock. All prices F.O.B. Yankton unless otherwise stated.

Well-Planted Residence of D. R. Gurney

Our Guarantee

We guarantee our nursery stock to reach customer in good growing condition. If through delay in shipment or other causes, it does not, we are to be notified at once and we will make a satisfactory adjustment by replacement or refund. Any other kind of a replacement is wrong as it makes the careful planter pay for the careless planter's trees

Non-Warranty

The House of Gurney, Inc., does not give any warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants which it sends out, and will not be in any way held responsible for the crop.



John Peter De Pagter-Nursery M'g'r

A Hardy Root the First Consideration

Every nurseryman knows the weak part of a tree is the root system and he tries to furnish you with the best there is. Over a period of more than sixty years we have been experimenting with apple roots for propagation purposes produced from seeds of the hardiest varieties of apples and crabs and we have demonstrated to our own satisfaction and the Commercial Orchardist that the seed of the Pyrus Baccata, the original apple, produced a root that is absolutely hardy.

Parcel Post

Parcel Post. In many cases, we can save you money by sending small orders by parcel post. However, it is difficult to send trees larger than 3 to 4 feet by parcel post. Always include additional money for postage with your order if you want goods shipped by parcel post. If too much is sent, we will return it as soon as goods are shipped.

We can send ten 3 to 4 feet trees or 9 pounds into 1st or 2nd Zone for 15c, into 3rd Zone for 24c, into 4th Zone for 40c, into 5th Zone for 57c; 100 forest tree seedlings, 12 to 18 in. or 5 pounds into 1st or 2nd Zone for 11c, into 3rd Zone for 16c, into 4th Zone for 24c, into 5th Zone for 33c.

DOMESTIC PARCEL POST RATES	First	Each
On Seeds, Plants, Bulbs,	pound	additional
Roots, etc. within the U.S. and	or	pound or
Possessions. Effective Oct. 1, 1933	fraction	fraction
Local—Yankton	7c	1c (2 lbs.)
First and Second Zone within		(=,
150 miles of Yankton	8c	1.1c
Third Zone within 150 to 300		
miles	9c	2c
Fourth Zone within 300 to		
600 miles	10c	3.5c
Fifth Zone within 600 to 1000		
miles	11c	5.3c
Sixth Zone within 1000 to	4.0	_
1400 míles	12c	7c
Seventh Zone within 1400 to		0-
1800 miles	14c	9c
miles	15c	110
mnes	1.35	I I '

Packing is done in the best manner with the best packing material and every order rolled or made into a neat bale, burlapped, papered and encased in straw, or boxed.

Water-proof paper is used in wrapping all parcel post shipments.

For Two-Thirds of a Century

For two-thirds of a century, The House of Gurney has been growing nursery stock for the people of the Middle West. Throughout these many years, there has been much of experimenta-tion and elimination. Things have been tried out and discarded for lack of hardiness or quality until today we can honestly say that the stock you find listed in this catalog is suitable for planting under your conditions. Don't fail to plant all that you possibly can this year and prepare for the future.

APPLES-Early Bearing Apples

This is accomplished by our use of the Pyrus Baccata root for propaga-tion. It is not unusual for trees with Pyrus Baccata roots to produce fruit at two years old. It is very unusual to pass the fifth year without a good

crop. I believe we are the only nursery company in the United States using the Pyrus Baccata exclusively in propagating apples and crabs. It means a lot to you. We charge no more, possibly less than others. Why not have the best?

Hardiness

You will note that we list all varieties of Apples and Crabs as first, second, and third degree hardiness. Those of first degree hardiness are the safest to plant anywhere. Second hardiness south of Huron, South Dakota and third hardiness, any place south of Yankton, South Dakota.

APPLE AND CRAB PRICES

(Except where otherwise priced.)
Each Per 5 Per 10 Sizc \$1.75 \$3.40 3-4 foot..... 40c \$15.50 45c 2.10 4.00 19.00

Anoka Apple—Early bearing. Originated by Professor Hansen at Brookings, South Dakota. This tree will bear earlier than any other apple. It is not unusual for the small two-year old trees to fruit in the nursery rows. It is just the tree for you people who are starting a new orchard. The quality is good, the season September, very hardy, heavy bearer and an early bearer wherever tested. First degree of hardiness.

Anisim--Season, early winter. Prof. Hansen Anisim—Season, early winter. Prof. Hansen reports this Russian apple proving very valuable in the northwest; the tree is a strong grower and a prodigious bearer. The color of the fruit attracts favorable attention. Fruit medium in size; surface, greenish yellow, covered almost wholly with a beautiful crimson. First hardiness.

Ben Davis—Late winter. The Ben Davis is

Ben Davis—Late winter. The Ben Davis is unquestionably the leading commercial sort. It comes into bearing at an early age, usually bears annually and abundantly. Fruit above medium to large. Skin tough, waxy, bright, smooth, usually glossy, clear yellow or greenish, mottled and washed with bright red; mildly sub-acid, good. Second hardiness.

Caramel Apples—A sweet Apple. One of Professor Hansen's new apples and like the others of his offered on this page, will increase the debt of the Northwest to Professor Hansen for the production of these choice fruits that can be grown where apples could not be grown before. This apple is fully medium size, 2% inches in diameter, season—early winter. Color—yellow covered with red stripes, evidently has Snow Apple blood. Flesh—snow-white, sweet, excellent quality. It promises to be the best winter sweet apple of the highest quality. The name "Caramel" is given because it is a sweet apple. First hardiness.

Charlamoff—Russian variety, high quality, early bearer, large fruit handsomely striped, season September. A topnotcher for hardiness.

Dee Bee—The new winter apple for the North. This tree is named in honor of D. B. Gurney, the President of the House of Gurney, and is propa-President of the House of Gurney, and is propagated from a seedling Apple found growing in Minnesota. Is hardy, of high quality, and productive. Green overlaid with dull red, striped. Above medium in size, high quality, and hardy. Tree well formed and vigorous grower. Winter apple early bearer. The Dee Bee is a winner. First hardiness.

Gurney's Delicious

This is not a new variety of Delicious but a direct descendant of the original apple tree that later had its name changed to Delicious. The Delicious is one of the greatest market apples in existence. This has been caused in part, by the immense amount of advertising that has been given it but mostly on account of its high quality. The fruit is large, of excellent quality, very fragrant and considered best. Skin, dark very fragrant and considered best. Skin, dark red shaded to yellow. The Delicious, originated in Iowa and the original tree still stands, an annual bearer. Second degree of hardiness.

The Gurney improvement, in placing it on the hardy Pyrus Baccata root, makes it possible to grow and produce Delicious much farther north

where they have been produced previously. Gurney's Improved Yeliow Delicious—A tree of almost first degree of hardiness and producing fruit earlier than the average tree. Fruit of the very highest quality. Large, heavy annual bearer. An excellent keeper, one of the best of the winter keepers. Second hardiness.



Well Rooted Trees

Duchess of Oldenburg-Early summer; is one of the most valuable of the Russian apples; it is a good size and attractive in appearance. The fruit ripens in succession, so that several pickings are required in order to secure the crop. This variety can be used when it is about half grown, and makes equally as good sauce or pie at that time as when thoroughly ripe, making the season probably the longest of any of the varieties grown. Color, pale greenish yellow, almost covered with regular splashes and stripes of bright red, mottled with crimson. First

hardiness. 5c per tree extra.

Dudley—Fruit attractive, large, bright greenish-yellow splashed with red, good quality. ery hardy, season September and October.

Erickson—This is a very hardy apple tree, producing apples similar to Duchess, earlier, larger, good color. The tree makes exceptionally fine crotches. Extra large. First hardiness. Folwell—This variety bears the name of the first president of the University of Minnesota.

It came from open pollinated seed of a Malinda seedling produced by T. E. Perkins of Red Wing, Minnesota. The seed was planted by Wyman Elliot of Minneapolis. It was moved to the Fruit Breeding Farm in the spring of 1908, first fruited in 1913, and sent out for trial in 1918. The tree is large, very vigorous, productive, and hardy. Fruit very large, irregular, roundish, and attractive; color greenish-yellow with heavy blush; flesh medium fine grained, firm, tender, juicy, pleasant and slightly subacid; quality very good. Season similar to Wealthy.

Grime's Golden—Season January to April; vigorous sprcading tree, bears early, fruit is rich yellow, flesh yellow, crisp, rich spicy. One of the

finest eating apples grown. Third hardiness. Hibernal—September and October. Hibernal—September and October. A Russian variety, which is proving very valuable because of its ability to withstand the rigorous climatic conditions of these regions. Prof. Hansen says this is the hardiest of the Russian Fruit large; surface greenish yellow with a dull bronze mixed red on sunny side, with a few

dull crimson splashes. Flesh yellowish, crisp, tender. juicy, quality above medium. First hardiness.

Haralson—Originated on the Minnesota fruit breeding farms and named for Mr. Haralson who was at that time in charge. Minnesota is producing many new fruits of fine quality that producing many new fruits of fine quanty that are designated to assist materially in the growing of more fruit in the Northwest. The Haralson is a winter apple of the first degree of hardiness; a good keeper and of excellent quality. It resembles the Wealthy apple which is preminent in its place as a fall apple. The Haralson may be the winter—or the late keeping apple with all of the Wealthy qualities of hardiness. with all of the Wealthy qualities of hardiness, early bearing and high quality of fruit. First hardiness.

Jonathan—Early winter. It is a very beautiful apple, of brilliant red color, highly flavored, and of excellent quality for either dessert culinary use. Very hard and productive, healthy and vigorous, and is adapted to a wider range of territory than most apples of this class. It is the great market apple of the west and south. Third hardiness.

Malinda-This beautiful apple is one of the heaviest bearing, longest keeping and hardiest winter apple that can be grown in the North. The flesh is yellowish-white, firm, juicy, mildly sub-acid with sweet after taste. The season is sub-acid with sweet after taste. The late winter and can be kept until May

These trees are extremely hardy and come into bearing early in life, producing a full annual crop. It is considered the best of the first hardiness winter apples. First hardiness.

McIntosh Red—Season, September to Jan-

uary. The fruit is very attractive in appearance, of bright, deep red color, and good size. The flesh is very tender, perfumed and delicious. This is another of the great market apples. Thousands of acres of these are being planted and are proving the most profitable of any of the orchard trees, especially in the west. Excep-tionally heavy bearer at an early age. Second hardiness.

Many people place this as the highest quality apple grown. You can grow it. 5c per tree extra.

Melba—This new variety, a seedling of McIntosh, fills a long felt need for an early apple of Duchess season and McIntosh quality. The of Duchess season and McIntosh quality. The tree is vigorous and hardy, an early bearer and a good cropper. The fruit is large, well colored and attractive and of the highest dessert quality. A good keeper for an apple of that season and should ship well to home markets. Recommend-ed for planting both as a filler and as a standard where an early apple of dessert quality is required for local use. It is somewhat more sprightly in flavor than the McIntosh and is an invigorating dessert. We have only a limited supply. Order early.

Northwestern Greening—Winter, very attractive in color. Is valuable for the northern apple growing districts. Quality as a dessert apple is fair to good. The tree is hardy, vigorous, a fine erect grower, and comes into bearing reasonably early, and as it grows older is an exceptionally heavy cropper. Skin smooth, somewhat waxy, clear pale yellow or greenish, sometimes faintly blushed. Flesh tinged with yellow, crisp and firm, mildly sub-acid. Second hardiness.

Okabena-We have an exceptionally fine stock. Season, September to December. About medium size, extremely hardy and productive, highly colored; a fine eating apple of high quality. First hardiness.

Patten's Greening-Season, October to January. A seedling of the Duchess and on account of its hardiness and productiveness and the uniformly large size of its fruit, is valuable in the formly large size of its fruit, is valuable in the northern portions of the apple-growing regions of the country. It is grown as far north as the Canadian line, and in other regions where the winters are correspondingly severe. It is attractive in color for a green apple. Very good in quality; comes into bearing moderately young and is an annual cropper, yielding moderate to full crops. Specially good in North Dakota. First hardiness. hardiness.

APPLES—(Continued)



McIntosh Red

Perkins Apple—The fruit is large, red, and round as a ball. It is not an Apple for the North alone but one that will be welcomed anywhere, will take its place with eastern Baldwins, Spys, and Seek no Furthers. The flesh is fine grained and deliciously flavored, as firm in February as it is in October. Season, October to April. First hardiness

Price's Sweet—Season, August to November. Very upright grower, early, and annual bearer of medium sized, excellent quality, green striped with red, sweet apples. This is the best of all the sweet apples for the extreme north planting. Second hardiness.

Second hardiness.

Salone—Fruit hangs well to the tree in high winds, is firm, stands handling well and keeps pretty well. Pale yellow or greenish blushed with pinkish-red striped carmine. Flesh tender, juicy, slightly sub-acid. Tree vigorous, very hardy, healthy, and comes into bearing early and is reliable cropper. Season November to March.

Stayman's Winesap—An improved Wine-

sap; fruit red, juicy, sub-acid, a long keeper; apple is larger than the old Winesap; a better tree, and longer lived; one of the Great Western commercial apples. Second hardiness.

Tolnan's Sweet—Fruit medium size, bright yellow, much esteemed for cooking. In ordinary storage its season is from November to January.

This is an exceptionally sweet apple. are first degree of hardiness.

Wolf River—Season, October to December. One of the largest apples grown. Tree grows to immense size, very productive, bright red, fair quality, splendid cooking apple. Second

Wealthy—Season, September to January. This variety we consider the most valuable of all the market apples and for home use. The an the market applies and or nome use. The tree is exceptionally hardy, comes into bearing as early as the summer apples, producing immense crops annually, and we believe it is the most valuable apple today for the small or the large orchard. Fruit above medium to large; color, underlaid with pale yellow, blushed and marked with stripes and splashes of red, deep-ening in highly colored specimens or brilliant red;

eming in highly colored specimens or brilliant red; very attractive. Flesh whitish, tinged with red when thoroughly ripe. Moderately fine, crisp, tender and juicy, agreeably sub-acid; good to extra good. First hardiness. 5c per tree extra. Yellow Transparent Apple—Earliest summer. This is the best of the extra early apples, being excellent for culinary and dessert. It ripens earlier than the Early Harvest; fruit medium to large. Tree moderate grower, very hardy, healthy, comes into bearing very young. hardy, healthy, comes into bearing very young. Skin thin, tender, smooth, waxy, pale yellow, changing to an attractive yellowish-white. Flesh white, tender, juicy with a pleasant flavor; good to extra good. First hardiness.

CRAB APPLES

Florence—Very desirable for commercial planting because the tree commences bearing very young, is a reliable cropper and extremely prolific. Fruit good size, very attractive in appearance and good quality. Color, yellowish white overspread with brilliant pinkish red. Flesh tinged with yellow, crisp, tender, juicy, very brisk sub-acid; good. August and early September. First hardiness.

brisk sub-acid; good. August and early September. First hardiness.

Hyslop—Season, September and October. Fruit large, very brilliant color, dark red or purplish, overspread with thick blue bloom; borne in clusters. The tree is a good grower, very hardy and a reliable cropper, yielding good crops annually. It is desirable for both home use and for market. First hardiness.

Dolga—Another of Professor Hansen's. It

and for market. First hardiness.

Dolga—Another of Professor Hansen's. It is an oblong crab of real beauty and peculiar lemon-acid flavor—entirely different from any other crab and far superior to any other crab for jellies; producing a transparent bright-red jelly of high quality.

The color is a beautiful red, solid over the entire fruit. The tree is a thing of beauty at blooming time with its large white flowers and later with its ropes of large dark-red fruit. At a distance, when the crabs are maturing, the tree appears to be covered with beautiful flowers.

tree appears to be covered with beautiful flowers. The heaviest bearing crab apple we have, and one of the first degree of hardiness.

Gurney's Seedless Crab-Discovered by us Gurney's Seedless Crab—Discovered by us in the Badlands of western South Dakota, growing back of a homestead shack and producing an abundance of crab apples about 1½ inches in diameter, long stemmed; yellow background, striped red, of high quality, almost perfectly seedless crab apple. We cut hundreds of these and out of a lot found but two or three bearing a single seed. The rest were seedless and have proven to be since that time in our Trial Ground Orchards. First degree hardiness.

We made arrangements with the homesteader to secure a supply of scions and we have propagations.

We made arrangements with the homesteader to secure a supply of scions and we have propagated this rapidly. It has proven perfectly hardy, a heavy annual bearer of high quality fruit that is especially valuable for pickles and preserves on account of it being seedless.

Hopa—See Ornamentals. Page 65.

Red Flesh Crab—introduced 1928. A most remarkable novelty, that is probably destined to world-wide popularity wherever apples are grown.

world-wide popularity wherever apples are grown. The tree is ornamental as well as useful, the beautiful red flowers and moderate growth making it a very desirable lawn tree. The original tree gives promise of being a good annual bearer and bore its first two crops in 1927 and 1928. The fruit in size is 11/2 by 1 % inches in diameter, in color a brilliant solid polished dark red all over. The flesh is red throughout and makes over. The flesh is red throughout and makes excellent red preserves and red jelly which attracted favorable attention at the State College exhibit at the South Dakota State Fair, Huron, September, 1928. Season, fall. Prices: 3-4 ft., 50c each, \$2.25 per 5, \$4.00 per 10; 4-6 ft., 55c each, \$2.60 per 5, \$4.50 per 10.

Red Siberian—This Crab is exactly the same as the Yellow Siberian excepting in color. It is a bright red. First hardiness.

bright red. First hardiness.
Sugar Crab—An unusually high flavored yellow, sweet Crab; fruit two inches through. This has proven far superior to any other sweet Crab that we are growing. Season, September. Tree, hardy, vigorous, and an early bearer. Excellent for pickling and sauce. We recommend it to everyone planting a sweet Crab and it should be in every orchard. First degree hardiness.

1935 SPRING AND FALL & THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. & YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

Sweet Russets—Season, August and September. This is the best of all the sweet crab apples. Fruit large, green, russet, with faint blush. It is the very best of its kind for eating from the tree and especially for pickles and preserves. Very largy, and regular bearer. First degree hardiness.

Virginia—Season, September to November. Fruit medium-sized, dark red, and good quality. One of the hardiest and very free from blight.

APPLES—(Continued)

A strong grower. This variety will produce fruit under more adverse conditions than any other tree we know of. First hardiness.

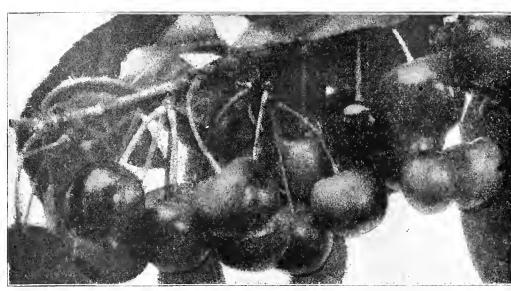
Whitney—Season, August and September. One of the most popular of the large crab apples, particularly in the west and north; the fruit is attractive, yellow, striped with lively red; good for dessert and very good for canning. Tree is a thrifty, upright grower, comes into bearing very young. Is extremely productive. First hardiness.

Yeilow Siberian—Fruit medium size, clear pale yellow; an excellent crab for pickles and preserves. Tree very hardy, healthy, comes into bearing very young. First hardiness.

Apple and Crab Prices

Size	Each	Per 5	Per 10	Per 50
3-4 foot	40c	\$1.75	\$3.40	\$15.50
4-6 foot	45c	2.10	4.00	19.00

CHERRIES-



Early Richmond Cherry

Cherries

The following Cherries: Early Richmond, English Morello, Mount Morency, priced and described by us are the best of the pie cherries. These are the kind that are grown so extensively throughout the country for canning and pie making and are also excellent to eat from the tree. They do best on well drained soil. They have proven very profitable in many parts of southern South Dakota. Very productive.

Early Richmond—More extensively planted than all others. Fruit ripens in a shorter period than the other cherries, and on that account is not bothered so much by the birds.

English Morelio—Late, large, black. Very hardy in fruit bud. Excellent for canning. Do not plant above cherries north of Huron, S. D.

Mt. Morency—Large red, rich, acid, very hardy and productive. Similar to the Early Richmond, but lipens two weeks later.

Size	Each	Per 5	Per 10	Per 50
	foot35c			

Sweet Cherries

Gold Cherry—This variety is the only one of the sweet cherries that has proven hardy here at Yankton and has come through several winters without winter killing. It has proved productive. This cherry is large, rich, yellow, very sweet, meaty, high quality, and hardiest of any of the sweet cherries. 3-5 ft., each, 60c; 5 for \$2.60.

Black Tartarian—Fruit very large, purplish black, very sweet, high quality. Tree vigorous, upright grower. Inmense bearers. A fine market sort. If you wish to test out a Sweet Cherry, this is the best variety to try. 3-4 ft., each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Compass Cherry

This tree produces first year after planting. The Compass Cherry ripens at a time when none of the Prof. Hansen plums are ripening and for that reason it will always be retained on the fruit list. Do not understand by this that the Compass Cherry is only valuable because it fills in a space. It has a different flavor, is one of the very best for canning purposes.

			Per 10	
2-4 ft	.30c	\$1.40	\$2.70	\$12.50
4-6 ft	. 45c	2.10	4.00	18.00

Tom Thumb Cherry

This seems to be a favorite in the north. We have wonderful reports as to their productiveness, as well; as hardiness and high quality from planters in North Dakota and Canada. People who want either the Tom Thumb cherries or the Oka will have to order early, as they are not going to last thru the season. The Tom Thumb cherry should always be grown in bush form. It grows just the right height, so that snowdrifts will protect them. They bear heavy crops of dark delicious fruit with a rich red flesh, excellent for canning as well as eating. Each, 40c; per 5, \$1.85; per 10, \$3.50.

OKA Cherry

An unusually hardy Cherry, excellent in both the South and as far North as you wish to plant. Skin black, flesh red. Very attractive fruit, heavy bearer, and produces large quantities of fruit first year after planting. Tree of bushy habit. We have never received a complaint regarding this tree. A favorite here at Yankton. Our Canadian friends are planting large quantities of them. Fruit will dry on trees like prunes if given a chance. They are, however, of high quality and very tempting. Each, 40c; 5 for \$1.85; 10 for \$3.50; 25 for \$7.00.

—OTHER HARDY FRUITS—

Choke Cherry

This is one of the best of our ornamental fruit trees. Absolutely lardy anywhere. Always symmetrical, and when in full bloom is a great bank of snow with the added beauty of its nutty woodland fragrance, and later its rich, highly colored, purplish-black fruit. Our western dwarf varieties exceed all others in quality of fruit. Especially fine for jelly and jam.

 Size
 Each
 Per 5
 Per 10
 Per 50

 2 to 3 ft
 .25c
 \$1.00
 \$1.75
 \$7.50

 3 to 4 ft
 .35c
 1.50
 2.75
 13.00

Hansen's Improved Sand Cherry—Wonderful improvement over the common native sand cherry of western South Dakota. Something that is worth while in every garden. The fruit is larger and of excellent quality. Should be grown in bush form. Makes an excellent division hedge between the garden and yard. Produces fruit the first year after planting. 1 yr.: 12c each; 5 for 55c; 10 for \$1.00; 50 for \$4.50. 2 yr.: 20c each; 10 for \$1.50.

Russian Mulberry

The Mulberry is useful as a shade tree for hedge purposes, and for the immense quantity of fruit borne by it. We are listing the Russian Mulberry only, as it is the hardiest of all. The fruit varies in color from jet black to a pure white and is excellent for canning with tart fruits like gooseberries, currants and plums. It is delicious to eat direct from the trees. They make an excellent ornamental hedge that will stand trimming.

Size	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
12 to 18 in			\$1.75	\$10.00
18 to 24 in			2.00	
2 to 3 ft	\$0.20	\$1.00	2.50	17.00
4 to 6ft. trans.	30	2.75	19.00	
6 to 10 ft. tran	s40	3.50	23.00	

Ouince

Jap Quince-See Ornamentals.



OTHER HARDY FRUITS—(Continued)

Russian Apricots

In one of Professor Budd's early trips to Russia, he found an apricot that was hardy enough in growth to stand the rigorous climate of a far northern section, the fruit buds killed some winters depending on conditions, but fruited in Iowa often enough to make them a desirable addition to the fruit list. The apricot is a very rapid growing beautiful tree, loading itself with large annual crops in localities where the fruit buds do not kill. I do not advise it for trial North of Yankton. 4 to 5 ft., 60c each; 5 for \$2.75; 10 for \$5.00.

Buffalo Berry

This is very useful as well as ornamental, and is planted as much for an ornament as for its fruit. The tree grows from 7 to 12 feet high, has silvery foliage. The fruit is much like that of the Red Currant, and is used for the same purposes. The Buffalo Berry makes an excellent

Each	1 Per 10	Per 100
2-3 ft\$0.25	5 \$1.75	\$15.00
3-4 ft		19.00

Dwarf Mountain Juneberry

There are several species of this valuable tree. Some grow to the height of 20 feet. They are variously called "Shadberry," "Serviceberry," "Juneberry." The kind we offer grows but little over 4 feet in height, is enormously productive and hardy anywhere in the United States or Canada. This is the Jefferson strain and is best of all. 2 Year: Each, 35c; 10 for \$3.00.

Elderberry—See Ornamentals

GURNEY'S HARDY PEARS GROW ANYWHERE

SINCE the blight-resistant Pears have been introduced, it is possible to grow Pears in practically any location. Many people are of the opinion that Pear orchards have been killed out in the past due to lack of hardiness but, in practically all cases, it is due to blight. With the blight-resistant

varieties of Pears we are offering, you will be able to grow Pears in practically any place you can Apples and, in many cases, much farther north. In the future, we predict that high quality Pears will be grown on as many farms as Apples. Blight-resistant, hardy varieties will make this possible.

BLIGHT-RESISTANT PEARS Each 10 3 to 4 feet..... 40c \$3.75 \$30.00 4 to 6 feet...... 50c 4.50 40.00

Edward C. Parker (Ming Pear)-A Hansen Hybrid. Flavor delicious, melting; a first-class dessert Pear. Fruit, yellow, one and five-eighths to two inches in diameter; with minute russet dots. Hardy. Very resistant to fire blight.

We have propagated these pears for 14 years, and they have proven absolutely hardy. The winter of 1920 was the most severe test winter we

have had for twenty years.

We are offering you a few of these pears with a strong belief that they will prove strictly hardy, blight-proof, and produce pears of good size and quality, and will be excellent ornamental trees as well as fruit trees.

Gurney's Sunshine Pear

This Pear is one of the finest new varieties that we have come in contact with in many years insofar as the quality of the fruit is concerned. It resembles the Bartlett and is probably a seed-ling of that variety. Very hardy and blightresistant so far. Tree of excellent habit, free of the resident was the seed-line weight growth with an thorns, of spreading, upright growth with an abundance of healthy green foliage.

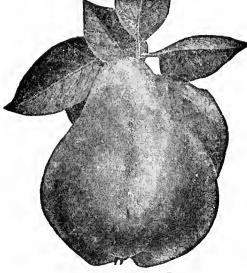
Minnesota No. 1—The tree is large, vigorous;

the fruit is medium to large; color yellow with distinct blush; flesh tender, almost melting, juicy, sweet, pleasant; quality very good; core small; seeds small. Season, late September.

Blight-resistant.

HARDY MENDEL PEAR

The originator of this pear reports that it is perfectly hardy, has not blighted or frozen back an inch in 17 years, without any protection. We are offering this tree this year on account of the



Edward C. Parker Pear

very favorable reports that we have received of this pear from the north country. We believe that you can grow it anywhere where apples grow. The fruit is above medium in size, of A-1 quality, sweet high flavor, juicy. Color a golden yellow, its flowers are self-pollenizing. Fruit hangs well to the trees. This pear seems to have all the good points necessary for successful pear growing. In order to make these pears go further we are only going to allow each customer 25 of these.

Patten Pear-Blight-resistant. Originated by Mr. Patten in northern Iowa. Sent out by the Agricultural Experiment Station in 1919. Upright in growth, large healthy foliage. Blooms past midseason. The blossoms handsome white. Fruit medium to large; smooth and regular; green turning to yellow as it ripens, often with bronze blush. Skin, thin and tender when ripe. Flesh very tender, juicy, rich, refreshing. Trees very hardy. Season, September

COMMERCIAL PEARS

the hardiest and most popular. September and October.

Keiffer-Its large size, handsome appearance and remarkable keeping and shipping qualities make it exceedingly profitable for market.

October and November.

Dwarf Pears—We find the Dwarf Pear bearing

within two years, after transplanting, and seems to be quite a bit hardier than the standard pears. We would advise the planting of the dwarf in the extreme north; in fact, anyone planting pear trees to plant one or two of the dwarf varieties on account of the extreme hardidwarf varieties on account of the extreme hardness and their early bearing. We have the following varieties in Dwarf Pears: FlemIsh Beauty, Duchess and Clapp's Favorite 2 year. Each, 60c; per 5, \$2.75.



These are successfully and even profitably grown in central Minnesota by laying down and covering for winter. Prof. Budd says an acre can be handled as easily as an acre of blackberries. My experience confirms it.

The picture shows Peaches grown in Yankton. The tree bore heavily in 1928 and was again loaded in 1930 and 1932 with an immense crop of very large, highly colored, fine quality peaches.

Peaches can not be shipped into Canada

J. H. Hale Peach-Fruit large, perfect freestone, somewhat rounding, golden yellow, covered with carmine, skin thick without fuzz, flesh dark yellow, flavor excellent. Absolutely the best. Trees extra hardy. Bears young and heavy. Ripens five days earlier than the Alberta. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 50, \$15.00.

Champion Peach-Free-stone, fruit large. flavor delicious, sweet, rich and juiev, skin creamy white and red eheeks. One of the hardiest varieties on the market. Ripens in August. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 50, \$15.00.

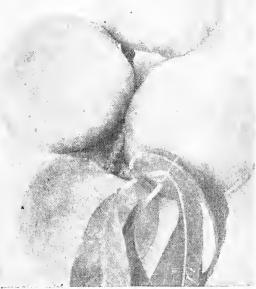
Gurney's Dakota Peach-The hardiest peach in existence has borne regular crops for the

last five years, hardy in both wood and fruit bud, fruit as large as Elberta, quality and color very much better. We have a very limited supply this season. Advise those planting north of Yankton to plant this Peach on south side and close up to house or fence for protection. 60c each; 5 for \$2.50; 10 for \$4.25.

Miss South Dakota Peach—An extra large hardy, freestone peach. Originated at Yankton by Mr. A. C. Ellerman. On account of this tree's productiveness and hardiness and the high quality of its fruit, it is bound to hold first place among hardy Northern Peaches. This tree has been growing in the open without any protection and has stood the South Dakota winters without any indications of damage. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.50.

W. N. A. X. OPTICAL DEPT.

Dr. W. W. Rivett can save you money on your optical work. His experience and training entitles him to your confidence. Replace broken lenses, repair frames or get fitted with new glasses. Come ln at any tlme.



Gurney's Dakota Peach

PLUMS—GURNEYS ARE SPECIALISTS—PLUMS

LUM TREES like apple trees must have hardy roots in order to withstand cold, dry winters. The only root that is absolutely hardy is the American Wild Plum, growing native in this northwest country. We gather thousands of bushels of these wild plums each year and plant the seeds. When these seedlings are one year old we bud them with good varieties. This assures you of a hardy root. The work is done in July and August.

Very early the next spring the top of the wild seedling is removed just above the new bud so as to force all the vitality of the plant into that bud. A stake is placed by each little tree and as soon as the new shoot is about six inches high it is tied to the stake so that it may grow straight and the wind may not break it over. They are grown in this field one or two years, then dug with the big tree digger, packed and shipped just as are the apple trees.



L. E. Gilman, Lemmon, S. D., Hansen Plums, Opata

Minnesota Plums

Underwood—No. 91. Another Minnesota plum that has several of the required qualities which are large size, hardiness, early and of good quality. A variety that D. B. Gurney recommends to all plum planters.

American Plums

Surprise Plum—Extra large, red, high quality. Good for market. Makes an unusually large tree. Very productive.

Terry—One of the largest of pure American plums, is dark red and the tree is vigorous and healthy and very productive. A good variety and very bards.

very hardy.

Wyant—Hardy, heavy producing, large Plum
of good quality. Purplish-red in color; a good

Cree

Heavy bearing, extra hardy plum of high quality. A cross of a wild plum from Canada and one of the high quality California plums. Fruitislarge, red, very early bearer. Hardy as far north as you wish to plant.

Sept. 25, 1934

Want to express appreciation for your efforts in benefiting the Great Agricultural Northwest for helpful advice and benefits which accrue from horticulture.

Feel specially grateful that you have introduced the Chinese Elm which seems to be trees that I set last spring that have had proper care have lived.

What is a home without trees?

Gratefully, G. L. Gilman, Mission Hill, S. Dak.

PROF. HANSEN'S IRON-CLAD HYBRID PLUMS

Space 20x20 ft.—108 per acre

Hanska

Sioux Indian word for "tall" which describes the tree. Its fragrance once inhaled will always be remembered as most delicious. This variety produces a plum the same shape as the apricot; retaining its fragrance and shipping ability and increased its production beyond either parent. It is not unusual to have specimens measure one and one-half inches through. The best quality of any plum produced for eating from the hand and which retains its fragrance when canned or made into jellies or jams. The fruit is flattened at the ends, reddish-blue in color, skin tender, pits small. This plum will stand shipping in the hot part of the later summer when it

Hardy Kahinta

One of Prof. Hansen's very hardy free-stone Plums. Fruit exceptionally large, dark red, round, flesh firm, yellow, very sweet. Both tree and fruit very free from attacks of fungus and insects. We recommend this. It ripens about the time of the Waneta.

Kaga

Of the same pedigree as the Hanska. Ripens a little earlier and is a little larger and if it is possible to be better quality, then the Kaga wins first prize on that score. The fruit in an extremely wet season is apt to crack on the tree and when you find one of those broken open it is delicious to eat but a poor shipper. In size it is a little larger than the Hanska, about a quar-ter of an inch, and is one of the best of the market plums.

Waneta

Prof. Hansen's Masterpiece

To my mind, this is unquestionably Prof. Hansen's masterpiece in production, and it combines hardiness, immense size, delicious quality, long keeping, beautiful color, small pit and early bearing, producing a good crop at two years of age and never missing a crop any year. At four years old it is not unusual for a Waneta to produce four bushels of plums. It is a rapid grower We have shipped this plum across the United States and back, duce four bushels of plums. It is a rapid grower.

and it was returned to us in perfect condition.

Assiniboin Plum

A very popular plum in Manitoba for its early, annual, heavy bearing of fine large plums. De-veloped from the wild plum of Stonewal, north of Winnipeg. The fruit has an attractive red color. Assimboin is a splendid plum for the far north not only for its extreme hardiness, but also for its very fine flavor and earliness; a very good plum for all of the prairie Northwest. Assiniboin is highly rec-ommended by the

Canadian and Northwest fruit men, generally, as a sure thing for a good crop of the good fruit under the most trying circumstances; will stand farther north than any other plum. We will fur-nish the Assiniboin Plums in one-year only as these trees grow rather stocky.

Opata

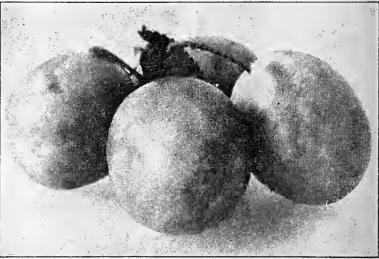
This is Sioux Indian for "bouquet" and is the first of the plums of the Sand Cherry Cross to ripen. At blooming time it is a gigantic bouquet of white flowers of the most exquisite fragrance. It blooms just a little later than the American Plum and escapes the frost danger that so often gets the crop of wild plums. The trees of the Sand Cherry Crosses should be grown as bushes, not trees, for the reason that you can grow twice as much fruit and one or two years earlier by letting them branch from the ground, than they will if you branch from the ground, than they will if you make them in tree form, and they are much longer lived in bush form. Color of the flesh green, flavor very pleasant, ripens about July 15th and will hang on the tree in good condition for shout two weeks. for about two weeks.

Sapa

The Sioux Indian word for "black"—"As dark as the shadows of even banked in the Western Heavens." Turning the branches of this tree back when the fruit is ripe exposing the long ropes of glossy black fruit to the rays of the sun, the background, the smooth bark and glossy dark green foliage are a pleasant sight. Good for home consumption and the home mar-Good for home consumption and the home market, marketed to best advantage in grape baskets or quart boxes. They sell readily and at good prices this way. When it first commences to mature the skin is dark green. The flesh a royal purple. The color of the skin and flesh gradually change until it is as black as the darkest night. These Sand Cherry Crosses are excellent for cancing in the general colors of the skin and flesh gradually change until it is as black as the darkest night. ning, jellies or jams, as the skin entirely disappears with cooking.

PRICES OF ALL PLUMS

Size Each Per 10 Per 25 Per 50 ... 40c \$3.50 \$8.00 \$15.00 ... 45c 4.25 10.00 19.00 3 to 4 ft.....



1935 SPRING AND FALL & THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. & YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

Blackberries

When you receive the Blackberries they will have a certain amount of the old cane on them. The new canes come up from below the ground, and produce the fruit the next year after planting. Plant your Blackberries about 2 feet apart in the

row and the rows 5 feet apart..

Eldorado—One of the hardiest and most Eldorado—One of the hardiest and most vigorous of all blackberries, enduring the winters of the Northwest without injury. The yield is enormous, berries large, jet black and borne in large clusters. Very sweet, has no core and will keep eight to ten days after picking. A splendid blackberry. Per 10, 65c; 25, \$1.30; 100, \$4.50; 500, \$17.00.

Dewberries

These will be delivered to you with a portion of the old cane attached. This is of no value except for handling purposes, as the new cane that produces the fruit next year comes from the crown of the little plant you will receive. The Dewberry will have a quantity of fine roots. In planting, these must be spread out, the soil worked in

carefully among them and the crown not covered over one and one-half inches. Plant 18 inches apart in the row, rows 4 to 5 feet apart.

Lucretia—We do not advise planting this unless you have sandy soil, as it does better on that than on any other soil. This is a creeping plant and will often grow as much as fifteen feet in one season. The vines should be trimmed back to about three feet for best results. The fruit is about three times the size of the Blackberry, very sweet. Prices: 5 for 40c; 10,60c; 25, \$1.00; 100, \$3.00.

Currants

Currants can be grown successfully in any part of the country and will produce fruit quicker than any other small fruit, and are a sure annual crop. They grow and produce with almost no care, but just like any other tree or plant, will pay a hundred-fold for additional care. Just give them a little cultivation, some manure worked into the soil, a little hit of trimming after the fruit is harvested, and you will have, not only fresh fruit, but quantities to can and make the best jelly. If you like a milder jelly, mix currant juice with one-half apple juice and it's delicious They grow and produce with almost no care, but with one-half apple juice, and it's delicious. Currant Prices (All but Perfection and Red Lake): Each 20c; per 5, 90c; per 10, \$1.60; per 25, \$3.50; per 50, \$6.50.

White Grape Currant—The best of the white Currants and strongest growing. They run a little sweeter than the reds and are equally as good in ided. White currants are delicious.

good in yield. White currants are delicious.

London Market—Plant is extremely vigorons, with perfect foliage which it retains through the season; an enormous cropper. For any usehome or market. One of the best.

Victoria—Large; bright red; bunches extremely long; berries medium size, of excellent quality. Good erect grower, very productive. Ripens late, making it one of the most valuable sorts. Hardy.

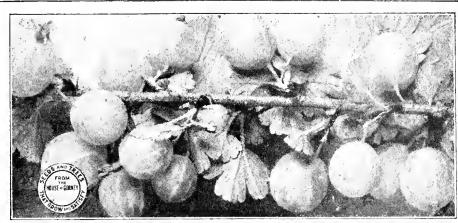
Perfection Currant

By the introduction of this new Perfection Current we are doubling the crop and the size. We picked currants of this variety in our nursery this past season, nearly as large as the Early Richmond Cherry and in clusters of ten to twelve currants on each stem. When first introduced, won Berry Gold Medal at Pan-American Exposition and gold medal awarded at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. It certainly is a wonderful fruit and should be in all your gardens. Each, 25c; per 5, \$1.00; per 10, \$1.75; per 25, \$4.00; per 50, \$7.50.

Red Lake Currant

A new and better Currant from Minnesota. The Currant you've been looking for. Large, a heavy producer. Long clusters of juicy berries that make up into beautiful, sparkling, bright red jelly. The Red Lake has a wonderful future as a home or market Currant. Get in on the ground floor. Supply very limited so order early. Not more than five to a customer. Price 50c each.

SMALL FRUITS



Carrie Gooseberry, 1/2 Size

Currants and Gooseberry plants may not be shipped into the following states because of ederal Quarantine: Maine, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Michigan, Idaho, New York, Vermont, Massachusetts. Connecticut.

RASPBERRIES

Spaced 5x5 in hills, 1,742 per acre

Red Raspberries

Latham Raspberry—The great raspberry of Minnesota. This berry is the leading berry wherever red raspberries can be grown. High quality, large, hardy, better shipper than many other red raspberries. Good color. On account of its hardiness, productiveness and vigorous growth, it is planted now more extensively than any other variety of red raspberries. The House of Gurney, Inc., highly recommend this variety to anyone wishing to plant red raspberries. Per 5, 50c; 10, 79c; 50, \$2.25; 100, \$3.90; 500, \$18.00; 1,000, \$28.00.

Chief Raspberry—A Minnesota introduction that is becoming very popular among the fruit growers due to the fact that it ripens its fruit a week earlier than the Latham. Is unusually hardy. Plants free from disease. Of high quality and a good shipper. On account of this being an early bearer, it usually produces a good crop before dry weather sets in and on that account is one of the best raspherries for planting in practically all sections. Per 5, 50c; 10, 70c; 50, \$2.25; 100, \$3.90; 500, \$18.00; 1,000, \$28.00.

Ohta Raspberry—Introduced by Prof. N. E. Hansen of Brookings, South Dakota. There isn't a bardier Ped Parspherry on the market then the

Hansen of Brookings, South Dakota. There isn't a hardier Red Raspberry on the market than the Ohta. This is large, good quality, plant very vigorous. We have picked **Ohta** berries this year from the time the first ones ripened, early in July, until the ground froze. Absolutely an everbearing the first year, and if you want continuous berries each season, transplant a few of the Ohta from your patch seal fell as gain, autting the continuous of the Ohta from your patch seals fell as gain, autting the continuous of the Ohta from your patch seals fell as gain, autting the continuous of the Ohta from your patch seals fell as gain, autting the continuous of the Ohta from your patch seals fell as gain, and the outer of the outer o Ohta from your patch each fall or spring, cutting the old stock down to about eight or ten inches. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.00; 50, \$2.10; 100, \$4.00; Each, 20c; 500, \$19.00.

Black Raspberries

Logan (New Black Cap)—The best, most disease-resistant and most profitable Black Raspberry. Ripens 1 week earlier than Cumberland. Per 19, 60c; 25, \$1.00; 100, \$3.00; 500, \$13.00;

1,000, \$23.00.

Wessington Spgs., S. Dak. House of Gurney October 3, 1934 Yankton, S. Dak. Gentlemen:

Inclosed you will find two pictures of Chinese Elms which I got from you.

I think this is a great tree for our country.

I was asked by dozens of folks last summer what kind of trees are those that they don't dry up as you know that we had very little rain. Yours truly, Herbert Mettler.

(See picture to the right)

GOOSEBERRIES

Carrie-Prof. Hansen's report on this gooseberry at the State Horticulture meeting in 1910; "We have fruited the Carrie the past season or two and are well pleased with it.

I saw a large plantation near Excelsior, Minn., in 1907, in heavy bearing, and certainly it was a sight to behold."

At the meeting of 1911 he further reports: "The Carrie is intermediate in size between the Houghton and Downing, and it is a heavy bearer at Brookings. It is a welcome addition to our present short list of Gooseberries.

Here at Yankton it has proved much the best of all. For size, quality and productiveness we call it best. 2 yr. each, 25c; 10, \$2.00; 50, \$8.00; 100, \$15.00.

Downing Gooseberry-Larger than the Carrie. Will not stand quite as much grief but is an excellent berty for Iowa, Sonth Dakota, Nebraska and Minnesota or in localities where conditions are equally favorable. A very productive and profitable variety. 2 yr. 25c each; 10, \$2.00. 100, \$15.50.

Oregon Champion Gooseberry—Berries very large brownish-red color, very sweet and fine for table use and pies. Bush a strong grower, healthy, not very thorny and a very prolific bearer. One of the best herries for the market. Prices: 2 yr. Each, 25c; 10, \$2.25; 100, \$17.00.

Houghton-Medium size, pale red, sweet when thoroughly ripe; very spreading grower, an excellent bearer; the standard gooseberry, the best for the Northwest. 2 yr. each, 20c; 5, 90c; 10, \$1.65; 50, \$6.25; 100, \$11.00; 500, \$50.00.



"Chinese Elm—3- to 4-foot seedlings planted spring of 1933 by Herbert Mettler, Wessington Springs, S. Dak."

STRAWBERRIES

Plant an acre this year—10,890 per acre, spaced 1 foot apart, rows 4 feet apart.

Strawberries

All strawberries offered by us are perfect varieties. You do not need other varieties planted with them to make them produce. All Strawberries shipped parcel post or express prepaid.

Strawberries are always sent separate from the balance of your order, either by parcel post or express. We do this so that the plants may reach you in the best possible condition.

Gurney's **Everbearing Strawberries**

They will produce fruit from early July until heavy freezing. In our large acreage of strawberries there was no time during the season that we did not have plenty of strawberries for every-body. No matter how small or large the piece of ground you have, you can have everbearing strawberries for the better part of four months each year. One hundred plants, properly cared for, and if possible, placed near the house where you can give them a little water from the well or some of the wash water about once a week during the hot, dry spells, will supply an ordinary family with all the strawberries they can use during the

Gurney's Big Scarlet Gem **Everbearing Strawberry**

This year, we are introducing a new variety that we believe is even better than the Mastodon. Experience has proved that the "Big Gem" Experience has proved that the big Geni Everbearing Strawberry is extremely hardy, healthy, and vigorous, even under severe drought conditions such as we have had during the past several summers. It is a beautiful glossy red several summers. It is a beautiful glossy red and we have never found a berry with a core, hollow, or white center. For canning or shipping, there is nothing quite as good as "Gurney's Big Scarlet Gem."

Another nice thing about this new variety is that it makes three times as many runners as the Mastodon. Commercial growers will do well to get at least a thousand of "Gurney's Big Scarlet Gem Everbearing Strawberry

Prices: Per 25, 90c; per 50, \$1.50; per 100, \$2.75; per 500, \$9.50; per 1000, \$17.50.

Mastodon

Four acres produced 1,386 crates or 22,176 quarts in one season!

Plants of the Mastodon are large, vigorous, deep-rooted. This explains their ability to produce enormous loads of fine fruit, even under produce enormous loads of fine fruit, even under adverse conditions. They are perfectly hardy. Every plant produces heavily, also, runners the first year. The berries are large and of high quality. Regardless of your past experience with Everbearing Strawberries, we recommend that you plant this Everbearing Strawberry, which is different. Per 25, 75c; 50, \$1.25; 100, \$2.00; 500, \$8.00; 1,000, \$14.00; 5,000, \$60.00.

Progressive Everbearing

"Put on your overcoats and pick enough strawberries for shortcake.'

This is the hardiest of the everbearing Strawberries, producing large crops of medium sized fruit from July until heavy freezing. This is one of the older varieties but still a good variety and should appear in all catalogs. The season has been favorable to growing Strawberries and our plants are strong and healthy. We will furnish instructions to planters with each order. Per 25, 75c; 50 for \$1.25; 100 for \$2.00; 500 for \$8.00; 1,000 for \$14.00.



June Bearing Strawberries Dunlap

Even with the introduction of the Everbearing Strawberry there is still a place for the old standard one crop per year strawberry. The Dunlap is absolutely the best. It is a self-Dunlap is absolutely the best. It is a self-fertilizer, fine quality berry, yields abundantly, and is a good shipper.

We grow a great many varieties of the old standard strawberries, but we consider the Dunlap the best of any for all purposes. Price 25, 60c; 50, 90c; 100, \$1.30; 500, \$5.00; 1,000, \$9.00; 5,000, \$40.00. Parcel post or express charges paid in all cases by us on Strawberry

Red Gold (Sugar Saver)

If nothing more were said of this new straw berry, than that it requires only half as much sugar in canning as any other variety, you would be interested enough to try them out. You would want to be shown, and rightly so. But we are going to say more than that. It has the flavor of the wild strawberry. Berries often measure 8½ inches around with as high as 43 berries to a stem and eleven stems to the plant. The stems are sturdy and stand up well away from the ground, making picking a pleasure.



Gurney's Big Scarlet Gem

Another good feature is their long fruiting time, starting early and continuing long after other varieties are gone. Setting Red Gold is almost like having your strawberry crop insured, for it's almost impossible to have the crop ruined by late freezes or wet weather. Wet weather will prevent fertilization of other varieties but the long season of Red Gold avoids

Plant Red Gold this year. You will never regret it. It is large, solid, a good bearer, has strong stems and is a Sugar Saver.

Red Gold prices: 25, 60c; 50, \$1.00; 100, \$1.50; 500, \$7.00; 1,000, \$13.00.

The Dorsett

This is a new June-bearing variety introduced in 1932. It has the unusual characteristic of holding most of its fruit off the ground. The color of the fruit is a very bright red and it does not become dark when overripe. The flesh is pinkish-red and quite firm.

The Dorsett Strawberry is described as to flavor as "mildly subacid." It is in other words, of excellent quality and we recommend the Dorsett to you as one of the best of the Junebearing varieties.

Prices: Per 25, 75c; per 50, \$1.10; per 100, \$1.50; per 1000, \$10.00.

The Fairfax

This new variety had its origin about 1930 and has been growing in popularity ever since. It is a heavy producer of excellent quality berries. The flower stalks are strong and upstanding. It probably produces more fruit per plant than any other of the June-bearing varieties. Its bright red color and uniform shape makes it a mighty good commercial variety. It has a handsome appearance and stands long distance shipments. You should try out at least a hundred of the Fairfax and the Dorsett.

Prices: Per 25, 75c; per 50, \$1.10; per 100, \$1.50; per 1000, \$10.00.

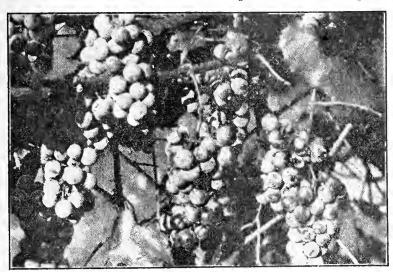
Instructions for Planting and Care of Strawberries Plant Strawberries in the Spring Only

We sell millions of strawberries each year, and they go to all sections of the United States. We often ship them across the continent and have them reach their destination in perfect condition. We dig, pack and ship fresh every day, so they leave in the best possible condition. We want them to reach the customer fresh and green. In handling thousands upon thouand green. In handing thousands upon thousands of growing plants there is always the possibility that some will be overheated in transit. When that happens we want you to notify us at once. However, more strawberries are killed after they are received by the planters than in any other way. They appear to be a trifle dry and they are immediately soaked. The crown of a strawberry plant should never be wet before planting, as it will rot in a few hours. Each plant has a number of fine roots, have your ground in excellent condition, force the flat hand into this mellow ground, withdraw the hand, leaving a hole an inch by about 4 inches and about 4 or 5 inches deep. Take the other hand, spread the roots of the plant out fanshaped, the crown to be just even with the top of the ground when the dirt is packed firmly against the plant. Plant them from 1 foot to 18 inches apart in the row and the rows 4 feet apart. During the growing season they will throw out a number of runners that set new plants. Train these to stay close to the new plants. I rain these to stay close to the original plant, not allowing it to become more than a foot wide. In the fall, when the ground freezes, cover the plant to a depth of about one or two inches with straw or hay. Straw is best, as you can rake it in among the plants in the spring and allow it to remain there. This keeps the fruit off the ground and clean always,

1935 SPRING AND FALL & THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. & YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

GRAPES

Space 8 x 8-680 per acre



Beta Grapes Will Grow Anywhere Perfectly Hardy

All heavy No.1 plants. A row of grape vines in your garden will produce more profit, enjoyment and beauty than any other known fruit.

Instructions for planting and care: One of the most satisfactory fruits, and can be grown anywhere. For the extreme north use the hardiest varieties, as the Beta. As you go farther south take standard varieties, as the Concord. They kill easily if left unprotected while out of the ground. When you receive the grape, it will have very long roots. These should be cut back to about 6 inches in length. The hole should be dug a spade's depth, and the roots spread out on the bottom of this hole. See that the earth is worked in well among the roots. Pack well, cultivate and fertilize, and you will have best results. A trellis will be needed the second year after planting.

Azita Grape—Something New—Sweet, medium, five-eighths inch in diameter; flavor rather wild; strong growth, fair crop. A cross between the Beta and Wild Grape, perfectly hardy. Each, 40c; 5 for \$1.75.

Beta Grape—The people moving north regret the loss of their grapes, which are wonderfully attractive and refreshing in the late summer. Many the heartache and sigh of disappointment when the housewife finds she cannot grow grapes on her new homestead or northern home. The Beta changes all this, as it will grow readily in North Dakota without covering; not only grow, but produce as much fruit per vine as the large varieties in the East, rapid growers often making a growth of 15 to 20 feet in a single season. Extremely valuable for covering summer houses, outbuildings or fences. It has made homes beautiful and produced immense quantities of fruit. Each, 25c; per 5, \$1.15; per 10, \$2.90; per 25, \$4.25; per 50, \$7.50; per 100, \$13.50.

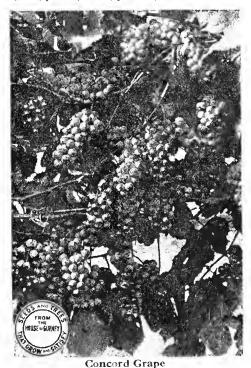
Champlon—One of the earliest of the large black grapes. With winter protection these can be successfully grown in most parts of North Dakota. Very productive, vines vigorous and hardy. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.35; 50 for \$5.00.

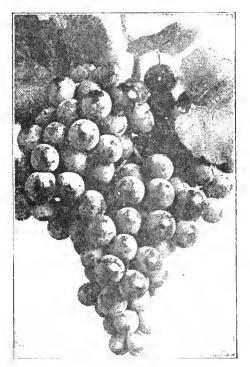
Caco—One of the most delicious of all grapes. Wine red or amber. Ripens ten days to two weeks earlier than the Concord. Fine, very strong, vigorous growers, healthy and prolific. Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.35; per 10, \$2.35.

Delaware—One of the finest table grapes, bunches not large, compact, well shouldered, berries rather small, juicy and sweet without any hard pulp. Spicy flavor, probably the best American grape, all things considered. Ripens medium early, color red. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.00; 10 for \$1.85; 25 for \$4.90.

Concord Grape The Old Standard

Concord Grape—There are, no doubt, more Concord Grapes produced in the United States than all others together. This Grape is almost too well known to need a description. Large, color purplish-black, very hardy, productive, ripening about the middle of September. An excellent market grape. Mr. H. J. Gurney sold Mr. Henry Becker of Elk Point a number of Concord Grapes about thirty years ago. These Grapes have produced each season without winter protection. Many carloads of these are shipped out of different points along the Missouri River in Nebraska. Grapes will produce more fruit than any other plant with but little extra care. They blossom late and escape late frosts. You can depend on a crop at least eight years out of ten. We are offering strong plants, two years old. Each, 20c; per 5, 75c; per 10, \$1.00; per 25, \$2.25; per 100, \$8.00.





Lutie, One-Third Size

Lutie Grape—An old standard variety. The Lutie is very vigorous and produces more fruit than any other variety in the trial grounds. It is a red grape, earlier than the Concord and probably more hardy. There is no reason why you cannot grow large quantities of these grapes, as there are but few fruits, it any, that will produce more fruit per square foot than grapes. Try ten of these. Each, 20c; 5 for 90c; 10 for \$1.70.

Campbell's Early—The characteristics which give this black Grape its ment are high quality, freedom from foxiness, small seeds, earliness of maturity, large size and attractive appearance of bunch and berry. Has good keeping qualities. Very hardy. Each, 20c; 5 for 75c; 10 for \$1.00; 25 for \$2.25; 50 for \$4.25.

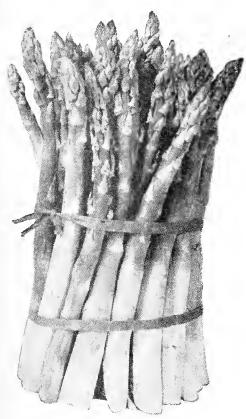
Moore Early—Similar to Concord, equally as hardy and at least ten days earlier. Very productive in rich soil. Each, 25c; 10 for \$1.75; 50 for \$6.00.

Moyer Grape—A red grape, seedling from the Delaware. It is similar to the Delaware, is more free from rot and mildew, and the berries and bunches are larger. Flavor, rich and sweet, without a trace of foxiness. The fruit keeps and ships well. This grape was originated in Canada and is highly thought of, proving perfectly hardy everywhere the Concord is grown and possibly standing even more cold. Two weeks earlier than the Delaware, especially fine for the north. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.00; 10 for \$1.85; 25 for \$4.00.

Nlagara—Large, slightly oval; pale yellow fruit, covered with a white bloom; the quality is equal to the Concord and it is the standard white grape of the country. Bunches are large and compact. Vine vigorous, hardy and very productive. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.00; 10 for \$1.75; 25 for \$4.00; 50 for \$7.90.

Worden—Larger than Concord and ten days earlier. Hardy, healthy, vigorous and productive. Large bunches, dark purplish-black. Especially good on account of its earliness. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.50; 50 for \$5.00; 100 for \$9.00.

ASPARAGUS—RHUBARB—HORSERADISH



Asparagus

Mary Washington Asparagus-This is the seventh year we have offered this wonderful asparagus. This is a high quality asparagus producing larger stocks than any other asparagus, is free from rust and cannot be recommended too highly. If you are intending to plant a small garden or grow asparagus for the market, you cannot make a mistake in planting this variety. cannot make a mistake in planting this variety. All of the large planters are getting into this variety as rapidly as possible. It brings a higher price on the market. These are heavy one year plants. They must be planted either in the fall or

ASPARAGUS PRICES

Prices One Year Old Plants: 50, 90c; 100. \$1.60; 1000, \$8.00.

Prices Two Year Old Plants: 50, \$1.50; 100, \$2.50; 1000, \$15.00.

Prices Three Year Old Plants: 50, \$2.00; 100, \$3.00; 1000, \$20.00.

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

This is where the fellow with a little piece of ground in town, as well as the man with the big farm, ean take a solar plexus punch at the depression, and live better and feel better than he can without this saving. You can grow the plant so easily and in such a small space, and produce such an immense crop that makes the most excellent sauce and pies, that you are certainly neglecting one of the big little things if you fail to have a supply. If you could grow the ordinary farin crops as easily as you can grow rhubarb, you could simply plant the crop and take a vacation, because it will grow and produce anywhere and under almost any condition. I do not want you to think, however, that it is the proper way to grow rhubarb. It responds to better care and better conditions just as any other crop

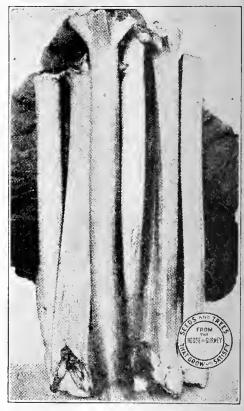
Plan plenty for canning. You have heard the following: "An apple a day keeps the doctor away." There is more truth to this than many realize. The same may be said of the Rhubarb.

Giant Victorian Rhubarb—Large, early, tender, red stalk. We consider this the best. You get the larger stalks out of your rhubarb if you use plenty of fertilizer. It is a heavy feeder. 2 for 25c; 10 for \$1.00; 25 for \$2.20; 100 for \$8.00. 100 for \$8.00.

New Bohemian Horseradish

This horscradish is perfectly hardy anywhere. Is a very desirable article as a relish. Its roots are dug in early spring, grated finc, vinegar added, and it is ready for use. For planting and care, first plant the roots about two inches deep in a desirable location where they can be left permanently. Give them good cultivation.

The Malner Horseradish roots were introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. They are much carlier, and produce better than the are much carlier, and produce better than the ordinary sort. Roots grow larger, are whiter, and quality is far superior. All who grow horse-radish should use this variety; we have discarded the old standard kind, as Malner will out-yield and is much more satisfactory in every way. 5 for 60c; per 10, \$1.00; 25, \$2.25; cuttings, \$1.00 per 50.



Gurney's Rhubarb

The House of Gurney Yankton, S. Dak. Gentlemen: Sept. 17, 1934

Gentlemen:

My Chinese Elm trees have stood the drought most wonderinl. Have had four dry years and some of the scedlings are ten feet high. They are the only trees which still have their green foliage left on them. They are a great tree for dry regions.

Respectfully,

Mrs. J. C. Allen
Baker, N. Dak.

NUT-BEARING TREES

Almost every farm and garden contains some land that should be planted to nut trees adapted to the soil. Probably no branch of tree cultivation pays larger profits or is as well assured of a profitable market for all products. The nuts in many cases pay better than farm crops or fruits while most kinds make a growth of valuable timber that will, of itself, pay a large per cent on the investment. The nuts that we list can be grown in almost any section

Butternut or White Walnut-A fine native tree producing a large longish nut, which is prized for its sweet, oily, nutritious kernel.

Síze	Each	Per 2	Per 5	Per 10	Per 100
1 year	11.	30c	55773	\$1.00	\$7.00
3 to 4 ft	45c		\$1.65		
4 to 5 ft	65C		2.60		

Hazel Nut-This forms a small growing bush and produces large quantities of nuts; it is perfectly hardy in any territory; does best if planted alongside of, or in, thin groves, or along banks in the natural timber. Each, 20c;

Black Walnut

The trees that we are offering are grown from nuts gathered from native rees. It is an established fact that the furthest north in which Black Wal-

The trees we are offering are from this stock.

This is the black walnut that produces probably the most valuable of any wood grown in the United States today. It also produces large quantities of nuts which are always marketable at a good price. We grow these in immense quantities.

We assure you of the hardiest Black Walnuts that you possibly can scure. These are very hardy when planted in connection with other trees where the soil is deep and they get a reasonable amount of moisture. They produce excellent nuts.

Black Walnut Prices

Síze	Each	Per 5	Per 10	Per 50	Per 100	Per 500
12 to 18 in		\$0.40	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$3.75	\$15.50
18 to 24 in.,		.50	.90	3.00	4.25	17.50
2 to 3 ft		.60	1.10	3.75	5.75	22.00
3 to 4 ft. trans	\$0.30		2.75	10.00		
4 to 6 ft. trans	.50		4.50	20.00		

Horse Chestnuts (Ohio Buckeye)—The nuts that these trees were grown from were gathered from two trees that are at least eighteen inches through and perfect in form, growing in the City of Yankton. Those are probably the oldest Horse Chestnut trees in South Dakota and have proved perfectly hardy. The fruit of this is not edible. The tree is very beautiful and ornamental, having an almost perfectly globular crown. It bears large quantities of beautiful flowers followed by burrs containing two to four nuts.

We find these trees growing and doing well, perfectly hardy in the eastern part of South Dakota and eastern North Dakota. They are exceptionally hardy, a wonderful shade tree and should be planted more extensively. Very Rapid in Growth. 4-6 ft., each 95c; per 10, \$8.00; 6-8 ft., each \$1.25; 8-10 ft., each \$1.50.

FOREST AND SHADE TREES

AN NEEDS trees. He cannot be happy without them. He should have a place where he can go among whispering leaves and breathe the cool, health-giving breath of the trees. No town or city should be without its forest park; no farm should lack its grove; no city home should be entitled to the sacred name of home until it is sheltered under the pro-tecting arms of the forest giant. And what is one to think of the town or city that has no trees lining its streets, to give comfort to the passerby and

beauty to the environment. All city streets should be planted with trees.

The word call appearing after the large-sized trees means the measurement in inches or the diameter of the tree taken from six to twelve inches above the ground, depending on the size of the tree.

"Trans." in all cases means transplanted. All of the larger trees offered by us are transplanted.

in in interpretation and the second s

This is one of the most valuable of all for northern and northwestern South Dakota and North Dakota. In planting in that section, you should make your planting largely of the Ash. It is an upright grower, with beautiful foliage, perfectly hardy and best for the high and dry places, or where a hard pan is close to the top of the ground. It will thrive in that part of the country where ninety per cent of the population will say that trees cannot be produced.

		Per	Per	Per	rer
Size	Each	10	50	100	1000
6 to 12 in. sdlg.			\$0.75	\$1.00	\$8.00
12 to 18 in. sdlg.			1.00	1.70	15.00
18 to 24 in. sdlg.			1.50	2.50	18.00
4 to 5 ft. tran.	\$0.30	\$2.50	9.50	17.00	
5 to 6ft. tran.	.45	3.20	13.00	24.00	.
6 to 8 ft. tran.	.55	4.50	19.00	36.00	
1½ to 2 in. cal.	1.75	16.75	80.00	• • • • •	

White Birch

A graceful tree with white bark; a very desir-

able lawn tree. Hardy if not too dry.

We want to call the attention of our customers
to the color of the bark on the White Birch tree. The bark on trees often as tall as six to eight feet does not show any or but little white, while trees eight to ten feet tall begin to show white bark. This is due to the trees being in the nursery while if they were in sod or in a thicket with other trees they would show the coloring on small trees. 4-6 ft., \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10.

Basswood (Linden)

One of the most beautiful deciduous trees Trunk always straight, the top almost a perfect globe; green leaves during the summer changing to bright yellow with the autumn; holds its leaves well beyond most other trees; very hardy.

	ft ft								\$5.00 \$.00

Box Elder (Acer Negundo)

This is a rapid growing tree, producing firewood of good quality about as quickly as any tree will. Very hardy and long lived; is not a beautiful tree but it is desirable in your windbreak or groves on the farm. We do not advise the planting of these for street trees or in city parks, but intersperse a row of Box Elder in your grove on the farm for quick protection.

	Size			Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
9	to 1	2 in	. sdlg.			\$1.00	
						1.75	15.00
4	to	5 ft.	tran.	\$0.35	\$2.50	20.00	
5	to	6ft.	tran.	.50	4.50	35.00	

Wild Black Cherry

(Prunus Serotina)-A hardy rapid grower. Bears fruit abundantly when quite young. Makes a handsome lawn tree. Bears white blossoms in racemes in early spring and ripens an abundant crop of fruit in August. Foliage colors beautiful. Height, 40 feet. 3-4 ft., 30c each, \$2.00 per 10.

Chinese Tree of Heaven

(Ailanthus)—An upright, rapid growing tree, with long, siender fern-like leaves, free from disease. 4-6 ft., 45c ea., 10 for \$2.00.

Our Guarantee

We guarantee our nursery stock to reach customer in good growing con-dition. If through delay in shipment or other causes, it does not, we are to be notified at once and we will make a satisfactory adjustment by replacement or refund. Any other kind of a replacement is wrong as It makes the carefui planter pay for the careless planter's trees.

Non-Warranty

The House of Gurney, Inc., does not give any warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants which it sends out, and will not be in any way held responsible for the crop.

Siberian Pea Tree

(Caragana Arborescens)

Makes an Excellent Snow Catcher, Wind Break, Ornamental Hedge-Hardy Anywhere

A very hardy, low growing tree from Siberia; excellent for hedge purposes, for snow breaks, or ornamental specimens. The trees in the spring are covered with racemes of yellow flowers, later forming pods like peas. The bark is light green in color, the foliage light green with silvery back-Dakota, South Dakota and adjoining states where conditions are severe. Height, 10 feet. Exceptionally good for dry, cold climates. If you have had difficulty in starting windbreaks, greates ond other trees that there is the conditions are severe. groves and other trees try these, they will give you a start. Dor Dor Dor

		rei	rer	rer	rer
Size	Each	10	50	100	1000
4 to 6 in. sdlg.				\$1.00	\$ 9.00
6 to 12 in. sdlg			\$1.00	1.75	15.00
12 to 18 in. sdlg					
18 to 24 in. sdlg	\$0.15	.70	2.00	-3.20	25.00
2 to 3 ft. sdlg	. 25	2.00	3.00	4.00	30.00
3 to 4 ft. sdlg	.35	2.25	-6.00	-8.00	55.00
500	at tlie	1000	rate.		

Umbrella Catalpa (See Special Ornamental Trees)

Kentucky Coffee Tree

perfectly hardy tree, medium rapid in growth, attaining a height up to 100 feet. Pods often ten inches long cling to trees throughout the winter. Leaves similar to the Black Walnut. Easily transplanted. 12-18 inch, \$1.50 per 10, \$4.00 per 100.

Catalpa Speciosa Northern Grown

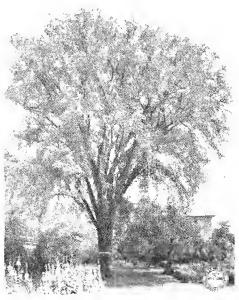
We procure all of our seed from the trees here in Yankton County. They are fine for ornamental or street purposes and grow very straight and fast. The leaves measure 10 in. across and its beautiful white flowers give a very tropical appearance. Our large sizes for ornamental purposes are transplanted and are very easily grown.

		10	100	1000
12 to 18 in. sdlg			\$2.00	\$15.00
3 to 4 ft. tran	\$0.35	\$3.25	24.00	
4 to 5 ft. tran			28.00	
5 to 6 ft. tran			35.00	
6 to 8 ft. tran				
8 to 10 ft	.85	7.50		

Cottonwood

The Cottonwood and Poplar are the most The Cottonwood and Poplar are the most rapid growing of any of the soft wooded varieties, and should be planted on every farm. They make excellent firewood, mighty good thick shelter, and are always pleasing to the eye. Cottonwood and Poplar are the coming trees for the manufacture of paper pulp. We are selling hundreds of thousands of cuttings and trees to caper manufacturers each season. A paper mill paper manufacturers each season. A paper mill in Dakota working on cottonwood cut here could reduce the cost of paper.

	Each	10	100	1000
12 to 18 in			\$0.60	\$4.00
18 to 24 in			.75	5.00
2 to 3 ft			1.00	6.00
3 to 4 ft		\$0.50	3.50	10.00
4 to 5 ft	\$0.15	1.00	8.00	30.00
5 to 6 ft	.20	1.50	10.00	
6 to 8 ft	.35	3.00	25.00	• • • •



Elm, American White

Elm Cannot Be Shipped Into Canada

The Elm from Northern seed, such as we grow here, is always hardy. It grows into a beautiful spreading tree that will live longer than several spreading tree that will five longer than several generations of people and increases in beauty each year. It is free from diseases and insects, and wind seldom if ever breaks or damages it.

This is the most popular of all street trees. It is planted over a wider range of country for

ornamental and shade purposes than any other

tree	∂.				Per	Per	Per	Per
	Si	ze		Each	10	25		1000
6	to	12 in.	. sd				\$1.00	
12	to	18 in.	sd				1.20	9.00
18	to	24 in.	sd				1.70	11.00
2	to	3 ft.	sd			\$1.00	2.50	16.00
4			tran.				18.00	
5			tran				20.00	
6	to	8 ft.	tran.	.40	3.20		22.00	
8	to	10 ft.	tran.	.65	5.40		30.00	
1 1/4	to	1 1/2 in	ı. cal.	1.00	9.00		80.00	
			cal		14.00		100.00	
			ı. cal	2.00	16.00		150.00	
			cal	2.25	18.00		170.00	
			. cal .		25.00			
			cal	4.00	35.00			

CHINESE OR SIBERIAN ELM

"New King of Trees"

No other tree is in as great demand at the present time or has commanded more favorable comment for a great many years. It is the fastest many years. It is the lastest growing, most satisfactory shade and ornamental or windbreak tree. The U.S. Department of Agriculture, Bulletin 945, says it is a rapid grower, with slender, almost wirey branches. It is a pre-of-the first trees to leaf one of the first trees to leaf out in the spring, and the last to shed its leaves in the tall. It is remarkably free from the usu d plant discuses and insect injury common to the Elm. It is very hardy and has proven valuable tra-der a greater variety of cli-matic and soil conditions than any tree yet introduced. Its resistance to drought, alkali, and extremes of temperature render it especially valuable.

The Chinese Elm is adapted to any part of the United States. For wind-break or screen, its natural habit of branching from the ground if left untrimuch, makes it especially desirable. It will thrive where other trees could never exist and will grow to a height of teet, attaining a girth of 12 feet, though it can easil be controlled by pruning. Lucurious shade may be enjoyed in just a few years and some specimens have reached a height of 23 to 25 feet in four years, with a spread of 18

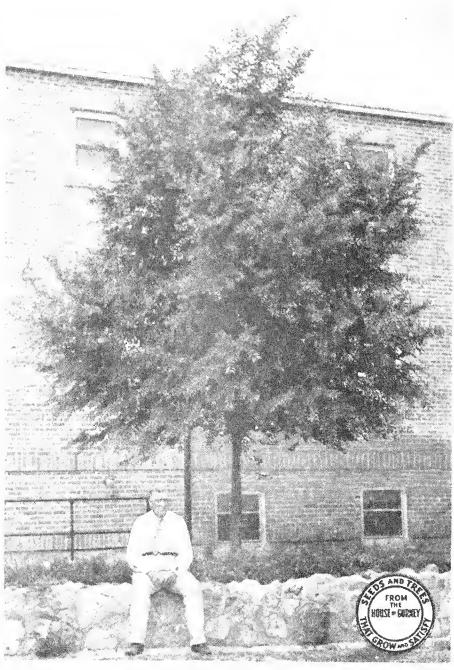
"The Most Talked of Tree of the Day"

The Chinese Elm comes from northern Manchuría and Síbería—the land that has gíven us Sweet Clover, has given us Sweet Clover, Mfalfa, Siberian Pea Tree, Dwarf Red Maple, and the Rigosa Rose. It is a land rich in thrifty and hardy plants. No wonder this remarkable tree is taking the country by storm and it is country by storm and it is difficult to supply the demand. It is unusual to discover a tree that will grow in poor soil—grow rapidly in spite of neglect, and at the same time combine the gracefulness, dignity, and rare Beauty of our finest trees. The Chinese Elm has

come to stay and will soon be among our most valuable trees for the lawn or street planting.

"Why Chinese Elm Is the Greatest Contribution to Horticulture in Years"

- Because it is a tree of rare beauty—heavy dark green foliage and combines the beauty of the finest Elms with the gracefulness of the Cut-Leaf Birch.
- Because it is resistant to drought and cold—thrives on poor soil and makes progress in the face of neglect.
- Because it is a tree of rapid growth—developing as rapidly as the Soft Maple or Cottonwood and generally making a growth of 8 to 10 feet in two growing seasons.



Uncle Phil and A Four-Year Old Chinese Elm

4. Because it holds its foliage late in the fall.

Because Chinese Elm fulfills a long-felt want and promises to take first place among the shade or boule-vard trees of America.

"As a Windbreak Tree"

It is very valuable for windbreak purposes and may be trained as a bush or tree also providing excellent sanctuary for birds. It is re-markably resistant to drought and alkali.

In China, where it originated, it grows successfully in high altitudes along irriga-tion ditches and even at 4,500 feet attains a good height. Can be trimmed to any height hedge wanted. Faster growing than any

Faster growing than any other Elm and often reaches 80 feet in height. Regular in growth when pruned. In youth and in middle age, it is gray bark. Exceedingly useful as a street tree in cities as it does not seem to mind smoke. Despite its unusual speedy growth, the wood is hard and tough as Birch.

No farmer can afford to be without a shelter belt of these hardy, fast growing windbreak trees. Select the trees now while we have the sizes you want. Many of the old farm windbreaks are "up old farm windbreaks are "up in the air"—the lower limbs and twigs are gone. Supplement your old windbreak with a row or two of our Northern Strain Chinese Siberian Elm,—they grow leafy and twiggy and form a windbreak. windbreak close to the ground. Many farmers are planting several rows of Chi-nese Elm outside of the old windbreaks. It will stop the wind and snow from coming in around the buildings. Plant in double rows, 12 to 15 feet apart and 4 to 5 feet apart in the rows.

Be sure to include them in

your order.

South Dakota pays a bounty of \$5.00 per acre for planting trees. This is paid for 10 years on from 1 to 10 acres. Write us for details and plan to plant a thousand or more of the trees that will grow best under your condi-tions-The Chinese Elm.

CHINES		-				
		Per	Per	Per	Per	Per
Size	Each	10	50	100	500	1000
Two-year sdlg, 3-4 ft		\$1.25	\$3.75	\$5.00	\$25.00	\$45.00
Two-year sdlg, 4-5 ft		1.50		7.00		
6-12 in. salg				1.50	6.50	11.00
12-18 in. sdlg				2.00	9.00	16.00
18-24 in. sdlg		.60	2.00	2.75	12.50	22.50
2 3 ft. sdlg		.75	2.50	3.50	16.00	30.00
3-4 ft. sdlg		1.00	3.50	4.50	21.50	40.00
3- 4 ft. trans	\$0.25	2.25	10.50	20.00	90.00	170.00
4-5 ft, trans	.30	2.75	13.00	25.00	110.00	200.00
5 6 ft. trans	.45	4.00	19.00	35.00		
6-8 ft. trans	.60	5.50	26.50	50.00		
8–10 ft. trans	.75	7.00	34.00	65.00	*****	*******
1 1/4-1 1/2 in., cal	.90	8.50	40.00	75.00		
1½-2 in. cal	1.25					* * * * * * *

1935 SPRING AND FALL . THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. . YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

CHINESE ELM—(Continued)



Planting Chinese Elm Seed in Our Nursery

Here it is, that wonderful, hardy, extremely rapid growing shade tree that is taking the country by storm. It is quite similar to the American Elm in appearance, liaving the same great height and majesty, with innumerable slender branches, and narrow, elliptical leaves. For grace and beauty, it compares favorably with the Birches.

There are many other things, too, that make the Chinese Elm so desirable, chief of these being the Chinese Elm so desirable, chief of these being its very rapid growth (it probably grows faster than any other shade tree), and its marvelous adaptability to soils and conditions where other varieties cannot thrive. For the western, arid sections it is positively unexcelled—it is ideally suited to the dry soil and extreme temperatures. It develops into a splendid shade tree, tall, broad, and protective, besides being a useful windbreak tree. Since its introduction by the Department of Agriculture about 20 years ago, it has undergone the most rigid experiments, and does well in practically every locality of the does well in practically every locality of the United States. We cannot recommend it too highly. Leaves stay on the trees much longer in the autumn than on the American Elm.

Among the many valuable contributions of

northern China to American horticulture, the Chinese Elm (Ulmus pumila) stands out as one Chinese Elm (Ulmus pumila) stands out as one likely to prove of increasing value to certain sections of the United States. First introduced in 1908 by Frank N. Mever, agricultural explorer, from near Peking, Chihli, China, the tree is established in a number of places in this country, and seeds and plants are offered for sale by several nurseries in the South and West.

It is a rapid grower, with slender, almost wiry branches. The leaves are elliptical and smaller than those of the American Elm. If allowed to assume its natural habit, the Chinese Elm develops numerous branches along its trunk, making a rather dense growth from near the base and resembling in some instances large shrubs. It is

resembling in some instances large slrubs. It is one of the first trees to leaf out in the spring and the last to shed its leaves in the fall. Throughout the long season the leaves remain a beautiful green and are remarkably free from the usual leaves the standard of the standard or springer in the season of the standard or springer in the springer plant diseases and insect injuries so common in many of the other Elms.

Tree Is Very Hardy

It is very hardy and has proved valuable under

a greater variety of climatic and soil conditions than any tree yet introduced. Very favorable reports have been received from practically every section of the country. It has proved winter hardy in most trials in the Dakotas, Minnesota, New York, Montana, and other northern states. Its resistance to drought, alkali, and extremes of temperature render it on precially included. of temperature render it an especially valuable tree in the Great Plains region where desirable shade trees are few, in the semi-arid South and Southwest, and in fact in almost any portion of the continental United States.

As a shade, windbreak, and avenue tree, the Chinese Elm has proved to be the most successful introduction of this kind thus far attempted.

A recent report from one of the department's explorers in Manchuria brings out the fact that this tree is used there for hedges 2 to 3 feet high; in some instances being used for screens up to 12 to 15 teet in height. It is also used there for formal plantings, the trunk being trimmed of branches to a height of 6 to 8 feet, with the top portion of the tree trimmed to a conical shape. If the trunk is kept trimmed, this Elm will assume a tree-like habit and make a splendid shade or avenue tree. Its natural habit of growth also makes it valuable as a windbreak.

Hybrid Chinese Elm—Grafted

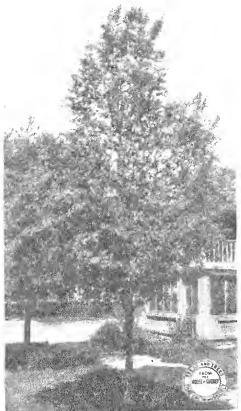
We never reach perfection in anything. If we did, all progress would die. Although the Chinese Elm approaches perfection as a general utility tree for the middle Northwest, we believe there is room for improvement. The Chinese Elm crosses naturally with the American White Elm. From these natural crosses, we have grown Hybrids, some of which have shown decided merit. They take on the graceful habit of the American Elm and still grow as fast as the Chinese. We have retained this habit and form of growth and by grafting or budding on Chinese of growth and by grafting or budding on Chinese Elm roots, have given them the speed, hardiness, and drought-resistance of the Chinese Elm. We believe these are

THE COMING ORNAMENTAL TREE

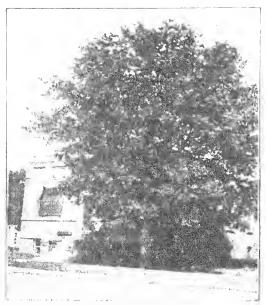
																1660
	Si	ze													Each	Per 10
4	to	5	foot	,		,			,		,				40c	\$3.50
5	to	6	foot				,	,							55c	5.00
6	to	8	foot		,		,					,		,	75c	7.00



A Scene In our Chinese Elm Nursery



FOREST AND SHADE TREES—(Continued)



Hackberry (Celtis Occidentalis)

The Hackberry is a native well into the Dakotas, and there are wonderful specimens of these growing along the rivers, creeks and ravines. It is a perfectly hardy, rapid growing, beautifully shaped tree. When planted alone, allowing it to have plenty of room for spread, it forms into the best-shaped of any of the hardwood trees. It is well to give it considerable room in planting. Heavy winds will not break them. Second only to Chinese Elm in drought resistance.

I am showing here the picture of a Hackberry tree in front of the telephone office at Yankton, South Dakota. This tree spreads more than 40 feet, is a perfect globe, and is noticed and commented on by practically every visitor to this

			Each	10	100
6	to 12	in		\$ 1.00	\$ 5.00
2	to 3	ft	\$0.30	2.50	20.00
3	to 4	ft	.40	3.00	25.00
4	to 6	ft	.60	5.00	45.00
6	to 8	ft	.80	7.30	64.00
8	to 10	ft	1.15	10.40	89.00
10	to 12	ft	1.35	12.00	100.00
2	to 21/2	in. cal	2.75	20.00	175.00
21/2	to 3	in. cal.*	3.50	27.00	240.00
3	to 4	in. cal.*	4.50	37.00	

Maple, Silver or Soft (Acer Dasycarpum)

This is one of the rapid growing street trees. In towns it is one of the good shade trees and good street trees. If planted in groves in the country it does remarkably well and should be on every farm. Do not confuse this with the Silver-Leaved Poplar.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in			\$ 2.50
4 to 5 ft. trans		\$ 2.00	16.00
5 to 6 ft. trans	.40	3.40	30.00
6 to 8 ft. trans	.55	5.00	35.00
8 to 10 ft. trans. †	.60	5.75	45.00
1 1/2 to 2 in. cal. tr	1.20	9.50	80.00

Cut Leaf Siberian Maple

Ginnala Maple—This is a hardy Maple from Siberia. A semi-dwarf tree, fourteen to twenty feet tall. Hardier than the Soft Maple. The bright colored prettily cut leaves and the immense quantities of seed that they produce make them very attractive trees.

										Each	Per 5	1	Per	10
2	to	4 f	t.			٠	 			\$0.25	\$1.00		\$1.	.75

Sugar or Rock Maple—This tree is chieftain of its clan; straight, spreading, symmetrical, of grand proportions, often 120 feet in height. It

grows well and roots deeply. Its bold leaves have very rich autumn tints of clear yellow and scarlet. Hardy here when planted among other trees. SUGAR MAPLE PRICES

								Each	10	100
12	to	18 in					,		\$1.00	\$5.00
4	to	oft	 					\$0.60	5.50	

Norway Maple One of the most beautiful and desirable trees known. Of large size, perfect outline, with deep green foliage, which turns to a pale yellow in autumn. Desirable trees for street, park and garden. They grow faster than Hard Maple and do better here in Yankton. The leaves in the spring first appear red, later turning green.

red, later turning green.

Price, 4-5 ft., each 50c; per 10, \$4.50

Price 6-8 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, 9.00

The Purple Norway Maple's beautiful leaves are attractive at all seasons but are especially fine in spring when the gleaming purple and red leaves contrast brightly with the green of other trees. They turn purplish-green in midsummer and golden yellow in the fall. 5 to 6 ft., each \$1.25; per 5, \$5.00.

Globe or Umbrella Locust—See Globe or Umbrella Trees. See pg. 61

Locust, Black (Robinia Pseudacacia)

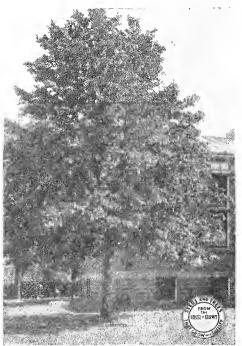
A rapid growing tree, bears fragrant white flowers, wood very hard. Valuable for fence posts, hardy in sheltered locations, or where planted with other trees throughout the east half of the state.

Per Per Per Per

half of the state.				Per
Size	Each	10	100	1000
4- 6 in. sdlg			\$0.90	\$6.00
6-12 in. sdlg			1.25	10.00
12-18 in. sdlg			1.75	14.00
18-24 in, sdlg				16.00
2- 3 ft, sdlg			2.25	18.00
3- 4 ft, trans	30c	\$2.50		
4- 5 ft, trans	40c	3.00		
5- 6 ft. trans	50c	3.50		
6- 8 ft, trans	60c	4.00		
8-10 ft, trans	75c	6.00		

Locust, Honey (Gleditsia Triacanthos)

A very fine tree, delicate foliage, very fragrant flowers followed with bean-like pods; thorny, hardy. Each 10 100 12 to 18..... \$2.00 4 to 5 ft. trans. \$0.40 \$3.60 \$5 to 6 ft. trans. \$5.460



Linden

Mountain Ash

A fine hardy tree, obtains a height of twenty feet. Head dense and upright in growth. Covered from July until winter with clusters of bright red berries. An excellent tree for the lawn where a larger shade tree cannot be used.

								_							Each	10	
3	to	4	ft												\$0.40	\$3.50	
4	to	6	Ít												.45	4.00	

Burr Oak

Burr Oak—A large tree with wide spreading, round head. Acorns often more than one inchin diameter, in a mossy cup.

diameter, in a mossy ct	ıρ.		
Size	Each	Per 10	Per 50
2-year seedlings	\$0.10	\$0.90	\$ 3.00
4-6 ft	.35	3.00	13.00
6-8 ft	.45	4.00	17.00
8-10 ft	.55	5.00	19.00

Russian Olive

Here is a variety that adapts itself to almost any purpose for which a tree can be used. If you want a hedge plant get Russian Olive. Plant them about one foot apart, cut them back to. six inches from the ground, and you will have as compact and beautiful a hedge as you can desire. Its silvery foliage will always attract favorable attention. If it is a windbreak you wish to plant consider the Russian Olive. Set them about three feet apart, let them grow for a few years, and cut them back forcing them to branch low. You will have a compact windbreak starting right from the ground serving every purpose for which a windbreak is intended. If you want a specimen tree for your lawn, again consider the Russian Olive. Give it plenty of room, as it grows raise its branches to the height necessary for a specimen tree, and again its silvery foliage and well-shaped crown will be a point of beauty on your lawn. In addition to its adaptability, the Russian Olive is one of the hardiest trees that we know of and will grow on almost any kind of soil and under any normal condition. Notice that even after heavy freezing weather when all the leaves of other deciduous trees have fallen, the Russian Olive still retains its leaves, almost as fresh as in summer. In the spring it is covered with fragrant flowers, followed by the attractive, olive-shaped, silvery white seeds, that hang in clusters like currants throughout the fall and winter. It is a wonderful tree.

					Per	
Size		Each	10	50	100	500
6 to 12	in			\$ 1.30	\$ 2.50	\$11.50
12 to 18						
18 to 24	in		\$0.90	2.50	4.50	18.00
3 to 4 ft.	trans.	. 25c	2.00	9.00	17.00	
4 to 5 ft.	trans.	30c	2.50	10.00	18.00	
5 to 6 ft.	trans.	55c	5.00			
6 to 8ft.	trans.	60c	5.50			

CUTTINGS

A great many varieties of trees and plants can be propagated from cuttings more readily than any other way and at less expense. Cuttings of all kinds should be planted as soon as received. We do not advise shoving them into the ground as is commonly practiced. They will be more or less calloused when you receive them, and forcing them into the ground destroys this callous and makes the cutting worthless. If you have a large number of them a good way is to plow a deep furrow, lay the cuttings against the overturned furrow, where they will not be stepped on by the horses as you come back with the next; and throw a furrow against them, tramping them carefully after they are covered.

•	100	1000
Cottonwood \$	0.40	\$3.70
Carolina Poplar	.50	3.70
Norway Poplar	.50	3.70
L. L. Willow	.50	3.70
Golden Willow	.50	3.70
White Willow	.65	4.00
Diamond Willow	55	4 00

FOREST AND SHADE TREES—(Continued)



Bolleana Poplars in our Nursery

POPLARS

Bolleana Poplar—A very compact upright grower with glossy leaves green above and silvery underneath. Hardiest of the upright poplars. 5 to 6 ft., 40c each; per 10, \$3.80; 6 to 8 ft., 50c each; per 10, \$4.80; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.00 ea.

Carolina and Norway Poplar-We grow thousands of these each year, and they are known as the "Sudden Saw Log." A one-year-old tree, grown from a cutting, has been known to grow grown from a cutting, has been known to grow 12 feet high in one season. No other tree will produce this growth. Very hardy, and, unlike the cottonwood, never bear cotton-like seed. Either variety, price: Each 10 100 1000 2 to 3 ft. \$2.50 \$20.00 4 to 5 ft. 20c \$1.00 5.50 40.00

Laurel Leaf Siberlan Poplar (Simoni) - Of

only medium height, although bushy and as rapid growing as other varieties.

3 to 4 ft. Each, 25c 10 for \$2.00
4 to 5 ft. Each, 30c 10 for 2.50

Lombardy Poplar-A native of Europe. Remarkable for its erect growth and tall, spire-like form. Valuable in collection. 4 to 6 ft., 35c each; \$3.00 per 10.

Silver-Leaved Poplar—This is another of the native poplars that should be more generally planted. It will make cordwood faster than a

4 to 5 ft........Each, 35c; \$3.00 per 10 5 to 6 ft.......Each, 45c; 4.00 per 10

The Northwest Poplar is an improvement overits relative the Cottonwood. This particular variety is from central North Dakota. Very rapid in growth, extremely hardy and does not produce this cotton that is so offensive throughout the season. Will stand on upland where Cottonwoods will not thrive. Rapid in growth and makes a large tree. This is something that you should add to your windbreak.

18-24 in..... \$3.00

-WEEPING TREES-

All weeping trees will be trimmed ready for planting.

Cut-Leaf Weeping Birch

This magnificent tree is the most popular and the most planted of all weeping trees. It is a tall, slender tree, yet with vigorous growth. It has an erect central trunk, somewhat pyramidal has an erect central trunk, somewhat pyramidal in shape with graceful, drooping branches and glistening, silvery-white bark. The foliage is fine, thin, deeply and delicately cut, and of a beautiful shade of green. The whole tree presents a soft and delightful effect not found in any other hardy ornamental tree. At time of planting these trees, prune them severely and wind three-fourths of the trunk of the tree with wrapping paper. Hold this in place with Burlap. Do not wind too tight. Give them a thorough cultivation, and you will have no trouble in growing them. trouble in growing them.

Size	Each	A C. U	Per 10
4-5 ft	\$1.00	\$4.75	\$9.00
5-6 ft	1.20	5.75	11.00

Oct. 23, 1931. The House of Gurney Yankton, S. Dak.

Gentlemen:
The Chinese Elms arrived yesterday and we are very much pleased with all the Nursery Stock. Many thanks for the Peony root. We will enjoy it when it blossoms I am sure. Again thanking you Respectfully, Paul L. Braun

Hutchinson, Minn.

Niobe Weeping Willow

This is the grandest and one of the hardiest and best of all of the weeping trees. It is a rapid grower and will grow on almost any quality of ground. With the lightest breeze the whole tree ground. With the lightest breeze the whole tree is in motion. The bark of the tree is golden yellow, the underside of the leaves silver, and the top of the leaves a glossy dark green. The new shoots often grow to a length of six or eight feet and are not half as large around as an ordinary lead pencil. This is a specially valuable tree for hedges, single specimen and cemeteries. The price is so low you can afford to buy lots of them.

Niobe Weeping Willow Prices

Size	Each	Per 10	Per 25
3-4 ft	25c	\$2.00	\$4.00
4-6 ft	40c	3.90	8.50

Weeping Mulberry-Will stand where not exposed to heavy winds; is a most beautiful tree with its long, lithe pendants sweeping the ground. This is especially valuable to plant on lawns where you do not wish to obstruct the view from the windows to the streets or roads. It produces an umbrella-shaped head, never growing above eight or ten feet high, and spreading out in beautiful glossy, dark green leaves and purple fruit; makes one of the most sought-after of all the weeping trees. \$2.00 Eaper pair; headed, about 6 ft. high. \$2.00 Each; \$3.50

WILLOWS

Diamond Willow-Very valuable for fence Diamond Willow—Very valuable for fence posts, growing rapidly, produces posts that will keep in the ground for years. Plant a good grove of them. The richer the ground the more rapidly they will produce posts, but they do well even on high and dry ground.

Golden Willow—Very beautiful, rapid grow-

er, does well in low locations. Grows more rapidly than the ordinary willow. Half an acre of these trees cut to the ground every few years will keep an ordinary family in fuel.

They make a large tree.

Laurel Leaf—This is a beautiful medium height tree with glossy, leathery foliage, especially good ornamental tree, as well as one of the most valuable of all willows for wind-breaks, firewood, etc. They do well on high dry ground, and will stand drought.

	10	100	1000
Diamond Willow, 12-24 inch		\$1.00	\$6.00
Laurel Leaf, 2-3 ft		3.90	25.00
Golden Willow, 2 to 3 ft.	\$0.65	3.00	25.00
18-24 inch		2.30	18.00



Cut-Leaf Weeping Birch

GLOBE OR UMBRELLA TREES Umbrella Catalpa

Catalpa Bungei-Umbrella Catalpa grafted on the Catalpa Speciosa from two feet to eight feet from the ground. It makes a perfect umbreliashaped head without pruning. The various heights are desirable in landscape or home planting; oftentimes places in the grounds where the low fellows, producing the wonderful globular heads, fill in to best advantage; other places where those of a larger size are best. This is a particularly hardy variety and is snitable for any section south of Sioux Falls, S. Dakota. 51/2 ft., \$1.45 each. Per Pair, \$2.50.

Globe or Umbrella Locust

This is a thornless, rapid growing tree with dense, globular head; assumes compact form without shearing. To give it standard form, it is grafted on a Black Locust stem. The foliage is a dark glossy green, very healthy and vigorous. This excellent tree, hitherto little known in this country, is widely used in Europe in formal sheatestions and as a small street tree. It has country, is widely used in Europe in formal plantations and as a small street tree. It has been used in the West for a number of years, and is now becoming popular in the East and Middle West. Globe Locust can be used wherever Catalpa Bungei is used, and is more adaptable on account of its greater hardiness. 5/6 ft. heads. Each, \$1.60. Two for \$2.75.

EVERGREENS



Colorado Blue Spruce

This is undoubtedly the most beautiful of the evergreens, and has come into use with surprising rapidity in the last few years for ornamental purposes. It has adapted itself to all conditions and the better the conditions the more rapid the growth.

The trees vary in color from light green to beautiful shades of blue. The price, of course, varies with the color. Only about one in twenty seedlings develops the beautiful blue color, and the balance grade down from blue to light green. We are showing a photograph here of one of them in our evergreen nursery. They are perfectly beards.

Arbor Vitae

American Arbor Vitae—One of the most valuable native Evergreens that is very easy to grow. The American Arbor Vitae will thrive in most any situation, is suitable for ornamental planting, hedging, or windbreak. Can be easily controlled by trimming.

Chinese Arbor Vitae—Upright in growth, very dense, fast grower, and very attractive branches arranged in flat vertical planes. Beautiful deep green color, lacy foliage. Much hardier than the American Arbor Vitae.

Arbor Vitae Compacta—A dense pyramidal form of Siberian Arbor Vitae dwarf with very fine lace-like foliage. One of the hardiest.

Golden Arbor Vitae—8 to 10 feet. A beautiful variety of compact, globular form; color a lively yellowish green; one of the very handsomest.

Pyramidal Arbor Vitae—This is an Arbor Vitae that is very upright in growth. A tree 8 or 10 feet tall will not spread more than two feet. Heavy foliage clear to the ground. They are a wonderfully fine ornamental tree and can be sately grown here where they have some protection from other trees, buildings or natural protection. They may be grown on the east or north side of the building within two feet of the foundation on account of their upright growth.

The Fur market is much better, thank you. Write to Gurneys Fur Dep't. for prices and our Free Trapper's Guide.



"A Specimen Bull or Ponderosa Pine in Our Nursery"

Bull Pine—Native of Black Hills. Heavy, massive needles from 6 to 10 inches long of deep green color on the surface and bluish-white underneath. It is an extremely handsome ornamental tree, very drought-resistant, and hardy. Grows tall and upright, of well rounded pyramidal shape. A very desirable evergreen for western planting.

Jack Pine

Jack Pine grows nearly as fast as the cotton-wood, and gives you better service. This, in my opinion, is the most desirable of all evergreens for quick windbreaks; easily transplanted, growing in any kind of soil; holds its color and foliage all winter, making an excellent windbreak or shelter belt almost from the first year. Buy them not only in hundred lots but buy and plant thousands of them. They will increase the value and usefulness of your land many times their cost.

Mughus Pine—A dwarf species broader than its height, sometimes almost prostrate. Forms a broad dome shaped bush 4 to 8 feet broad. Excellent for planting on rocky banks and small lawns, particularly fine when grown in corner of entrances.

Scotch Pine

The Scotch Pine is a very satisfactory tree for groves and windbreaks. Also, has its place in landscaping as it makes a fine ornamental tree, very rapid in growth, perfectly hardy, and does exceptionally well in east half of South Dakota and also points south and southeast. Transplants more readily than other Pine. There are lots of good windbreaks of this Pine in the Northwest. It produces a large tree.



Black Hills Spruce

The Black Hills Spruce is a native of South Dakota, and is therefore hardy enough for the wind swept bare prairie country of the Northwest. It grows readily on all soils and because of its close growing branches and heavy close set foliage it is one of the best spruces for ornamental purposes. It will stand trimming well and can be made into a very attractive hedge. Its compact habit of growth lends itself well to windbreak purposes and its dark green color, which it retains throughout the winter months, gives you a promise of the spring to come. Iowa farmers have found this tree particularly valuable for windbreaks and ornamental purposes, and found that its use has actually increased the value of their farms as real estate. These farmers come to us year after year and take them away in carload lots. The average loss in transplanting where care is taken seldom reaches 2 per cent.

Silver Cedar

This is one of the very hardy cedars and will grow under almost any climatic condition. It has a silvery cast similar to the Colorado Blue Spruce. It is growing in popularity and being used almost as extensively as the select Colorado Blue Spruce. Our trees have been clipped so as to form a compact crown. They will stand any amount of clipping and can be made into a large tree or kept down to any size desired.

The Red Cedar

This evergreen is a native of South Dakota and is found growing in all parts of the state. The seeds are often distributed by birds and carried far and wide. The Red Cedar can be used either as specimen trees or also in a grove, and makes an excellent windbreak. They may be pruned in any shape desired, and they are easily transplanted. Ironclad hardiness.

Trailing, Prostrate, or Dwarf Juniper—A native of South Dakota, grows low and spreading: excellent for landscaping, foundation planting, or border planting where low trees or shrubs may be, used. Its reddish-green changeable colors and its extreme hardiness, hardy anywhere, and its ability to withstand drought, puts it in a place by itself for planting in the Northwest.

Pfitzer's Juniper—Its foliage is the beautiful feathery type of the Junipers, charming light green color with blue gray tinge. If left untrimmed it retains a low, spreading form, broad and picturesque, while if the leaders are staked up, a lovely broad pyramid of unusual grace and charm is formed. And too, the Pfitzer's Juniper is easily trimmed and when planted in the foreground can very readily be kept down to the height desired should they grow too rapidly. The tree thrives well in the heat of the South as well as the rigorous climate of the North, an admirable feature in the Pfitzer's that should never be overlooked.

PRICES NEXT PAGE

1935 SPRING AND FALL . THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. + YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA



Chinese Arbor Vltae

Seedling Evergreens

Again offering Seedling Evergreens due to the splendid results that many of our customers in the past have had in starting these little trees. Plant these where they can have good care, shading them with lath frame or brush so that they get about half of the sunlight. Keep well eultivated. Grow them in a frame or bed for one or two years then plant in their permanent location.

Variety	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
Blue Spruce	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$8.50
Black Hills Spruce	2.00	3.75	6.00
Norway Spruce	1.50	2.75	5.00
South Dakota Bull Pine	. 1.60	3.00	5.90
Jack Pine	1.50	2.75	5.00
Scotch Pine		2.75	5.00
Red Cedar	1.20	2.00	3.50
Arbor Vitae Chinese	1.20	2.00	3.50

Our Guarantee

We guarantee our nursery stock to reach customer in good growing condition, if through delay in shipment or other causes, it does not, we are to be notified at once and we will make a satisfactory adjustment by replacement or refund. Any other kind of a replacement is wrong as it makes the careful planter pay for the careless planter's trees.

Non-Warranty

The House of Gurney, inc., does not give any warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants which it sends out, and will not be in any way held responsible for the crop.

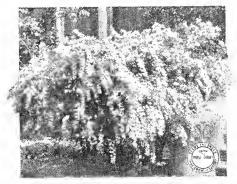
Tartarian Honeysuckle

An excellent speeimen of hedge plant. Should be planted 18 in, apart. Their fragrant blossoms in the spring and mass of bright berries make them worth while. They may be pruned as low as three feet or will make a hedge or sereen eight to ten feet high if left unpruned.

Size		Each	10	50	100
18 to 24	in	20c	\$1.80	\$ 8.00	\$15.00
2 to 3	ft	30c	2.50	10,00	18,00
3 to 4	ft	40c	3.50	12,00	20,00

	EVE	RGREI	EN P	RICE	LIST			
Variety	Size	No. of Times Trans-	MUDDED NOT BALLED Packed Carefully				ALLED A	
		planted	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Each	Per 10	Per 100
American Arboi Vitae American Arbor Vitae American Arboi Vitae Chinese Arboi Vitae	18-24 in. 2- 3 ft. 3- 4 ft. 8-12 in.	3	\$0.60 .75 1.00 .40	\$ 5.00 7.00 9.00 3.75	\$60.00	\$0.90 1.05 1.60	\$ 8.25 10.00 15.00	
Chinese Arbor Vitae Chinese Arbor Vitae Chinese Arbor Vitae Chinese Arbor Vitae Chinese Arbor Vitae	12-18 in. 18-24 in. 2-3 ft. 3-4 ft. 4-5 ft.	3 3 3	.50 .60 .75 1.00 1.25	4.50 5.00 7.00 9.00 10.50	60.00	.90 1.05 1.60 2.00	8.25 10.00 15.00	
Compacta Arbor Vitae Compacta Arbor Vitae Compacta Arbor Vitae Red Cedar Red Cedar Red Cedar.	12-18 in. 18-24 in. 2-3 ft. 12-18 in. 18-24 in.	4	1.00 1.25 1.50 .50 1.00	8.50 10.00 12.50 4.50 9.00	35.00 80.00	1.40 1.75 2.00 .70 1.30	13.00 15.00 17.50 6.00 11.00	\$53.00 95.00
Red Cedar. Red Cedar. Red Cedar Sheared. Red Cedar Sheared. Red Cedar Sheared. Silver Cedar. Silver Cedar Sheared. Silver Cedar Sheared.	2- 3 ft. 3- 4 ft. 4- 5 ft. 2- 3 ft. 4- 5 ft. 12-18 in. 18-24 in. 2- 3 ft. 3- 4 ft. 4- 5 ft. 12- 3 ft. 3- 4 ft. 4- 5 ft. 4- 5 ft.	44 35 34 44 44	1.20 2.50 3.00 2.25 3.00 4.00 1.75 2.00 2.25 2.70 3.50 2.75 3.55 4.00	10.00 20.00 25.00 20.00 25.00 35.00 15.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 25.00 35.00	!	1.55 3.00 3.50 3.25 4.00 5.00 2.25 2.65 3.20 4.00 3.25 4.00 4.50	12.50 25.00 30.00 30.00 35.00 40.00 17.50 20.00 25.00 35.00 35.00 35.00 40.00	
Scopulorum Cedar Scopulorum Cedar Scopulorum Cedar Pfitzer's Juniper Pfitzer's Juniper Trailing Juniper Hill's Pyramidal Juniper Hill's Pyramidal Juniper.	2 3 ft. 3 4 ft. 4 5 ft. 8 12 in. 12 - 18 in. 18 24 in. 18-24 in. 12-18 in.		2.50 3.00 3.50 2.00 2.50	20.00 25.00 30.00 	-	3.00 3.50 4.00 .90 1.00 1.25 2.75 2.50 3.00	25,00 30,00 35,00 7,50 8,50 10,00 25,00 25,00	
Bar Harbor Juniper Bar Harbor Juniper Barl Harbor Juniper Bull Pine Bull Pine Bull Pine Bull Pine Jack Pine Jack Pine Jack Pine Jack Pine Jack Pine Jack Pine Mughus Pine Mughus Pine Spread Mughus Pine Spread Mughus Pine Spread	12 18 in. 18-24 in. 8-12 in. 12-18 in. 18-24 in. 2-3 ft. 3-4 ft. 12 18 in. 18-24 in. 2-3 ft. 3-4 ft.	3 4	2.00 2.50 45 .50 .65 .85 1.00 .40 .50 .60	15.00 20.00 3.50 4.50 6.00 8.00 9.00 2.50 3.60 4.50 5.00 6.00	30.00 40.00 55.00 70.00 80.00 20.00 28.00 30.00 40.00 50.00	2.50 3.00 .65 .80 .90 1.00 .60 .70 .80 .90 1.00 2.25	20.00 25.00 6.00 7.00 8.00 9.00 12.50 5.50 6.50 7.50 8.50 9.00 20.00	50.00 60.00 70.00 75.00 100.00 40.00 45.00 55.00 60.00
Mughus Pine Spread Mughus Pine Spread Scotch Pine Scot	18-24 in. 24-36 in. 8-12 in. 12-18 in. 18-24 in. 2-3 ft. 3-4 ft. 4-5 ft.	4 3 3 3 3 3 3	.45 .50 .60 .65 .80	3.50 4.00 5.00 5.50 7.00 8.00	30.00 25.00 30.00 40.00	3.00 4.00 .65 .80 .90 1.00 1.10 1.25	26.00 35.00 6.00 6.00 8.00 9.00 10.00	50.00 46.00 55.00 60.00 80.00 90.00
Austrian Pine Austrian Pine Colorado Blue Spruce. Colorado Blue Spruce Sel. Colorado Blue Spruce Sel. Colorado Blue Spruce Sel. Colorado Blue Spruce Sel.	18-24 in.	3 4 4 4 4 4 4	.60 .75 .80 1.40 1.75 2.50 1.20 3.00 3.50	5.50 7.00 7.00 13.00 15.00 20.00 11.00 25.00 30.00	50.00 60.00 55.00 100.00 125.00 150.00 100.00	1.20 1.65 2.25 3.00 1.60 3.50 4.00	7,50 9,00 11,00 15,00 20,00 25,00 15,00 30,00	75.00 100.00 175.00 230.00 140.00
Colorado Blue Spruce Sel. Black Hills Spruce	2-3 ft.	5 4 4 4 4	.40 .70 1.25 1.50	3.60 6.50 11.00 13.00	30.00 50.00 100.00	6.00 .70 1.00 1.60 2.30	37.50 57.00 6.50 9.00 14.00 20.00	50.00 60.00 110.00

HEDGE PLANTS



Spirea Van Houttei

A hedge of the graceful Spirea Van Houttei dividing two properties is beautiful during the entire season, first with its glossy leaves, followed by the beautiful sprays of white flowers, then by the gentle swaying of its long slender branches and dark green foliage, makes it truly the most beautiful hedge for that purpose. It

never grows high enough to be called a "Spite" fence, but is enjoyed equally by those on both sides. It is often planted and cared for in partnership. Does not require trimming.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI PRICES

Size	Ea.	10	50	100
18 to 24 inches	20c	\$1.85	\$ 6.00	\$ 9.00
2 to 3 feet	25c	2.00	8.90	15.00
3 to 4 feet	35c	3.00	12.50	20.00

Rocky Mt. Alpine Currant

This shrub is nearly evergreen, of fine form and does well in any location. We recommend it especially for those shady places where ordinary shrubs do not thrive. The foliage is glossy, fine cut and very dense. White flowers followed by crimson berries. An exceptionally fine hedge plant for the North. Extremely hardy. 12-18 inch, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00; per 50, \$8.75. 18-24 inch, each, 35c; per 10, \$2.95; per 50, \$14.00.

Buckthorn

Perfectly hardy and very ornamental. Makes fine ornamental hedges. Can be trimmed to any desired shape. Plant 9 inches apart

ucaneu anape.	Tiune - mer			
Size	Eaeh	10		100
6 to 12 in				\$ 3.90
12 to 18 in		\$0.95		-5.50
18 to 24 in		1.45	3.70	7,20
2 to 3 ft	19c	1.70	6.55	11.50

Privet (Amoor River North)

Hardy at Yankton. Foliage glossy green, holds its color well into late fall. Will stand shearing to any extent. This is a strictly first class ornamental hedge plant and should be planted extensively in localities where they are hardy. Plant 10 inches apart. 18-24 inch, 15c each; \$5.00 per 50; \$9.50 per 100. 12-18 inch, 10 for \$1.10; 50 for \$4.70. 100 for \$9.00.

Japanese Barberry

Thunberg's Barberry—This might well be called the most valuable of the low-growing shrubs. It will stand pruning in any form; masses well in any situation; is very attractive and showy during the whole season, and is particu-larly beautiful in the fall, and one of its best qualities is that it is effective during the entire winter, as it has beautiful red berries, which combine well with winter landscapes or with the dark foliage of evergreens. Makes an excellent hedge plant, and is extensively used as such.

Size Each 10 50 100

Each \$0.80 \$2.80 \$ 5.00 7 to 10 in. sdl... 25c 12 to 18 inch trans. $\frac{2.00}{2.70}$ $\frac{6.00}{9.50}$ 11.00 30c 18 to 24 inch trans. 16.00

Red Leafed Barberry—This is the same as Japanese Barberry, but has bright red leaves that make it very attractive the entire season. 12-18 in. Transpiant each .35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Caragana (Siberian Pea Tree)

'The hardiest ornamental hedge plant known. 'The hardiest ornamental hedge plant known. Planted extensively in Canada, North Daketa and Montana where conditions are severe. This plant also does well where conditions are more favorable. Will stand pruning, and may be pruned to two and one-half or three feet, or will make a hedge much taller. Plant 8 inches apart. See forest and shade trees for additional description and prices.

Size Ea. 10 50 100 1000

10 50 Size Ea. 4 to 6 inches. ... \$0.60 \$1.00 \$ 9.00 1.75 2.25 3.20 6 to 12 inches. . . . 15.00 12 to 18 inches. ...
18 to 24 inches. 15c
2 to 3 feet... 25c
3 to 4 feet... 35c $\frac{1.50}{2.00}$ 20.00 0.70 2.00 2.25 25.00 3.00 30.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 500 at the 1000 rate.

HEDGE PLANTS

Purple Lilacs

The Lilacs in the purple and white are also easily cared for, and as a screen there is nothing better that grows the same height. It will not stand the trimming the other plants do, but is used a great deal for hedge purposes.

Each 18 to 24 in 25c \$2.00 \$ 9.00 \$17.00 2.70 13.00 22.00 .. 30c 2 to 3 ft....



Planted extensively for ornamental hedge process. They stand hot dry weather exceptionally well, and will stand severe pruning. Would advise the hardier hedge plants for north of Nebraska. Plant 12 inches apart.

	Size		Ea.	10	100	1000
12	to 18	in			\$ 1.75	\$10.00
18	to 24	in			2.00	12.50
2	to 3	ft	20c	\$1.00	2.50	17.00
		ft. tran		2.70	19.00	

Russian Olive

Will make an excellent ornamental hedge, can be pruned and held to three and one-half feet tall. Perfectly hardy and is becoming very popular as a hedge plant. It seems to adapt itself to almost any condition whether hot or cold. Plant 12 inches apart.

		Per		Per	Per	Per	
Size	Each	10		50	100	500	
6 to 12 in							
12 to 18 in				1.75	3.00	13.00	
18 to 24 in		\$0.90		2.50	4.50	18.00	
3 to 4 ft. trans.	. 25c	2.00		9.00	17.00		
4 to 5 ft. trans.			- 1	00.0	18.00		
5 to 6 ft. trans.							
6 to 8 ft. trans.	60c	5.50					

Russian Worm Wood or White Sage (Artemesia)

A hardy shrub or hedge plant, growing about five feet tall. This plant is extremely hardy and will stand drought. It is exceptionally good to plant where you have difficulty in growing anything else. A great hedge plant for holding the snow and to plant on steep embankments or to prevent soil washing. Very spreading. Strong plants. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.70; per 50, \$4.00. Cuttings, \$2.00 per 100.

Black Fruited Quinceberry (Cotoneaster)

This is a new hedge plant. Was not planted extensively until about ten years ago. On account of its extreme hardiness and rapid growth it has come into rapid favor. Beautiful dark glossy leaves, and with the showy berries which it produces it is fast becoming one of the most popular hedge plants. Plant 8 to 12 inches apart. 18 to 24 in., \$1.50 per 10; \$6.75 per 50; 2-3 ft., \$1.75 per 10; \$7.50 per 50.

Morrow's Honeysuckie (Lonicera Morrowl)—A medium sized honeysuckle, having wide-spread branches; leaves a downy gray derneath; flowers white, changing to yellow; berries bright red. 2 to 3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

ORNAMENTAL AND FLOWERING SHRUBS

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester

Has very large panicles of double white flowers. White when fully opened but a striking pink when in bud. A very upright grower. Blooms late in June. These do especially well when planted on the east side of a house or partly protected by trees or other shrubs. 2-3 ft., each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Rocky Mt. (Alpine) Currant

This shrub is nearly evergreen, of fine form and does well in any location. We recommend it especially for those shady places where ordinary shrubs do not thrive. The foliage is glossy, fine cut and very dense. White flowers followed by crimson berries. An exceptionally fine hedge plant for the North. Extremely hardy. 12-18 in., Each 25c; per 10, \$2.00; per 50, \$8.75. 18-24 inch, each, 35c; per 10, \$2.95; per 50, \$14.00.

Beauty Bush (Kolkwitzia amabilis)

A new Chinese shrub, covered in June with a mass of arching sprays of pink, tubular flowers, almost an inch long and ¾ inch in diameter. 1½-2 ft., each 40c; per 5, \$1.90.

Butterfly Bush

The Everblooming—This shrub, from a young plant set out either in the spring or fall, will mature to full size the first summer, producing a handsome bush, which often attains a height of four feet the first year. It produces long, graceful stems, which terminate in tapering panicles of beautiful lilac-colored flowers that are of miniature size and borne by the hundreds on a flower head which is frequently 10 inches long. A single plant the first season will throw out as many as 50 flower spikes. 35c each; 10 for \$3.00.



Butterfly Bush

DOGWOOD

Red Osier (Cornus Stolonifera)

Growing 6 to 10 feet tall, forms a small handsome tree; its clusters of small, white flowers in early summer are very dainty, and its bark of dark red in winter; bears in early fall a profusion of purplish berries. 2-3 ft., 30c each; per 10,

Siberian Dogwood (Cornus Alba Siberica)

An upright shrub having bright red branches. Its rather long leaves are pale underneath. Flowers are creamy white, in flat-topped clusters; fruit a light blue or white. 18-24 in., each 30c; per 10, \$2.00.

Yellow Dogwood

The stems are a bright golden yellow in the fall and winter, contrasting vividly with those of the crimson Siberian Dogwoods. The bush is more spreading, and the foliage is about the same. Height, 5 to 8 feet. Size 18 to 24 in., each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

Golden Flowering Currant

This is a large, grace.ul, ornamental shrub which produces fragrant yellow flowers and large quantities of large black currants. This is both ornamental and useful. Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.40.

Potentilla Frutcosia (Shrubby Cinquefoil)

A bright flowered little shrub that thrives in moist places where many others refuse to grow. Of upright growth; with narrow, compound, silky foliage, and bright yellow flowers from midsummer until frost. 18-24 in., each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—(Continued)

Honeysuckle Tartarian or Upright

Its glossy, leathery foliage comes very early in the spring ahead of other hedge plants and lasts well into the fall. Its grayish-white wood is beautiful at all seasons of the year. Its ability to stand heavy trimming and cutting back, makes it one of the most beautiful specimen plants. Its fragrance fills the air for long distances when in

	Each	10	50	100
18 to 24 in	\$0.20	\$1.80	\$ 8.00	\$15.00
2 to 3 ft	.30	2.50	10.00	18.00
3 to 4 ft	.40	3.50	12.00	20.00

Morrow's Honeysuckle (Lonicera Morrowi)-A medium sized honeysuckle, having wide-spread branches; leaves a downy gray un-derneath; flowers white, changing to yellow; berries bright red. 2 to 3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

Oct. 8, 1934

The House of Gurney Yankton, S. Dak. Gentlemen:

The three Whitney Crab trees sent

The three Winthey Crab trees sent us arrived O.K. and I am very much pleased with them.

Thanking you very much, I remain Yours very truly,

RFS:RS

Roy F. Sweet

141 First St. N.

Wisconsin Rapids, Wis.

Japanese Barberry

Thunberg's Barberry—This might well be called the most valuable of the low-growing shrubs. It will stand pruning in any form; masses well in any situation; is very attractive and showy during the whole season, and is particularly beautiful in the fall, and one of its best qualities is that it is effective during the entire winter, as it has beautiful red berries, which combine well with winter landscapes or with the dark foliage of evergreens. Makes an ex-cellent hedge plant, and is extensively used as such

Per Each 10 Size 100 7 to 10 inch seed-

lings \$0.80 \$2.80 \$5.00 12 to 18 inch trans.25c 2.00 6.00 11.00 18 to 24 inch trans.30c 2.70 9.50 16.00 lings

Red Leafed Barberry—This is the same as Japanese Barberry, but has bright red leaves that make it very attractive the entire season.

12-18 in. Transplant each...... 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Purple Leaf Plum (Cistena)

One of Prof. Hansen's hardy shrubs that has the bright colored leaves the entire season. They are used extensively in landscape planting and will lend color to any grouping. The leaves are a bright purplish red. Shrubs, 4-6 ft. tall. 2-4 ft., each, 35c; per 5, \$1.50.

Scarlet Flowering Quince

Jap Quince—Hardy south of Yankton with-out winter protection. With a little protection of straw or dirt it will do well and produce fruit that is valuable for conserves. Has a very dark red flower that is attractive throughout the spring, 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

Golden Bell Forsythia

Few, if any, of the spring flowering hardy shrubs can surpass this slender and brilliant flowering shrub. It is upright in growth, foliage rich, dark green; flowers brilliant golden yellow which open in very early spring before the shrub leafs out. 2-3 ft., 35c each; 10 for \$3.00.

Elderberry—(Sambucus)

Elderberry, Common — Makes a bush six feet high, foliage bright green, blossoms in June and July with delicate white fragrant flowers in dense masses, followed by black edible berries much prized for wine and pastry. An ornamental plant throughout the season. They may be used as a hedge. Should be planted two to three feet apart. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3,00 per 50, \$11,00. \$3.00; per 50, \$11.00.

Cut-Leaf Elder-This is the same as the Cut-Leaf Golden Elder but has the green leaves. Very hardy, rapid-growing shrub producing the large bunches of white flowers followed by the dark glistening berries. 2-4 ft., each, 40c; per

Golden Elder (Sambucus Aurea)-A very striking shrub, 8 to 10 feet high; similar to the American Elder, only that the foliage is a very bright yellow. Can be trimmed to a small, compact shrub. 2-3 ft., 35c each; per 10, \$3.00.

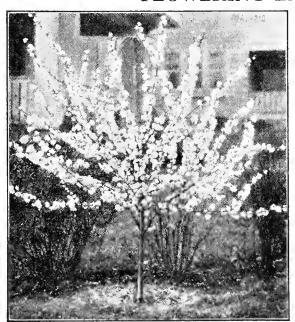
LANDSCAPING

We are equipped to do your landscaping. This will be done by landscape architects who have had a life's experience in this work. If interested, write in for instructions and paper. Our plan is to furnish you a planting plan for \$1.00 for your home grounds. When \$10.00 worth of nursery stock is purchased, this will entitle you to another \$1.00 worth of nursery stock free, making the plan cost you nothing. It is worth your while. If cemetery, park, or public grounds on a large scale, a slightly greater charge will be made. Do not send in drawings until you receive our plan paper which makes it easier for you.

The Home and Loan Act allows you to borrow money to improve the home grounds by landscaping. It is your chance to carry out the plans you have had in mind for years.

alabakakakakak@dedededededede

FLOWERING LAWN TREES



Flowering Almond

Flowering Almond (Amygdalus)—A flowering shrub three to four feet high, of branching habit, blossoms very early in the spring. With a little winter protection these stand the severe winters of North Dakota nicely. We can furnish them either in the white or pink. Each, 35c; 5 for \$1.50.

Flowering Cherry (Prunus Tomentosa)-Small compact but wide spreading tree-like bush. Flowers white appearing with the leaves and somewhat scattered on the branches, followed by numerous small red fruits that are edible. 2-4 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 50, \$12.00.

Rose Tree of China

Prunus Triloba-A hardy flowering plum of Prunus Triloba—A hardy flowering plum of wonderful beauty. Flowers are often 1½ inches across of delicate pink color. Resembles a rose entirely covering the bush. Grows about eight feet tall. Will produce flowers the first year after transplanting. The foliage is very attractive making this a valuable shrub for all collections. 3-4 feet, each, 40c; per 5, \$1.80. 2-3 ft., each, 20c; per 5, \$1.80. 2-3 ft., each, 30c; per 5, \$1.30.

Hopa—TheLawnTreeCrab

This aristocrat of the Crab Apple family This aristocrat of the Crab Apple family has rare beauty as an ornamental lawn tree. The wood is red, the inner bark brighter red, the new leaves red, and the flowers—which appear in immense clusters and mass over the entire tree-are a bright red, followed by the little crab apples—red from the time they start. The matured fruit is red to the core.

Originated by Professor Hansen, Small crab about ¾ inch in diameter. It is recommended more as an ornamental than a fruit-growing tree although it is good for both. First hardiness. Prices: 3-4 ft., 50c each, \$2.25 per 5, \$4.00 per 10; 4-6 ft., 55c each, \$2.60 per 5, \$4.50 per 10.

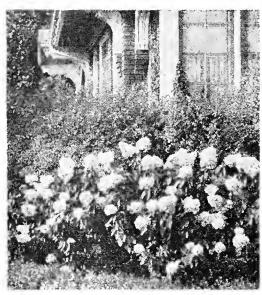
Bechtel's Flowering Crab

This more than beautiful ornamental tree is a selection or sort of the lowa wild crab. It is an exceedingly hardy shrub, withstanding the most severe winters and producing in the spring an immense quanproducing in the spring an inimense quantity of **double**, clear, rich pink flowers more than 1½ inches across, similar in appearance to the pink rambler rose. After the flowers are gone, they are followed by the heavy, dark green foliage, which makes it a beautiful ornamental tree each summer. It blooms at two years in the nursery and is a continuous annual bloomer. One of the very best ornamental trees, exceptionally desirable for cemeteries, or other places where it is hard to get trees or plants to survive. 50c each; 5 for \$2.25.



Betchel's Flowering Crab

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—(Continued)



Hydrangea P. G.

Hydrangea (Paniculata Grandiflora)—Your home grounds can hardly do without a group of these plants. The flowers open up on the first of August and it is not unusual for them to last well into the winter. We have flowers in our nurseries measuring better than 12 inches long and 9½ inches through. They are hardy here at Yankton.

18-24 in., each, 35c; per 5, \$1.40; 12-18 in., each 25c; per 5, \$1.15.

Hydrangea Arborescence (Snowbaii Hydrangea)—This magnificent perfectly hardy American shrub has snow-white blossoms of largest size. One of its most valuable characteristics is its coming into bloom just after the passing of all early spring-blooming shrubs, flowering from early June until late July. This does better planted in partially shady places. 18-24 inch, 35c each; 10 for \$3.20.

Moss Locust

Rose Acacia—An elegant shrub, with light green pinnate leaves and long graceful clusters of pea-shaped, rose-colored flowers in June, often throughout the summer. Very hardy. Own roots (bush shape). 2 to 3 feet, 35c; per 5, \$1.50.

Russian Artimesia

A hardy shrub or hedge plant, growing about five feet tall. This plant is extremely hardy and will stand drought. It is exceptionally good to plant where you have difficulty in growing anything else. A great hedge plant for holding the snow and to plant on steep embankments or to prevent soil washing. Very spreading. Strong plants. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.70. Per 50, \$4.00; cuttings, \$2.00 per 100.

Japanese Rose or Globe Flower

Kerria Japonica—A slender, green branched shrub, with globular yellow flowers from July to October. Each, 30c; 5 for \$1.30.

Oct. 23, 1934

The House of Gurney Yankton, S. Dak.

Gentlemen:

Your shipment of trees and hedge received yesterday in excellent condition. Kindly accept thanks for the mixed Peony included in the shipment.

Very truly yours, Geo. S. Haggin Kingsley, Iowa.

Snowball

Common Snowball (Viburnum Sterliis)—Hardy, attains a height of 3 to 10 feet. Is filled with white balls of bloom in the last part of May. 2 to 3 feet. 50c each; \$4.50 per 10; 18-24 in., 40c each; \$1.90 per 5.

Highbush Cranberry (Viburnum Opulus) — 8 to 10 feet. Handsome, dense, brilliant, green foliage, a rich setting of large bunches of crimson berries which enliven the late summer and remain on bare branches into the winter. 2 to 3 ft., 55c each; \$5.00 per 10.

Viburnum Dentatum—Upriglit bushy shrub obtaining a height of 15 feet. This shrub is a native in parts of Minnesota; exceptionally hardy. Similar in appearance to the Viburnum Lantana. Flowers are borne in cymes 2 to 3 inches broad; fruit bluish black. 1-2 ft.; each, 30c; per 10, \$2.75.

Mock Orange

Mock Orange (P. coronarius)—Hardy, free flowering shrub, with showy, fragrant white flowers; grows 8 to 10 feet high. One of the most popular shrubs. 18 to 24 in., 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Phiiadelphus Lemoine—A dwarf variety of the Syringa, growing at the most 3 to 4 feet high, bushing out to about that diameter and covered every spring with its clusters of large pure white and very fragrant flowers. Fragrance equal to that of the orange blossoms. This variety is extremely hardy. With its fragrant flowers and glossy leaves, it is beautiful throughout the summer. 18 to 24 inches, 30c each; 10 for \$2.75; 2 to 3 feet, each 40c; 10 for \$3.50; 50 for \$15.00.

Philadeiphus Mt. Blanc—Erect growing shrub with small fine foliage and creamy white flowers in June. An exceptionally fine variety. Height, 6 to 8 feet. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; per 10, \$2.75; 18 to 24 in., each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Philadelphus Virginalis—A magnificent new variety. The bush grows moderately tall, with good foliage and compact habit. The flowers are the largest, handsomest, and most sweetly fragrant of any known variety, with longest blooming season. 1½ to 2 feet, 40c each; \$3.50 per 10; 2-3 feet, each 50c; per 5, \$2.00.





Congo Lilac

Lilacs

Lilac Time is the loveliest time of the year.

Common Purple—Is perfectly hardy, makes a dense growth from 6 to 10 feet high, flowers fragrant; is often used for hedge purposes. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$2.70 per 10; 18 to 24 in., 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Common White—Same as Purple, except that it has pure white blossoms. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$2.70 per 10; 18 to 24 in., 25c each; \$2.00 per 10

Persian Purpie—6 to 8 feet high, with slender upright branches, foliage rich green; blossoms in late spring with pale lilac colored flowers. Very fragrant. 2-3 ft., 30c each; \$2.50 per 10; 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; \$3.50 per 10.

Congo—Wine red, very attractive. Especially fine. If you like the common purple and white Lilacs you will not make a mistake by adding this to your collection. 2-3 ft., 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.

Souvenir de Ludwig Spaeth—This is one of the prettiest Lilacs that grows. Flowers dark purplish-red. Extra large. A variety that is sure to please and give satisfaction. 35c each, 5 for \$1.50.

Viiiosa—Fragrant pale pinkish lilac flowers very bushy. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Jetbead

Rhodotypos Kerrioides—A handsome, distinct and useful shrub. Becomes 5 feet tall; branches upright; leaves long, pointed, deeply toothed. Flowers white, an inch across. Black nutlets retained throughout the winter. Each 25c; 5 for \$1.00.

W.N.A. X. WATCH REPAIR DEP'T.

Treat your watch weil and it will serve you well. Clean it every 18 months. If it stops, do not shake it. You can't afford to abuse your watch when you can get it

Repaired and Guaranteed for \$2.50 or iess at The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, South Dakota

1935 SPRING AND FALL 4 THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. 4 YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—(Continued)



"A Rock Garden on the Farm of Peter Buller, Mountain Lake, Minnesota."

Spirea

Anthony Waterer—Makes a bush 18 to 24 inches high, covered from spring till late in the fall with large heads of crimson flowers. 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Billardi—5 to 7 feet high, with upright spikes of rich pink flowers from July on. This is an exceptionally hardy strong growing Spirea, good for the North. 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$1.25 per 5; 18 to 24 inches, each, 25c; per 5, \$1.00.

White Flowered Dwarf Spirea (Spirea col. alba)—Height, 24 inches. Covered with white blossoms from spring until fall; very vigorous and attractive. Excellent for grouping with other shrubs or for foundation plantings. They can safely be planted under windows, etc., on account

of their height. This plant may be cut to within two inches of the ground in the fall and will come up and blossom each season. 12 to 18 in., each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Red Flowered Dwarf (Spirea col. rubra)—Similar to the above covered with red flowers. The leaves have a slightly purple cast when young. 12 to 18 inches, each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00. 18 to 24 in., each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

Collosa Rosea—A free-blooming variety producing large panicles of deep, rosy blossoms nearly all summer. Grows 4 to 6 feet high. 18 to 24 inch, 25c each; \$2.00 per ten.

Fernleaf Spirea (Thunbergia)—Covered in the early part of the season with clusters of feather white blossoms. This is one of the most ornamental of the Spirea. A valuable hardy plant. 18 to 24 Inches, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10. Golden Spirea—A rapid growing variety, 8 to 10 feet high, with masses of snowy white flowers drooping the branches with their weight; young foliage bright yellow, changing to golden bronze in fall. 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; \$3.00 per 10. 18 to 24 in., 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Ash leaved Spirea (Spirea sorbifolia)—One of the earliest shrubs to come into leaf and flower in the Spring. Long spikes of white flowers in June and July. Leaves similar to the Mountain Ash. Entirely hardy. 18 to 24 in., 30c each; 5 for \$1.20.

Spirea Van Houttei

Spirea Van Houttei--Commonly known as the Bridal Wreath, the most desirable and popular of shrubs especially for the cold Northwest. They are rapid growers producing flowers the next year after planting and continuing each spring, being a mass of white, borne on long, drooping stems. After the flowers are gone, they are followed by very attractive foliage remaining throughout the season. Blooming period about Memorial Day.

throughout the season. Blooming period about Memorial Day.

The Spirea Van Houttei is used as specimen shrubs, hedges or to cover objectionable spots in the ground. Can be trimmed or shaped to any height or desirable shape wanted. For hedge work they should be planted about 18 inches apart in the row. Very easily transplanted, seldom losing a plant out of hundreds. In my own home I have a hedge standing nearly 10 feet high and 150 feet long. It is a veritable snow bank on each Memorial Day. Remember, this is absolutely hardy anywhere in the Northwest. Price: 18 to 24-inch, each, 20c; per 10, \$1.85; per 50, \$6.00; per 100, \$9.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00; per 50, \$8.00; per 100, \$15.00. 3 to 4 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 50, \$12.50; per 100, \$20.00.

Pink Ever Blooming Spirea

Spirea Froebeli—A strong growing everblooming shrub, somewhat similar to Anthony Waterer, but grows a trifle taller, with broader leaves. The flowers are more rose pink. Blooms from June till fall. The tips of the leaves are reddish-purple, making the bush much more attractive than the Anthony. Hardier than the Anthony Waterer. 18-24 in., ea., 20c; 5, 90c; 10, \$1.50; 50, \$6.20; 2-3, ft., ea., 25c; 5, \$1.00; 10, \$1.75; 50, \$7.00.



Spirea Billardi



Virginalis Mock Orange



Pink Ever-Blooming Spirea

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—(Continued)

Sumac

Sumac (Rhus Glabra)-Tall growing shrub, reaching 12 to 15 feet. It is perfectly hardy and its clusters of small red fruit, with its bright foliage in autumn, make it very desirable. 2 to 4 ft., 30c each; \$1.40 per 5.

Fernleaf Staghorn (Rhus Typhina Var. Laciniata)—Rapid, robust grower, produces cones of bright red fruit. Leaves beautifully formed, rivaling the most delicate fern. For massing with other shrubs the effect is striking. Can be cut to the ground each season and a mass of beautiful foliage will result. In the fall, the leaves turn to the most beautiful pinkish-red, a large group of them is a wonderful sight. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; 5 for \$1.25.

Sumac (Common)—This is a native shrub exceptionally hardy, and valued on account of its bright colored leaves that hang on well into the fall. We do not know of any shrub that the leaves color up so beautifully in late summer and fall as the Sumae. Followed by clusters of bright red berries which it retains until spring. 2 to 3 ft., 25c each; per 5, \$1.10; \$10.50 per 50.

Wahoo or Fire Bush Euonymus Americana

This is a native shrub of South Dakota, hardy in any part of the State, and should be ex-tensively planted. Height, 8 feet. Its chief beauty consists in its brilliant berries, which hang in clusters from the branches till mid-winter; berries rose color. Each 25c; 10 for Mr. D. B. Gurney Yankton, S. Dak.

Rapid City, S. Dak, Oct. 5, 1934

Dear Sir: Dear Sir:

I frequently listen to your talks over the radio and find them quite interesting as well as educational. I have often heard you tell of the qualities of the Chinese Elm and its adaptability table leads.

Elm and its adaptability to this locality and can sanction everything you say in praise of these wonderful shade and ornamental trees.

As proof of my claim that they are the greatest tree ever introduced into this country, I

the greatest tree ever introduced into this country, I am herewith inclosing a picture taken October 3, 1934of a tree which I purchased of you in the spring of 1931 and was at that time a 6 foot tree with trunk about 1 inch in diameter.

This tree has just a three-year growth and incidentally three of the driest years I have ever experienced. It now stands 26 feet in height with a spread of 22 feet 2 inches and measures 16½ inches in circumference six inches from the ground.

This tree stands about 16 feet to the south of my

inches and measures 10% inches in circumference six inches from the ground.

This tree stands about 16 feet to the south of my house as you will see by the picture and the height can easily be determined as the height of the house to the comb is 30 feet. Sincerely yours,

A. R. Doman, District Mgr. Modern Woodmen of America

Snowberry

Snowberry (Symphoricarpos racemosus)—A valuable medium-sized shrub, branching near the ground. Has small pinkish flowers, with large, waxy white berries in the fall. oddandattractive. Useinall groupings. 2-3ft., 30c ea.; \$1;25 per 5. 18-24 in., 25c ea.; per 5, \$1.00

Coral Berry or Indian Berry (Symphoricarpos vulgaris)—Same as Snowberry, except that it has purplish-red berries, which hang on during the winter. Fine in groups with Snowberry or for wild groups. Will do well on south side of buildings where it is hot and dry. Will also stand partial shade. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$1.25 per 5. 18-24 in., each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Weigela

Eva Rathke—The best and finest of all of our Weigelas. Blooms a brilliant crimson color. Blooms nearly all summer. In full bloom the whole plant fairly glows with color. Grows about five feet tall. It is a wonderful shrub. 18 to 24 in., each, 50c; 10 for \$4.70.

Tamarix

Odessa—A Russian variety, much superior to the African Tamarix. The foliage is bluish green, similar to the Colorado Blue Spruce. The flowers are of delicate pink color. Blooms in July, and often again in August and September. The branches are very graceful and the shrub is much hardier than the African. Very hardy. Excellent for making bouquets, owing to its superb foliage, and the very delicate, beautiful flowers. 3 to 4 ft., 25c each; 10 for \$2.30. 4 to 5 ft., 30c each; per 5, \$1.35.

ROSES

All Roses Offered by Us Are Heavy Field-Grown Two-Year-Old Plants-All on Hardy Roots

Bush Roses

Each 35c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$3.00

English Sweetbrier-This is the true Eglantine and highly valued for the spicy fragrance of the young foliage. The pink flowers come only in June but the fragrance of the foliage is with the plant always. Used in quantity for hedge planting, and equally good for single specimens.

Red Japanese Rosse (Rugosa Rubra)—Came

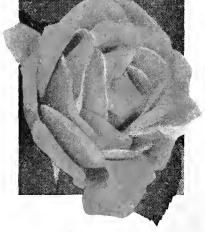
from Japan. Flowers beautiful, bright rosy-crimson and single, succeeded by large berries of rich rosy-red, which last on the bushes until well into the winter. Noted for its delightful pungent

Persian Yeilow—Deep, golden-yellow, semi-double; very fine, hardy. Two-year heavy.
R. Hugonis (Native of Western China)—This Chinese Rose gives us the only dependable yellow shrub rose, aside from the Austrian Brier type, from which it differs materially in graceful habit, and unique blooming quality. The long habit, and unique blooming quality. The long arching branches are closely set with lovely single flowers very early in the season, some times before June 1st in this latitude. The blooms are approximately 1½ inches across and of clear bright yellow which does not fade to white. The follows in pole green feally divided persistent. foliage is pale green, finely divided, persistent, and on curiously thorned red stems. The plant is dependably hardy.

Rugosa Bush Roses Each 35c, 3 for \$1.00, 10 for \$3.00

Hardiest of all Roses; will stand the winter without winter protection. Blooms continuously from early in the summer until the ground freezes in the fall; will freeze up each season with an immense number of buds and blossoms. To get best results and the most flowers, cut flowers from them liberally as soon as in bloom.

Hansa Rugosa—The description of the Conrad Ferdinand Meyer may well apply to this with the exception of the color. The flowers are crimson and especially fine.



Gen. Jacqueminot, H. P.

Conrad Ferdinand Meyer-Early flowering hybrid combining the ornamental qualities of its Rugosa foliage with the blossoms, beauty, and perfume of the Hybrid Perpetuals. Flowers large, cup-shaped, double, delicate silvery-pink. Blooms throughout season.

Rugosa Baby Rambler (F. J. Grootendorst) —This is a new type of rose, a Rugosa Baby Rambler—a cross between Rugosa and the crimson Baby Rambler. Imagine a shrub-like Rugosa Rose covered with trusses of crimson Baby Rambler Roses. It is absolutely hardy and continues to bloom until late in the fall. Use this Rose in your landscape as a foundation or border shrub.

I have planted these roses in the spring and by late summer they were three feet tall and covered with flowers. An excellent rose for hedge or border to walks.

Hints to Rose Buyers

You can grow Roses practically anywhere by following our instructions. There are several classes of Roses consisting of the Hybrid Teas (which are also known as monthly blooming or everblooming Roses), Hybrid Perpetuals (which are almost everblooming and slightly hardier than the Hybrid Teas), Baby Ramblers (which are slightly hardier than the Hybrid Perpetuals), and the Climbing Roses. The above Roses are not hardy in the North but may be brought through the winter by handling them in the following way: In the fall about the time the ground starts to freeze the Hybrid Teas. In the following way: In the fall about the time the ground starts to freeze, the Hybrid Teas, Hybrid Perpetuals, and Baby Ramblers may be cut back to within eight inches of the ground. Cover the tops entirely with moist earth. When this freezes, add several inches of mulching. Climbing Roses differ from the Hybrid Teas, Hybrid Perpetuals, and Baby Ramblers the fact that they prefuse all of their due to the fact that they produce all of their flowers on one-year old wood and it is, therefore, necessary to save most of the top. They may be laid down and covered with mulching or with dirt in the same manner as mentioned above The hardy Roses do not need winter protection although in some localities, it is advisable. If your drainage is not good, dig a hole a foot deeper than necessary, placing gravel in the bottom of the hole for drainage. There isn't any better fertilizer than well rotted cow manure mixed with the soil. It is better to have the top soil come in direct contact with the roots. Plant in a sunny situation. Let them the roots. Plant in a sunny situation. Let them produce as many flowers as they will the first year. Many of the perpetual blooming Roses will produce dozens of flowers the first year. When you receive your Roses, plant an inch or so deeper than they grew. Then cut the tops back to within six inches of the ground and cover the tops with moist earth, leaving them covered until the buds show signs of starting.

1935 SPRING AND FALL - THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. - YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

ROSES (Continued)

Price Ea. 35c; 3 for \$1.00

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

This is a class of the hardier perpetuals or everblooming Roses, as a rule the flowers running larger than the Hybrid Teas. You can not make a mistake in purchasing either the Hybrid Perpetuals or the Hybrid Teas. If given proper winter protection, they are hardy anywhere in South Dakota.

American Beauty—Generally conceded to be the most grandly beautiful Rose in size, form, and color. Rich red, passing to crimson, very delicately veined and shaded and surpassingly fragrant.

Frau Karl Druschki-This brilliant white type Rose has become renowned as the very highest type of its class and the best snow-white Rose ever introduced. It is an extraordinarily strong grower, branching freely, and has the vigor and hardiness of an oak. Large, heavy foliage and magnificent flowers that are produced with great freedom on long, stiff stems. The color is marvelously white, without a tinge of yellow or any other shade. Hardy everywhere.

General Jacqueminot—A rich, velvety crimson, changing to a dark scarlet erimson, sometimes called the Black Rose. This is the best known of all Hybrid Perpetuals, and is without rival in fragrance and richness of color. An old favorite and one of the best known Roses in cultivation. in cultivation.

Gurney's Pink Neyron-One of the finest hardy Roses ever grown. It blooms unceasingly from June to November, on uniformly long, stiff, thornless stems, eup-shaped flowers 4 to 6 inches across. Color is a bright ruddy pink.

HYBRID TEA ROSES

The Hybrid Teas are a class of everblooming Roses. They produce wonderful shades of Roses continually from June until freezing. For best results, Hybrid Tea Roses should be severely pruned. All Roses offered, two-year heavy.

Red

Gruss an Teplitz or Virginia R. Coxe-Hardy in all sections; grows freely to a height of four to five feet; vivid, dazzling, fiery erimson, sweetly fragrant; produces a mass of gorgeous blooms on long stems.

Hadley-Deep, rich velvety crimson, retaining its brillianey throughout the year. Well formed buds and large double flowers on rapid growing, long and stiff stems; prolifie during all seasons with a fragranee excelled only by American

Red Radiance—Bright searlet, large, full, and very free. Ereet branching habit and very perpetual. One of the finest and most fragrant Roses grown.

Pink

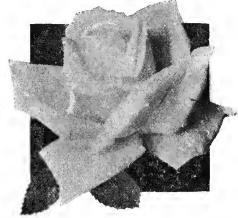
Columbia—Peach-blow pink, deepening as it opens to a glowing and enduring color. A large rose with long, stiff stems, nearly thornless: absolutely free from mildew and an easy bloomer.

Pink Radiance—A brilliant rosy-carmine, displaying beautiful rich and opaline-pink tints in the open flower.

Yellow

Mrs. Aaron Ward-A remarkably floriferous variety of strong, vigorous, but compact growth; the young foliage is unusually attractive, a rich bronzy-green color, the flowers of which are of splendid form, full, double and equally attractive when full blown as in the bud state; in color a distinct Indian Yellow, shading lighter towards

Rev. F. Page Roberts-A fine rose of a vigorous habit, with good shaped blooms, which are



Gruss-an-Teplitz

carried erect on long, stiff stems, and are very sweetly scented. The color is an orange-yellow, becoming lighter at the edges of the petals. It is an excellent exhibition and garden rose.

White

K. Augusta Vietoria -White shading to primrose, a fine Rose for outside, very vigorous, producing flowers throughout the season. This should be in every garden.

Shadings

Ophelia—Salmon flesh shaded rose with ehamois center. A Rose that is lovely at every stage. The buds and flowers are beautifully formed and colored, enhanced by rich veining on the petals. Stems are long and carry flowers

Talisman—It is the most remarkable piece of coloring that we know in any Rose; a combinashadings of gold, apricot, yellow, and deep pink or old rose. The outside of the petals is bright yellow, gold, and pink; as the flower develops and the petals unfold, they become bright apricot, gold, deep rose-pink or old rose.



Hugonis Roses

BABY RAMBLER OR POLYANTHA ROSES

The Baby Rambler Roses are dwarf or semidwarf Rose bushes producing immense quantities of flowers from June until frost. They are a very hardy class and require but little winter pro-tection to bring them through in good condition. We are offering the two-year heavy plants, dormant

Ellen Poulsen-Dark, brilliant pink; large, full, sweet-scented and very floriferous.

Ideal-Dark velvety crimson outdoors, brilmas-red Rose. Compact and bushy with glossy leathery leaves and shapely trusses. Orleans type, sport from Edith Cavell.

Miss Edith Cavell-Color brilliant scarlet, overlaid with deep, velvety crimson or maroon. The blooms are single and come in great open clusters all season. The most attractive red Polyantha Rose in existence.

White Baby Rambler—Pure snow-white double blooms in profuse clusters, making a sheet of white color, with a fragrance similar to Hyacinths. A compact, bushy grower of dwarf habit, foliage dark, glossy and finely cut; ever-blooming and hardy.



Ideal Baby Ramblers

Climbing or Pillar Roses

Plants heavy two-year No. 1 equal or superior to those offered by others for at least double our prices. We are able to make these prices on account of the large number we grow and sell each season.

Crimson Rambler-The famous crimsoneluster climber, so extremely effective when grown on pillars and trellises. Makes shoots 8 to 10 feet long in a season. Flowers are produced, from ground to tip, in large pyramidal clusters of thirty to forty.

Paul's Scarlet Climber-No other rose in any class can compare with this for brilliancy of color which is maintained until the petals fall. The flowers, a vivid scarlet are of good size semidouble, very freely produced in clusters of from 3 to 20 flowers each on much branched canes, the plants being literally covered from top to bottom with bloom. It is one of strong climbing habit and hardy. This is one of the most popular climbing roses.

Pink Dorothy Perkins—Clear shell pink with flowers horne in clusters; full and double. This is without question one of the very finest of all climbing roses.

HARDY CLIMBING VINES



Silver Lace Vine

Silver Lace Vine (Polygonum auberti)—Often we have had inquiries for a good climbing vine that will make a good showing and a good strong growth the first year and yet be permanent. This was a difficult problem but now we have the Silver Lace Vine which often makes a growth of 25 feet or more in one season. This is a new, quick-growing, twining vine with small attractive foliage. The flowers are very small and lacy and when the plant blooms, it is a perfect mass of silvery white. Blooms over a very long period, from August to frost. Each, 60c; 5 for \$2.75.

Ampelopsis Engelmanni (Engelmann's Ivy)—A type of the Virginia Creeper, but different in growth as well as foliage. It has much shorter joints, and very much smaller and thicker foliage. 'This is the only hardy Ampelopsis that will cling to brick, stone or plaster. It is a fast grower. Each, 25c; 5, \$1.00.

Ampelopsis Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper)—Deeply cut leaves which turn to a beautiful crimson in fall; fine for covering trees, rocky slopes, etc. Very hardy. Each, 25c; 5 for \$1.00.

Beta Grape—A rapid grower, is very popular for covering walls, summer houses and porches; hardy. Each, 25c; 5, \$1.15.

Bittersweet (Ce;astrus Scandens)—Perfectly hardy, rapid growth. Handsome glossy foliage. Large clusters of beautiful orange-crimson berries that are retained all winter. The berries are in great demand for inside winter decorations. It is exceptionally fine for trellises, porches. This vine seems to do better on trees than other vines. Each, 25c; per 5, \$1.05.

Chinese Matrimony Vine (Lyceum Chinensis)—A general, utility hardy climbing vine that will overcome any obstacle in growth and flourish everywhere. Each new shoot produces handsome purple flowers, and later a prodigious crop of scarlet berries. Each, 35c; 5, \$1.40.

Cinnamon Vine—A rapid growing c imber, taking its name from the peculiar fragrance of the delicate white flowers. Each, 20c; 6, \$1.00

Clematis—All Clematis require a deep rich soil, plenty of water and good drainage. Should be planted with the crowns covered three inches.

Clematis, Madam Edouard Andre—Has been called the crimson Jackmanni. This plant is a strong, vigorous grower, very free in bloom, lovely flowers of a distinct crimson color. Different from all other varieties. Each, 60c; per 5, \$2.50. In Pots.

Clematis Paniculata — Handsome hardy climber. Is one of the choicest and most satisfactory climbing flowering plants. Of strong, rapid growth. Dense, small bright green foliage. Pure white fragrant flowers in August and September, followed by silvery feathery seed pods. Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.30.

Jackmanni Clematis—Well-known, large-flowering blue Clematis, flowers almost violet with a rich velvety appearance, distinctly veined. Blooms from July until frost. Plant is hardy. Each, 70c; 5, \$3.20 in pots.

Honeysuckie (Halleana)—Color, an intermingling of white and yellow, extremely fragrant and most satisfactory. Each, 25c; 5, \$1.00.

Honeysuckie (Scarlet and Yellow Climbing)—Very hardy producing large quantities of long, trumpet-shaped flowers; heavy, glossy leaves. Each, 30c; 5, \$1.35.



Heckrotti Honeysuckle

Heckrotti Honeysuckle—The best everblooming vine. In bloom constantly from early summer until killing frost; showy flowers 1½ to 2 inches long in spikes. Before opening, they appear to be somewhat purple but gradually change to bright red outside and the outward curving petals show the bright yellow of the inside. Delightfully fragrant. Can be trimmed to make a compact shrub; also useful as a ground cover and for covering trellises, arbors, etc. Each, 40c; 5 for \$i.75.

Trumpet Vine (Radicans)—A robust, woody vine, twining with numerous roots, along its stems its orange-scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers cluster at the tips of the branches. Each, 30c; 10, \$2.70.

Wild Grape—The best Grape for covering porches, summer houses, and arbors. Each, 20c; 10, \$1.70.

Wistaria, Purple—This variety bears in great profusion large clusters of pea-shaped flowers, blooms in May and June. Hardy in sheltered locations. Each, 40c; 5, \$1.80.

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NEW HARDY PERENNIALS

Prices: 3 for 75c; 5 for \$1.00; 10 for \$1.50

Rock Aster (Aster Alpinus Goliath)—Indispensable for the rockery or edge of hardy borders; 6 to 10 inches high, and bears large, showy, bluish-purple flowers in May and June. Plant in full sun, 6 to 8 inches apart.

Carnation Double Blood Red—A beautiful hardy outdoor Carnation that produces an abundance of flowers throughout the summer.

Delphinium Wrexham Hybrids (Hollyhock Strain)—These have graceful shaped spikes of enormous size and beauty of form. This mixture contains all of the colors in Delphiniums, including both double and single flowers, many individual blooms measuring over 2 inches across.

Double Blood Red Sweet William -20 inches tall.

Maiden Pink (Dianthus Deltoides)—A beautiful little prostrate plant with narrow leaves, and bearing a profusion of small, crimson flowers during June and July. Easily grown in rockery.

Dianthus Deltoides "Brilliant"—Glowing carnation-red; a most striking rock plant.

Toad Flax (Linaria Alpinum)—A pretty little alpine blooming in July and August. Blue flowers in short racemes or heads.

False Dragon Head (Physostegia)—Forms large clumps 3 to 4 feet high bearing long spikes of delicate pink and white flowers, tubular in form. Full sun. July and August.

Musk Maiiow (Malva Moschata)—Flowers rose or white, three-parted cleft leaf. Height one-half foot.

Mother of Thyme (Thymus Serpyilum)—A creeper growing about ten inches high and spreading rapidly. This is one of the good varieties for naturalizing. When established, it may be moved with lawn mower. Foliage is very fragrant when walked upon. Purple flowers.

Meadow Rue (Thalictrum)—Yellow flowers. Foliage borne in feathery clusters or panicles; useful for cutting for mixing with cut flowers. June. 4 feet.

Coat Flower (Tunica Saxifraga)—A pretty tufted plant with light pink flowers, produced all summer, about 6 inches high; for the rockery

Speedweil (Veronica Amethystina "Royal Blue")—Beautiful spikes of rich gentian blue flowers. 10 to 15 inches. June and July flowering.

1935 SPRING AND FALL ♦ THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. ♦ YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

HARDY PERENNIALS

Piants for Rock Gardens—The sign * is placed before varieties especially suited for use in rock gardens.

OUR PERENNIALS ARE ALL FIELD-GROWN PLANTS, Prices, 3 for 60c; 5 for 90c; 10 for \$1.50. (Unless otherwise marked).

HESE are the plants that stay with you from year to year, requiring no replanting and each year become larger and more beautiful with a minimum amount of care. The tops die down each year, of course, the roots

live well through the winter, and in the spring throw up new shoots and fill

Achillea Millefollum (Rosy Milefoli)-Finely cut deep green foliage, pink flowers in dense heads and found all summer. Suitable for general use. 12 inches high.

*Achillea The Pearl—This is an early Achillea having many white flowers resembling Pompom Chrysanthemums. It reaches a height of two feet, is perfectly hardy and a good bloomer.

*Dropmore (Anchusa Italica)—A splendid recent introduction. The freely branching plants are covered in early summer with large graceful spikes of clear bright gentian blue. Grows well in any sunny location. Very effective in beds or borders.

*Golden Marguerite (Anthemis Tinctoria)—Handsome, finely cut foliage and large golden yellow flowers produced all summer. Succeeds in the poorest soil; excellent eut

Columbine Single Mixed (Aquilegia)-These are flowers that are indispensable to the perennial garden. The plants are strong and perennial garden. thrifty. The flowers are large and vary in color through charming tones of eream, pink, laven-der, blue, white, and red. Season, midsummer.

Columbine (Aquilegla Chrysantha)—A splash of sunshine among other flowers. Its bright yellow, long spurred blossoms remind one of a bright colored humming bird, poised for flight. Flowers are borne on long stems, the plant reaching a height of 3 to 4 feet.

*Rocky Mountain Columbine (Aquilegia Caerulea)—Here is a flower especially adapted for rock gardens. Also doing well in any peren-nial border. It is the smallest of the Aquilegia bearing large numbers of flowers of large size in a bright violet-blue with white outer petals.

Aster Climax—A very hardy variety, eoming in either white or blue. Small single flowers borne in profusion on a spreading plant to a. height of 4 feet.

Boltonia (Asteroides)-Aster white single flowers in great quantities from early August well into September. 41/2 to 5 feet.

Bleeding Heart (Dicentra Spectabilis)-Its flowers are pink and white, heart-shaped. Its foliage, beautiful and graceful and the drooping racemes of flowers in the fern-like foliage make a beautiful garden bouquet. They attain a height of 2 feet. 30c Ea., 5 for \$1.30.

Chinese Lantern Plant (Pysails Franchetii)—A very hardy perennial producing enormous orange colored fruit. Very attractive in beds, and excellent for winter decoration.

*Cacti (Pear)—This is a flat-leaved, spiny variety producing beautiful double, yellow, flowers 2½ inches across. Very showy. Excellent for rock gardens and dry situations.

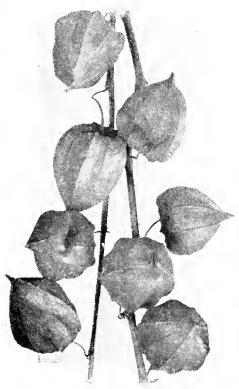
*Cacti (Pln Cushlon or Devil's Pin Cushton)—A small variety producing globular plants 3 to 5 inches high. It produces small rosettes of Cactus entirely around the mother plant. The blossom is deep pink or red. Very attractive; drought-resistant. Excellent for rock gardens.

Canterbury Bells (Campanula Media)-This is one of the most beautiful early summer flowers, having tall spikes of huge bell-shaped pink flowers making a garden bouquet of entrancing beauty.

Coreopsis—Here we have a flower that blooms from early summer until frost. It is never without a profusion of deep golden yellow flowers, daisy-like in shape, and excellent for cut flowers. They succeed well in any sunny location.

Light Blue Larkspur (Delphinium Beiiadonna)—You cannot picture the midsummer garden without the Delphinium dominating all other colors. Its light blue flowers borne in great numbers on tall spikes are without peer in midsummer.

your garden with flowers. When you receive the perennial roots from us, they will be well supplied with fine roots, and they should be cared for much as you would the strawberry plants. Soak ground well when planting and cultivate throughout during the hot months. Our perennials are all field grown plants.



Chinese Lantern

Dark Blue Larkspur (Delphinium Formosum)—This is the old favorite Larkspur, being a dark blue with white center. It grows 3 to 4 feet high, is very vigorous, and excellent in combination with the Belladonna.

Tali English Larkspur (Delphinlum)excellent grade imported from England. The plants are strong and vigorous growers with large flowers on spikes 3 feet long and over. Most of these run in the lighter shades of blue.

Mixed Hybrld Larkspurs (Delphinlum)-This is a large flowered Delphinium and a group of these in mixed colors makes an attractive display.

Sweet William Mixed (Dianthus Barbatus)—Charming, hardy plants, great favorites in the old-fashioned garden. Stems 12 to 18 inches high, flowers in greatest profusion in large round clusters at the top of the stems. Keep them cut and they will blossom all summer.

*Common Grass or Garden Pink (Dlanthus Plumarius)—Thick tufts of handsome bluish-green foliage and pretty carnation-like fragrant flowers. Very hardy and grows well under any condition. Splendid for rock garden.

Dianthus Chinensis-Flowers large, solitary or more or less clustered, pink or lilac.

Blanket Flower (Gaillardi Grandiflora Superba)—This daisy-like flower with its petals of orange and yellow, having a deep maroon center will blossom all summer. Its petals are ringed by circles of maroon. It is an excellent cut flower and not particular as to soil.

Goat's Rue (Galega Hortlandli)—Has large spikes of lilae flowers and the young foliage variegated. They form very bushy plants. Attractive foliage. Pea-shaped flowers.

Golden Glow-You all know this tall flower growing from 5 to 7 feet high, and blooming all summer. The golden-yellow flowers resemble Cactus Dahlias. Use them in the background.

Baby's Breath (Gypsophllia)—This graceful, airy plant growing among other perennials makes your garden like a bride's bouquet. It will bloom during July and August, forming a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height, bearing minute pure white flowers. Mixed with other flowers in a bouquet, they lend grace and beauty.

Pink Baby's Breath (Gypsophllla)-Light pink, resembling the annual, two feet, strong grower.

Hollyhocks-Perhaps the most universally known of any flower, blooming from June until Septemher. A row along your fence line makes an excellent background for other flowers. Pink, red, white, and yellow.

Hardy Fern—From the Black Hills. Are especially valuable for the north and east sides of the house, the north sides of fences, or where they are protected from the direct rays of the sun. They do best in moist locations. Large clumps.

*Fiowering Flax (Llnum)—A rich blueflowered Flax. The attractive flowers last only a day, but they are borne continuously from July on. 15 inches tall.

Maltese Cross (Lychnis Chalcedonica)-Heads of vivid scarlet flowers, blooming a long time. One of the brightest plants in the hardy horder. 3 feet.

Oriental Poppy—Enormous flowers of a brilliant orange color, with black centers. These flame colored flowers catch the eye quicker than any other plant and are easily grown. Potted plants 25c Ea., 10 for \$2.00.

*Japanese Balloon Flower (Platycodon)-Form neat branched bushes of upright habit, 2 to 21/2 feet high, producing their attractive blue or white flowers from July to October, deservedly one of the most popular hardy plants.

*Bluebell (Pentstemon Grandiflora)-One of the best and hardiest perennials. A native of the Middle West, producing a large number of bell-shaped flowers on 2 to 2½-foot spikes. Lavender-blue flowers. Flowers in June and July. Drought-resistant. Easy to transplant. Good for rock gardens and bedding. Silvery foliage.

*Painted Daisy (Pyrethrum)-Grand, oldfashioned Daisies that are indispensable in the Their fern-like foliage is attractive at all border. times while the artistic blooms of white and shades of pink and rose, covering the plant in June, are a great source of satisfaction. hardy and easy to grow, with a liking for sunshine. Extremely valuable for cut flowers

Aiaska Shasta Dalsy-Excels all others of its type. They range from the fully double to the single, and in color from pure white to pale lemon-yellow.

*Goldmoss (Sedum Acre)—A beautiful trailing variety with hright yellow flowers. A pretty species for rockwork; well-known and considerably used. Has thick glacous foliage Drought resisting.

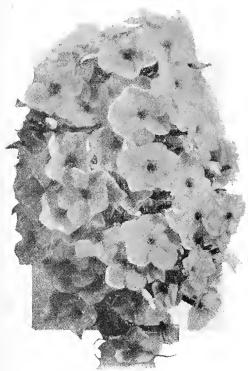
Jenny Stonecrop (Sedum Reflexum)— ailing. Yellow flowers. Excellent for rocker-Trailing. ies. Height 8 to 10 inches.

*Showy Stonecrop (Sedum Spectabile)— Erect-growing mass of large rose-colored heads 18 inches high. Handsome light green foliage. Valuable for borders and edgings in dry soil where nothing else will grow and for rockeries. August and September.

*Adam's Needle (Yucca Filamantosa)-This is a hardy evergreen plant producing long leaves; a tall stock producing sometimes as high as 200 flowers of pure white; blooming period about June and July. The leaves remain green the entire year. A fine plant for sunny, exposed places and for the lawn.

HARDY PERENNIALS—(Continued)

Hardy Phlox



Beringer Hardy Phlox

The gorgeous bloom of the Perennial Phlox from the first of July until November puts it in a class by itself. Easy to grow, hardy, excellent for bordering shrubbery, and indispensable in the perennial garden. We are offering large, field-grown plants.

Beringer-Apple blossom pink. Deep pink

Eclaireur-Brilliant, rose-magenta or carmine. White eye. A wonderful variety.

Independence-Pure white. Large clusters. Vigorous grower. Long season of bloom. 24 inches high.

La Vague-An improvement over older varieties of similar color with immense conical heads. Produces in great profusion. Lavender-pink.

Mrs. Jenkins-Flowers large. Pure white. Early. Free bloomer. 20 inches tall.

Pantheon—Extra large. Almost flat flowers. Known as the peerless pink Phlox. A wonderful variety.

Rhinelander—A splendid old-time variety of good growing quality, and excellent habit. Flower heads are large and on good strong stems. The color is a beautiful salmon-pink.

Von Hochberg-Produces large trusses of brilliant red that attract attention anywhere. Very productive.

Above varieties each, 18c; per 7, \$1.10; Per 10, \$1.50; Per 50, \$7.00.

Trial Ground Mixture of Phlox - Each, 15c; 10 for \$1.20.

Hardy Mountain Pink Phlox Subulata

An early spring-flowering type, with pretty moss-like evergreen foliage, which, during the flowering season, is hidden under the masses of bloom. An excellent plant for the rockery, the border, and invaluable for carpeting the ground for covering graves. Each, 20c; per 12, \$1.70.

Perfectly hardy. May be planted in solid rows or large groups along the back yard walk, bordering shrubbery, in the narrow space along foundations, or they may be planted in the garden. Equally valuable on account of the compact foliage as well as the beauty of their flowers. Modern interest and appreciation accord them high honor and garden prominence. For beautiful effects, plant varieties in groups of six of a kind. Very hardy and will grow in any soil. Large plants furnished.

In planting Iris remember that they want just a slight covering of soil and no water until started. Spade deeply but cover lightly. Watering when planting might rot the roots.

German Iris

The most wonderful combinations of color can be obtained by planting these very hardy drought-resisting plants. We furnish large, strong divisions. The "Standards" are the three upright petals. The "Falls" are the petals that droop downward.

Named German Iris (except those otherwise marked)—12c each, 10 for \$1.00; 25 for \$2.00; 50 for \$3.25.

Albert Victor—A tall, lavender-blue self. One of the best standard sorts.

Ambassadeur—Standards smoky reddishviolet; falls very brilliant deep red-violet; rich orange beard.

Caprice—Standards rose; falls rosy-red. Dorothea—Standards and falls milky-white, tinged lilac; an unusually large, wide-spreading flower.

Eldorado — Standards, yellowish bronze shaded heliotrope; falls, bright purple shaded

German No. 1—Standards bronze lavender; falls pencilled purple, tips of falls shading to lavender.

Honorabilis-Standards vivid yellow; falls a rich mahogany.

Juanita-Clear deep blue; tall. Very large, fragrant flowers.

Khedive—Beautiful soft lavender.

La Favorite-A large, fine flower of uniform blue-purple. Each 15c; 10 for \$1.00; 50 for \$4.00.

Leda-Standards white frilled and dotted with rose lilac-pink; tips and body of falls are of rich cream with rose-lilac markings at base.

Lohengrin-Standards light mauve; falls Chinese violet; both somewhat ruffled.



Rose Unique Iris

Loreley-Standards yellow splashed purple; falls purple bordered yellow.

Madam Chereau-Uppers and falls pure white, heavily bordered with dainty blue.

Mithras-Standards straw-yellow; falls redwine bordered lemon-yellow.

Monsignor-Standards, violet; falls, purple. Mother of Pearl-Standards and falls pale bluish-lavender, with pearl tints.

Nibelungen-Standards fawn-yellow; falls violet-blue.

Perfection-Standards lavender shaded purple; falls rich dark velvety purple.

Prosper Laugier-A handsome brown toned variety. Showy.

Quaker Lady-Pale lavender; falls slightly deeper, the whole flower lighted with buff. Delicate coloring.

Queen of Gypsies-Lilac, blended with pink

Queen of May—Delightfully fragrant, and the best of the old "pinks." Early.

Rose Unique-Standards and falls, violetrose. Each 15c; 10 for \$1.00; 50 for \$4.00.

Violacea Grandiflora-Rich blue with a

Walhalla-Standards lavender-blue; falls violet-purple.

One each of the 25 German Iris listed for \$2.00.

Siberian Iris

Siberica—Purplish-blue flowers, 3 feet high; useful for cutting. Each, 15c; per 5, 60c.

Trial Ground Mixture Iris

Mixed German Iris. Per 5, 45c; per 10, 80c; per 50, \$3.50.

Dwarf Iris

Pumila and other Dwarf Irises are rapidly increasing in popularity. They are ideally adapted for Rock Garden planting and for border work where a low growing plant is required. The Dwarfs lengthen the Iris blooming season about three weeks, starting to show their color in this vicinity in April. 15c Each; 10 for \$1.25.

Black Hills-Native in the Black Hills. Semi-dwarf. Color, light blue.

Florida—Very light yellow with purple markings on falls.

Japanese Iris

Iris are truly wonderful, some standing 5 to 5½ feet high producing flowers as much as one foot across. Every shade of the rainbow is represented in the different flowers. Blooming in June and July after the German Iris are through.

Ship in spring only.

Japanese Iris belong to the most magnificent of our garden flowers. A field of them in bloom is a most gorgeous sight. Even a single plant growing on the edge of a pool or stream never fails to bring forth favorable comment.

Eleanor Parry—An unusual double claret red flower, flamed white and blue. Good.

Gold Bound—The most popular of all the double whites. Of firm waxy texture and snowy whiteness enriched by a creamy golden glow from the gold banded center.

Mahogany—Large double flowers the latest to bloom. Purple mahogany red. The erect petals are prettily crested.

Oriole-A large double variety of rich vinous purple or plum color, shading from light to deep.

The above Japanese Iris 25c each; \$1.00 per 5.

Mixed Japanese Iris-A fine assortment of colors, that will make a wonderful showing. Strong plants. 15c each, 65c per 5.

1935 SPRING AND FALL & THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. & YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

PEONIES

All Peonies Are Double Unless Otherwise Stated. All double, large three to five bud divisions. The figures in decimals denote the rating of the variety based on 10 being a perfect Peony.

Gurney's All-American—Full rose type, midseason. Produces deep crimson flowers well above the foliage; large and fragrant. One of the most attractive red Peonies that we have ever seen. 50c ea. 5 for \$2.00.

Allce—A very good double, bright red Peony. Medium late. Each, 25c; per 5, \$1.00.

Claire Dubols, 8.7—A rich clear satiny pink. Late midseason. Each 40c; per 5, \$1.75.

Crown of Gold 8.1—Pure white with a circle of golden stamens. Very fragrant. Semi-rose type. Late midseason. Flowers keep exceptionally well after cut. Each, 40c; per 5, \$1.75.

Delicatissima 7.6—Rose type, flowers large, profuse bloomer. Deep pink or light red over all. A very desirable Peony. It is noted for its hardiness and profusion of bloom under all conditions. Each 30c. 5 for \$1.25.

Duchess de Nemours 8.1—Sulphur-white with a greenish reflex that lights up the entire blossom, which gradually changes to a pure white. Crown type, blooms early, following Festiva Maxima by a few days. Especially beautiful when half open. Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.40.

Edulus Superba 7.6—Beautiful, brilliant rose-pink, with silvery reflex; large well formed full flower on strong stem. Blooms very early. Lasts well. Fragrant. A splendid, early, cut-flower variety. Each, 40c; per 5, \$1.75.

Emille Haste—Midseason, creamy white. Each, 40c; 5 for \$1.75.

Eugene Bloot. 8.3—Brilliant crimson. Very conspicuous. Late midseason. Each, 35c; per 5, \$1.50.

Eugenle Verdler. 8.6—Flesh pink changing to white in center. Very beautiful. Late. Each, 40c; per 5, \$1.75.

Festiva Maxima 9.3—Undoubtedly the finest white Peony in existence. It is a flower of wondrous beauty with clear, carmine spots on center petals, of enormous size, measuring 7 or 8 inches in diameter. It has held first place in the Peony world for over sixty years. Each, 40c; per 5, \$1.75.

Francis Ortegat—This variety was originated in 1850 and still holds a high place among many Peony fanciers, producing deep crimson flowers above the foliage. Medium to large. A strong grower. Each, 40c; 5 for \$1.75.



Delicatissima

Fragrans. Red. Free bloomer. An old favorite. Very late. Each, 20c; 10 for \$1.50.

James Kelway. 8.7—An exquisite white. Early midseason. Each, 35c; 5 for \$1.50.

La Coquette. 6.8—Light pink, midseason. Each, 30c; 5 for \$1.40.

Mme. Bucquet 7.3—Semi-rose; midseason. Very pretty, perfect shaped bud flower. Velvety crimson, almost black. Very rich and magnificent. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.00.

Mrs. Douglas—Crown type. Flowers large shell-pink, the inner petals a fine cream color. Center of crown, pure white, blotched here and there with a deep claret or wine color. Each, 30c; per 5, \$1.25.

Madame de Verneville 7.9—Very large anemone shaped flower. Guard petals sulphur-white, center petals rose-white with carmine touches. Long, strong stems; flowers of good substance. Later than Festiva Maxima. Pleasing fragrance. Each, 40c; per 5, \$1.50.

Mme. Forel. 7.7—Extra large blooms of violet-rose, tipped silver. Fragrant. Late. Each, 35c; per 5, \$1.50.

Nigracans—Beautiful dark red, producing flowers well above foliage. Fragrant. High-class flower. Each, 50c; per 5, \$2.25.

Officinalis Rubra 8.6—A large round bloom of vivid crimson. This is the old deep bright red Peony of the old-time garden. Earliest of all good Peonies. Very desirable on Decoration Day. The red "Piney" of our Grandmother's gardens. As good as the new varieties and earlier. Nothing to take its place. Each, \$1.00; per 5, \$4.50.

Queen Victoria—A full rose Peony, fragrant, midseason to late. This is one of the finest Peonies I have ever seen. In color, an ivorywhite. It holds its magnificent flowers up on strong, long stems. Each, 45c; 5 for \$2.00; 10 for \$3.50.

Reine Victoria 7.2—Bomb to crown type. Fine pink over all with darker blotches in center. 30c each, 5 for \$1.40.

Tri-Color Grandlflora—This variety produces a medium to above medium size globular flower. Each stem bears one or more beautiful three-colored blooms. One of the best varieties. Each, 50c; 5 for \$2.00.

Mixed Peonies

Many of the best varieties, colors, and types will be found in our Trial Ground Mixture. For shrub border or bedding, plant them by the hundreds at our remarkably low price. Prices: 10 for \$1.00; 50 for \$3.00; 100 for \$5.00.

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TUBEROSES

Excelsior Pearl—This variety is characterized by its short, robust stem and long spikes of flowers, perfectly double and twice the size of the common Tuberose. Spikes frequently bear 30 to 50 flowers. They are always wax-like and pure white. Large bulbs. Each 15c; 55c per dozen; \$4.25 per 100.

Japanese Gold Banded Llly—Flowers very large, made up of broad white petals, thickly studded crimson and maroon with a bright golden band through the center of each petal. 50c each, 5 for \$2.00.

Tiger Lily—This well-known, old-fashioned flower has become very popular the last several years, and is now planted extensively in all gardens. On account of its extreme hardiness, it is one of the most valuable of all Lilies. Grows three feet tall with several flowers on each stem. Flowers orange with black spots. Price: each, 20c; per 5, 90c.

Double Tiger Lily—Same as the Tiger Lily but has very attractive double flowers. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Lily Elegans (Also known as Russlan Llly)
—This is one of the best of the hardy Lilies—
thrives in almost any soil. Is highly recommended for general planting. Each bulb produces many Lilies on a stem—color deep brick
red, slightly spotted. We recommend this Lily
to all Northern planters. Each 25c; 5 for 90c.

Speciosum Rubrum—White, beautifully spotted with red flowers in August. A real attraction in your garden. 50c each. Five for \$2.25.

HARDY LILIES The Regal I —A novelty of r production a



Regal Lily

—A novelty of rare production and wondrous beauty. Experiments prove this new Lily to be hardier than most kinds. The flowers are white, slightly diffused with pink, with a beautiful glow of canary yellow at center, which continues part way up to the trumpet. Its perfume is exquisite, not oppressively heavy like some types, but the sweet refreshment of Jasmine. In the garden it should bloom early in July. Can be raised in pots. We furnish large bulbs that

will bloom first season. Price: large bulbs that will bloom first season, 30c; 5 for \$1.30.

Lily of the Valley—The Lily of the Valley will thrive and throw up its beautiful, modest, fragrant white bells in any kind of soil. Will also adapt itself to pot culture in winter. Its delicate, permeating fragrance makes it especially desirable. Per 6, 50c; per doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.90; 100 for \$7.75.

Lemon Llly—Popular, hardy plants belonging to the Lily family. They succeed everywhere, and should be more extensively planted in our Northern States. They require little care. Yellow. Bloom in July and August. Each 20c, per 10, \$1.50.

Kwanso Day Llly—Orange with darker shadings. Each, 20c; per 12, \$1.60.

Flava Day Lily (Yellow)—Has long, narrow leaves, produces many tall stems of fragrant waxen pure yellow flowers in June and July. Thrives in any good soil. Fine for borders. Each, 20c; 5 for 65c; 12 for \$1.25.

Lillum Candidum (Madonna Lily)—3 to 4 feet. Probably the hardiest and one of the loveliest. Flowers pure white. Their delicious fragrance is not equalled by any other Lily. Price 35c each; 5 for \$1.50.

WATER LILIES

A Selected List of Hardy Varieties

YOU will love a pool of Water Lilies more than any other spot in your garden. Any home can have one. They are inexpensive to construct and once constructed require very little care. Water Lilies are easy to grow and are not difficult to keep over from year to year. A combination of Water Lilies, Water Hyacinths, Water Poppies and other aquatic plants

enlivened with gold fish and frogs adds a touch to your home grounds that cannot be obtained in any other way. Here you have flowers from early spring until frost. We will be glad to give you detailed instructions on the construction of a pool and advise you on varieties to use as well as plants to use as border flowers and shrubs.

Sunset Colors

Comanche—This flower opens a rich apricot and then changes later to a deep coppery bronze that appears as a glowing red in the depths of the flower in contrast with the orange stamens. This has proven one of the freest flowering and best of the Water Lilies here at Yankton.\$2.00 ea.

Paul Hariot—This variety gives more variation of color throughout the season than any other. Flowers opening in the spring a clear yellow suffused with rose changing to a deep peach on the second and third day and to an orange on the tourth day. As the season progresses the flowers are almost a deep red on the fourth day. It is a sturdy, hardy plant, free in bloom and one which you will greatly enjoy. \$1.50 ea.

Yellows

Chromatella (Marliac Yellow)—Bright yellow with broad curving petals. It blooms over the entire spring and summer months producing an endless succession of blossoms. Leaves handsomely splotched with maroon. Thrives under all conditions and is extremely hardy. \$1.50 ea.

Pinks

Eugenie de Land—A very charming, sweetscented Lily. The long petals are a deep pink near the base and almost white at the tips; of good size and semi-double. One of the most delicate colors in our garden. \$1.50 ea.

Pink Opal—An attractive deep pink of medium size, gracefully cup-shaped and quite fragrant. Especially adapted as cut flowers. Flower stands well above the water. \$1.50 ea.

Sumptuosa—One of the most delicate and beautiful of all pinks. The satiny texture of its petals gives one all the color to be desired in a pink Water Lily. Rather double, almost perfect in form and above the average in size. Don't fail to include this one in your garden. \$3.00 ea.

Whites

Gladstone—Large dazzling white flowers with broad, waxy petals, sulphur yellow heart. Very free in blooming. Opens early in the morning. One of the largest white Water Lilies. \$1.50 ea.

Marliac White—Snowy white petals with bright yellow stamens. The fragrant blossoms are five to six inches in diameter. Sepals are tinted with pink. It is a continuous bloomer. \$1.25 ea.

Reds

Arethusa—Flowers are large with broad petals, deep crimson in color with velvety sheen. Septals are lighter. The blossom is somewhat cup-shaped and one of the freest in bloom.\$3.00 ea.

Conqueror—Flowers are cherry red deepening with age. Stamens orange yellow, septals almost white; flowers eight inches across borne continually during the entire spring and summer months. One of the showiest of reds. \$3.00 ea.

James Brydon—Very free in bloom and rapid grower. Flowers measure from five to six inches across, broad petals; flower cup-shaped. Flower is a vivid rosy crimson, deepening with age. Has small bronze red leaves. \$3.00 ea.

Collection "A" - One white, one pink, and one yellow Water Lily. \$3.50.

Three each Water Poppies and Water Hyacinths 60c.



James Brydon

Water Poppy—The blossoms resemble the California Poppy. Each plant throws out many floating runners bearing large blossoms all summer long. Plant as you would a Water Lily. 25c ea., 2 for 35c, 5 for 55c.

Water Hyacinth—Shiny dark green leaves, orchid-like flowers. The plants float on the water but will produce more flowers when not allowed to drift about. 15c ea., 5 for 50c.

Water Iris—We have both the yellow and the light blue varieties. They bloom the entire season. Thrive in water up to twelve inches and also in a moist border. Blossoms resemble the Siberian Iris in type and they produce abundantly. 25c ea., 5 for \$1.00.

DAHLIAS

Finest Dahlias

Jane Cowl—The Century of Progress devoted the entire day of September 19th 1933 to this variety. Fairly tall with vigorous dark green leathery foliage, straight, strong stems holding monster blooms of glistening bronzy buff and salmon shades proudly aloft with a beauty that stops you and makes you look again. 35c each, 5 for \$1.50.

Jersey's Beauty—The Century of Progress devoted the entire day of September 18th 1933 to this variety. Undoubtedly the finest pink Dahlia in existence. Hubbard wrote: "When a man builds a better house or makes a better mouse trap than his neighbor the world will make a beaten path to his door." Jersey Beauty has its beaten path to its door. It needs no further introduction. 40c each, 5 for \$1.75.

Jersey's Beacon—A universal favorite as an exhibition and garden flower; color is a Chinese scarlet with a paler reverse, giving it a two-toned effect. Flowers are large and globular in snape. The plant is a vigorous grower having splendid insect resisting foliage. 40c ea., 5 for \$1.75.

Laura Morris—The perfect yellow Dahlia. Has massive blooms on long, strong stems. Color is a very deep yellow with amber back petals. It is a profuse bloomer and a remarkably good keeper. 45c ea., 5 for \$2.00.

Century of Progress Collection—One each of the above four Dahlias. \$1.50.



Bertha llorne

Mixed Dahlias—These are our trial ground Dahlias. It contains many choice varieties and will brighten your late summer garden with a riot of color. Prices: 10 for \$1.00, 25 for \$2.00, 50 for \$3.75.

Dahlias are easily grown. Be careful not to break the neck. Plant straight up and down. Water thoroughly. Leave top one inch under ground.

Dahlias for Cutting

Each 30c, 4 for \$1.00.

Bertha Horne—Deep orange yellow tinted apricot; early, large, free bloomer. Very good for landscaping as it does not blow over. Hybrid-Cactus.

Countess of Lonsdale—Popular salmon pink. Cactus.

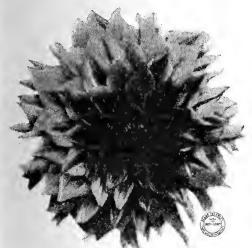
Golden West—A good rieh deep yellow, heavily overlaid with orange. A good keeper. Caetus.

Mrs. I. de Ver Warner—Popular orchidlavender. Very good. Decorative.

Rene Cayeux—One of the earliest and most continuous bloomers and flowers until very late. A rich, clear, glowing crimson-red. Caetus.

DAHLIAS—(Continued)

Dahlias for Cutting



Giant Ruby

Giant Dahlias

Bashful Giant - One of the largest flowering Decorative Dahlias in existence. Its gigantic blooms are excellent for exhibition, growing under ordinary conditions 6 to 9 inches in diameter and 3 to 5 inches thick. An exquisite apricot with buff or gold tint. Sure to give satisfaction. 30c each; 3 for 80c.

Bonnie Brae — This California creation is one of the largest Dahlias in existence, often producing flowers 8 and 9 inches corose of true

producing flowers 8 and 9 inches across of true Decorative type. It is an exceptional exhibition variety and does equally as well as a garden variety being strong and vigorous. Soft rose-

variety being strong and vigorous. Soft rose-pink blending to cream and pale yellow at the center. 25c each; 3 for 70c.

Millionaire— One of the best known Decora-tive Dahlias in existence as well as one of the largest, producing flowers from 6 to 8 inches under ordinary conditions and from 10 to 12 inches across under extraordinary conditions. Lavender shading to white at center. 30c each; 3 for 80c. 3 for 80c.

3 for 80c.

Pride of Callfornia (Decorative)—Mammoth rich American beauty red. Very tall, vigorous grower, flowering continuously from early summer until late fall. Its perfectly formed flowers are produced on strong stems well above the foliage. An exceptionally large decorative flower.

20c each; 3 for 50c.

Venus—Large blooms produced freely on fine

Venus—Large blooms produced freely on fine ems. Very lovely color of soft creamy-white shaded lavender. Decorative. 20c each; 3 for 50c.

Miniature Pompon Dahlias

Prices: Each 25c; 5 for \$1.00; 10 for \$1.80. Pompons are the midgets of the Dahlia family, producing very small compact flowers, averaging about 11/2 inches in diameter. They averaging about 1½ inches in diameter. They bloom very freely and are especially suitable for citting on account of their extra fine keeping qualities. Plants are dwarf in habit growing from 2½ to 3 feet in height. Suitable for planting in rock gardens.

Little Jewel—A clear peach blossom pink. Probably the best and prettiest Pompon.

Decorative.

Pink Dandy—A fine light pink. Rothaut—A fine red.

Zoe—A combination of orange, yellow and red intermingled. Very attractive.

June 21, 1934

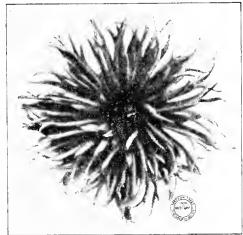
The House of Gurney Yankton, S. Dak.

Thank you for replacing the red Dahlia I sent for and didn't grow. But, in the meantime, we had heavy rains and so it eventually

grew.
I am sending 20c in stamps to pay for

Same.
Thanks for the courtesy.
Mrs. Chris Oleson

Lake Andes, S. Dak.



Rene Cayeux (Cactus)

Additional Choice Decorative Dahlias

Prices: Each 20c; 5 for 90c; 10 for \$1.75.

Charm—The color is a most pleasing combination of burnt orange, shading to yellow.

E. T. Bedford-Fine exhibition flowers of purple with lighter shading, giving it the appearance of a silvered purple tone. Profuse bloomer.

Giant Ruby—Deep scarlet an enormous flower with great depth. A prolific bloomer with long, stiff stems.

Judge Marean—The colors changing as the flowers pass through different stages of develop-ment, are a combination of glowing salmon-pink, red, iridescent orange, yellow and gold, all blending most harmoniously; early and continuous bloomer.

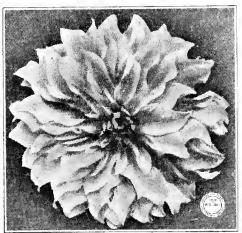
Oregon Beauty-Brightest red grown.

Patrick O'Mara—The color is an unusually soft and pleasing shade of orange buff, slightly tinged neyron rose.

Rosa Nell-Large full blooms. Rose to deep lavender. A rare color in Dahlias.

Snowdrift-Huge flower of perfect form,

The Emperor-Mammoth maroon. A strong



Bonnie Brae



Jersey Beauty

Rainbow Dahlias

Darlene—An exquisite shade of live shell-pink with a dainty blending of white at center. It is an early and continuous bloomer, excellent for florists' use. Flowers very uniform and perfect are produced on long stiff stems well above the foliage. We can recommend this Decorative dallia highly for cut-flower and garden purposes. 15c each; 3 for 40c.

Elizabeth Slocombe—The largest and best of its color to our knowledge, and one that we of its color to our knowledge, and one that we can highly recommend at any price. Its immense flowers are produced on exceptionally long stiff stems, making it very desirable for cutting and exhibition purposes. A very strong, vigorous grower. The brilliant purplish-garnet coloring makes it very effective in the garden. As the flower matures, it fades to a lovely shade of garnet. A very deep flower of Decorative type. 25c each; 3 for 70c.

Judge Alton B. Parker—Orange Dahlias are always scarce and Judge Marean realized this when he selected his friend Judge Parker as the namesake for this rare creation. It is of the tangerine-orange shades with deeper shadings at the center. A mammoth flower, seven to price inches across and one that always to nine inches across, and one that always creates a sensation, blending particularly well with the autumn tones so much in vogue today. 25c each; 3 for 70c.

Mrs. Carl Salbach-A beautiful lavenderpink Decorative Dahlia which has blends of deeper lavender toward the center. This sen-sational Dahlia has remarkable length of stem, and is a perfect cut-flower and exhibition type, as it lasts so long after cutting. These stately, beautiful blooms are worthy of a place in any garden. 30c each; 3 for 75c.

Souvenir de Gustave Doazon (Decorative)—Imported from France. Very large, tall, vigorous grower. Very long stems. A pleasing shade of orange-red. This giant is fine for cutting. 20c each; 5 for 90c.

Storm King—Pure white. Flowers produced freely on long stems. Show Dahlia. 20c each; 5 for 90c.

Choice Mixed Dahlias

A "Trial Ground" Mixture of many different colors, types, and varieties. These are ideal for the general garden and a

Mixed Dahlias—Each 15c; 5 for 60c; 10 for \$1.00; 25 for \$2.00.

1935 SPRING AND FALL - THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. - YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA



D. B. Inspects the Cannas

LARGE-FLOWERING CANNAS—Strong Divisions

10c each; 6 for 55c; 12 for \$1.00; 25 for \$2.00. ted red. Excellent Yellow King Hur

Gladiator—Yellow spotted red. Excensing growth. Light green, silver edged foliage, of robust liabit. Heavy bloomer. 4½ feet.
Golden Gate—Large flowers of pure gold singly raved with orange-crimson. Of sturdy

richly rayed with orange-crimson. Of sturdy growth, with bright green leaves. 4 feet.

King Humbert—Large heart-shaped leaves of bronze. Color, velvety orange-scarlet flecked carmine; rose tinted. 4 to 4½ feet.

Yellow King Humbert—Sturdy grower; floriferous. Immense flowers rich golden yellow spotted heavily with vermillion. Bronze leaves, 3 to 5 feet.

Statue of Liberty-Bronze foliage. Flowers

blazing flame red. Height 6 to 7 feet.

Wyoming - Purple foliage. Blossoms orange colored, true orchid shape, with large rounded petals. 7 feet.

Dwarf Cannas

12c Each; 5 for 50c; 12 for \$1.00; 25 for \$2.00.

City of Portland—Green foliage. Very good growth; beautiful bloom. Color light salmon or rose-pink. Profuse bloomer. 3½ feet.

David Harum—Wine-red dappled crimson.

Bronze foliage. 3½ feet.

Dwarf Hungaria—Extra fine pink. Green, foliage. 3½ feet.

foliage. 31/2 feet.

CALADIUMS

Caladium Esculentum or Elephant's Ear-Very easily grown. For obtaining tropical effects in lawn and garden planting this beautiful plant takes a prominent place. Bright green leaves, 3 to 4 feet long and 2½ feet wide. 25c each; 5. for \$1.00.

Fancy-Leaved Caladiums-A class of beautiful variegated foliage plants, excellent for window boxes, vases or single pot plants, succeeding equally well in a somewhat shady situation out of doors. 25c each; 5 for \$1.00.

Our Guarantee

We guarantee our nursery stock to reach customer in good growing condition. If through delay in shipment or other causes, it does not, we are to be notified at once and we will make a satisfactory adjustment by replacement or refund. Any other kind of a replace-ment is wrong as it makes the careful planter pay for the careless planter's trees.

Non-Warranty

The House of Gurney, Inc., does not give any warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productive-ness, or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants which it sends out, and will not be in any way held responsible for the crop.

TRAPPERS! APPLY WNAX FAIR PRICE PLAN TO MARKETING YOUR FUR



Use the Coupon below to obtain a Trappers Guide, which is check full of information about trapping, skinning and marketing your fur crop. No hints in the Gurney Fur Guidestraight out, straight-from-the-shoulder information. Sign your name to the Coupon and send to the House of Gurney, Yankton, South Dakota.

HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. YANKTON, SO. DAK. Gentlemen:

Please send me the House of Gurney Trapping Guide. 1 expect to have furs to sell and would like you to place my name on your realities him. mailing list.

PLEASE	WRITE	NAME	AND A	ADDRESS
Name .				
P. O				
State				



WE EXPECT fur trapping to be profitable this Winter. On account of drought conditions, there is

bound to be a shortage in fur bearing animals. Just as domestic animals were unable to withstand the rigors of the dry Summer, thousands of fur bearers also must have perished. Trapping should pay big profits again this Winter.

We advise every man and boy to get out on the trapline this year and harvest the fur crop. Then send your shipment to GURNEY for HIGHEST PRICES, QUICK RETURNS and HONEST GRADING.

WNAX Fair Prices apply on the fur that we sell for you, as well as on the gasoline and other merchandise that we sell to you.



by middlemen, local dealers and scalpers. Let GURNEY sell your Furs DIRECT. The Gurney collection of furs is becoming favorably known to large manufacturers over the country

as a strictly high-class collection of Northern and Northwestern furs. You can cash in on the reputation we have built up for you. Thousands of trappers have already taken advantage of our Fur Marketing Plan and we urge you to join the parade by directing a shipment to us.

Learn why GURNEY shippers are enthusiastic about our service. Find out why we have received hundreds of letters from enthusiastic trappers telling us that our returns and grading are the best that they have ever received.

Listen to the daily market reports sent out from Station WNAX and become familiar with the going market prices. Then-send in one trial shipment to be convinced.



PLAY SAFE: Market Your Furs Now. A Gurney Tag is Your Assurance of Fair Prices.





GLADIOLI

All Gladloll (except those otherwise marked) Each, 10c; 3 for 20c; 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 50 for \$1.75; 100 for \$3.00

The Gladiolus or "Glad" is the Common Man's Orehid. They are gorgeous in their variety of eolor. As eut flowers or in the garden, they add much to the joy of living. You need at least a dozen. They will make life more worth while and your home more liveble. John Peter.

Gladioli have their place in every garden. The bulbs should be set so that the top is about two inches below the surface and spaced from six to eight inches apart. It makes the most stately of eut flowers and if picked when the first flowers open, it will continue to flower clear to the tip and last a long time. The following varieties have been selected for their special merit, and we are offering them at a price that should command your attention.

Alice Tiplady-The Queen of the Primulinus type. Large, open flowers gracefully placed on very long stems. A soft coppery bronze shaded buff. In color, texture, and beauty it is unsurpassed. Plant medium tall with long slender passed. Pla

Albania—Glistening pure white without noticeable throat or other markings; clearest white yet produced, with wide fringy petals and long, full spikes

Butterboy-Deep, rich yellow; showy and distinetive. One of the choicest.

Crimson Glow-The color is of a glowing crimson searlet, massive spikes and flowers of large size; a strong, vigorous grower.

Dr. F. E. Bennett-Early midseason. Brilliant orange-scarlet. Extra large and vigorous. Acknowledged one of the best.

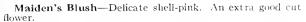
E. J. Shaylor—This is an extra large flower of pure deep rose-pink shade. Its massive appearance is enhanced by the lovely ruffled edges the petals. A strong grower with heavy

Evelyn Kirtland-Tall and stately; flowers fairly sparkling with a characteristic lustre, and joyous color tones. Rosy-pink, darker at edges and dimming to shell-pink at center, brilliant scarlet blotches on lower petals.

Gloriana—Well named indeed. Rich salmon, bright and elean eolor, good spike, good in every

Golden Measure-Large, thick flowers in heavy upright spikes; orange yellow with gold blotch on lower petal; exterior base rose pink. Deepest, largest good yellow.

Helen Franklin—Lovely, ruffled white Glad with delicate pinkish violet markings on lower petals.



Ming Toy-Very large flower of finest form. Tall plant. Showy deep buff yellow throat. A sensation.

Mrs. F. C. Peters-Late. Beautiful rose-lilac, with purplish blotch in throat. Resembles an orchid in color. Many large flowers are open at once on a long, erect stem. A grand vari-

Mrs. Frank Pendleton—All experts agree that this is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. Large size flowers borne on straight spikes, a lovely salmon-pink with brilliant deep red blotches in the throat. A color combination rivaling any of the finest orchids.

Mrs. Leon Douglass—Midseason. Mammoth in size and a veritable giant in height. This salmon-rose-pink Glad has rapidly won the favor of Glad fans everywhere. Flame and scarlet splashings and flecking add to the richness of the

Myra-A new giant flowered Primulinus Hybrid, deep salmon over yellow ground. Tall, slender stem. Vellow throat with pink lines. Exquisitely showy. Grand. Stands drought

Pfitzer's Triumph-Well named. A real triumph. The immense blooms of bright salmon-orange are well arranged on immense blooms of bright salmon-orange are well arranged on good stiff spike that displays many open. While the originator's description is as I have given it—salmon-orange—yet this outstanding Glad is usually classed with the reds. It's a knockout in color, form and size. 12c each, 10 for 90c, 25 for \$1.80.

The House of Gurney, Inc. Yankton, S. Dak.

Gentlemen: I want to tell you we are very proud of our shrubs we got from you and they are admired by all of our friends and neighbors, especially our Roses which are really and neignoors, especially our Roses which are really gorgeous. Our Tamarix are beauties and different from any seen here. Our Weigela (Eva Rathke) is a mass of beautiful flowers admired by everybody and for which I have placed an order for my daughter-in-law who raves about it every time she sees it. Among all our shrubs from you everything lived except one tree.
Yours truly,

Mrs. J. B. Morrison, Route 6, Kansas City, Kans.

W.N.A.X. PHOTO SHOP Any six or eight exposure film is developed, printed, and one enlargement made for 25c. Twenty-four hour



E. J. Shaylor Gladiolus

Purple Glory—Late midseason. Color is popularly called velvety maroon. A sensational variety always been very well received. Per 3, 25c; per dozen, 80c; per 25, \$1.50.

Scarlet Princeps (Virginia)—1 ridescent color shifting in sun or shadow, from shining scarlet to raspberry red. It is a one-color bloom of ideal tubed rosebuds.

W. H. Phipps-Late. LaFrance pink, overlaid with light rose-salmon. Lighter towards the center and with lightly speckled ruby throat markings. From twelve to twenty florets open at a time. A novelty which will cause you to exclaim with wonder. 3 for 25c, per doz., 80c., per 25, \$1.50

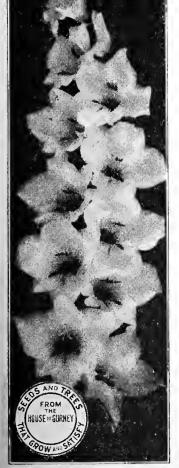
Trial Ground mixture Gladioli. 10 for 35c; 25 for 50c; 50 for 90c; 100 for \$1.60.

Paullina, Iowa July 12, 1934

Mr. John Peter DePagter Yankton, S. Dak.

Dear Sir:

Last year, I purchased from The House of Gurney, a perennial Phlox, the Von Hockberg and it is just perfectly beautiful now, just covered with flowers. I planted it in a group with a white and a lavender Phlox and it makes a very pretty effect.
Yours truly,
Mrs. A. P. Jacobs



Mrs. Frank Pendleton



COLORS

White, Black, Ivory, Sky Blue, Cream, Pearl Gray, Light Buff, Light Lead, Cinnamon Brown, Shutter Green, French Gray, Colonial Yellow, Rose Pink, Apple Green, Light Chocolate, Light Olive, Slate, Bungalow Brown.

SAVE ON PAINT!

Here are our new prices on paints...real quality products at real price savings. Paint up, protect your property from weathering and decay with a few gallons of this guaranteed paint.

SUNSHINE STATE

HOUSE PAINT

Sunshine State House Paint is a remarkable product which will give you years of service and protection at a most moderate cost. It is proof against wind, rain, sleet, snow, and blistering sun. Made heavy in body to withstand liberal thinning with linseed oil. Easy to apply and get a good job. Good hiding and covering power. Covers 250 to 300 square feet, two coats to the gallon.

Quart53c	s Q 50
Gallon	
5 Gallons, per gal	in 5 Gallon

Freight paid on orders for five gallons or more

QUICK DRYING ENAMEL

A first quality enamel, easy to apply, which levels off to a smooth glossy finish, dries hard in four hours. Ideal for all inside uses on woodwork, furniture, kitchen walls, etc. Comes in White, Peach Blossom, Light Ivory, Opaline, New Ivory, Sea Green, Canary Yellow, Orange, Chinese Red, Beryl Blue, Elfin Green, Dusk, Antique Ivory, Wisteria, Jade Green, Tan, Cairo Blue, and Black. Pint.......41c Quart......79c

FLOOR ENAMEL

A tough, durable, quick-drying enamel for use on floors of all kinds including wood, or concrete. Fine for refinishing old, worn linoleum. Use inside or outside. Weatherproof and waterproof. Very durable. Made in Maroon, Slate, Tan, Olive Drab, Battleship Gray, Green, and Light Lead.

Gallon....\$2.20 Quart......65c

WALL PAINT

A beautiful finish, easy to apply, for all inside walls or ceilings. Washable, sanitary. Made in White and colors.

White, Light Ivory, Cream, Light Yellow, Sky Blue, Pale Green, Pearl Gray, Pink, Light Tan, Ivory, Light Buff, Buff, Azure Blue, Apple Green, Dove Gray, Medium Brown, and Seal Brown.

Gallon....\$1.98 Quart......60c

WAGON ENAMEL

A weatherproof, gloss enamel for renewing wagons, implements, etc. Rust preventive. Comes in Black, Green, Yellow, and Red.

Quart.......38c

ASPHALT ROOF COATING

A liquid coating which dries to a thick, tough, waterproof coating. Does not crack or sag. Makes old roofs leakproof. Recommended for tarpaper, metal, concrete, felt, gravel, etc., roofs. (Not for old wood shingles.) Black only.

55-Gallon Bbls., per gallon66c
5-Gallon Kits, per gallon76c
1-Gallon Cans, each86c

BARN PAINT

Here's your opportunity to completely change those old weather-beaten outbuildings into new, sparkling things of beauty at a very low cost. A durable, solid covering paint, heavy in body so it can be thinned liberally with Oil. Weatherproof, easy to apply. Comes in Light Red and Dark Red.

5 Gallons, per gal.....\$1.10 1 Gallon.... 1.15

in 5 Gallons

Freight paid on all orders totaling five gallons or more

ALL-PURPOSE VARNISH

Master-Liquid Hog Medicine



During recent years great progress has been made in the eontrolling of diseases among swine. Farmers and stock growers have been putting into practice the preventive and corrective measures advised by scientists and others who have been working toward the end of stamping out disease among hogs, with the result that the rate of mortality among hogs has been steadily lowered, and even in a few years may become an almost negligible factor.

Necrotic-enteritis, commonly known as "Necro," is a dreadful disease to which all hogs are susceptible, as germs which cause "Necro" are present in even normal, healthy pigs or the lining of the intestines.

Under normal conditions Nature can overcome the effect of the presence of necrotic germs, but hogs which are underfed, and housed in dark, damp, poorly ventilated quarters are readily subject to "Necro" on account of their lowered vitality which allows disease to get the upper hand.

MASTER LIQUID HOG MEDICINE is an excellent preventive of "Necro" because

worms and other intestinal worms, which, if permitted to accumulate in large numbers, eventually break through the inner lining of the intestine and allow the disease to get a start. Examination of hogs which have died of "Neero" has shown that the inner lining of the intestines sloughed or peeled off readily.

Your pigs will like MASTER LIQUID HOG MEDICINE. In fact they will leave their regular feed for rations that have been treated with this marvelous tonic. It aets as a stimulant and helps them to ward off disease.

Directions for feeding are given on the label, as well as the treatment for hogs that are already sick with "Necro."

Buy one gallon of MASTER LIQUID HOG MEDICINE for every 20 pigs, and remember, too, that the prices quoted below are delivered-to-you prices on all orders for 3 gallons and over.

1 Gallon	 \$ 3.00 5.75
3 Gallons	 8.00
10 Gallons	 22.00

CRAZY CRYSTALS



One package of Crazy Crystals will make fifteen gallons of the finest mineral water you ever drank. Crazy Crystals are not a medicine, nor are Crystals are not a medicine, nor are they a drug. They are simply the erystallized waters of the famous Mineral Wells in Texas. Nothing is added, and nothing is taken away. ou get the pure mineral water which thousands journey to Texas every year to drink.

The splendid benefits of Crazy Crystals are yours to enjoy right in your own home! There is no mineral water in the world to compare with it in its revitalizing and rejuvenating effect. Its action is to help the intestines carry away the poisons that have accumulated in the blood stream, and which are the source of the great majority of all human ailments.

Sufferers from such chronic ailments as rheumatism, arthritis, neuritis, common colds, diabetes, stomach, kidney, and liver disorders, high and low blood pressure, auto intoxication, and constipation will find actual and real relief from the use of this world's greatest medicinal mineral water made easily and cheaply in your own home from Crazy Crystals. One package of Crazy Crystals makes fifteen gallons of this world's greatest mineral water at a cost of but 2½c per quart. One-pound package. Postpaid.....

MASTEROL ROUP AND COLD PREPARATION



Diseases of the mucous membrane lining are so common, that they are almost expected by the average poultry raiser. Roup, colds, canker, bronchitis, pneumonia, and like diseases and infections come to poultry just as diseases of the respiratory organs come to people.

Roup is familiar to all and a serious ailment. We want you to try Masterol on these conditions, and, if you are not highly pleased, it will not cost you one cent for this medicine. Many thousands have used Masterol with remarkable success, and we take all the risk of your liking it.

Diseases of the respiratory organs come without warning. We recommend that you use Masterol as a preventive and as a treatment for such diseases. Always keep Masterol on hand and be prepared.

The state of the s	
6 Ounee Bottle	Postpaid\$1.00
	Postpaid
	Postpaid 3.50
⅓ Gallon	Postpaid

MASTERGETTER POULTRY WORM TABLETS

Kill the Tape Worms and Round Worms Before They Kill Your Poultry

		2
50 Mastergetter	Tablets	\$0.75 delivered to you.
		1.35 delivered to you.
		2.50 delivered to you.
		3.50 delivered to you.
	Tablets	
1000 Mastergetter	Tablets	9.75 delivered to you.

MASTER PLANT SPRAY



Non-Poisonous Kills Bugs, Lice, Aphis

Highly Effective- Insects are divided roughly into two classes—those that suck sap from leaves and stems, and those that cliew the foliage. A different insecticide used to be necessary for each class. Now you can kill both kinds with one spray. Safe to Use—Master Plant Spray

Safe to Use—Master Plant Spray is absolutely non-poisonous to humans, animals and birds. Even children may safely mix and apply it. No danger from eating vegetables or fruits that have been sprayed with Master Plant Spray. Non-Injurious—Master Plant Spray may be sprayed on the tenderest plants or blossoms without fear of burning or discoloration.

plants or blossoms without rear of burning or discoloration.

Easily Mixed—Simply mix with water. (For proportions see directions on bottle.) Stir or shake for a few seconds until it forms a milk white emulsion. Then spray on the plant.

Price: 6 oz. Bottle Postpaid.....

Master Remedies Order Blank
The House of Gurney, Inc.,
Dear Sirs:— 1 am sendingfor
I understand these products are guaranteed and if I am not satisfied The House of Gurney will refund my money if notified within 30
days.
Name
Address

1935 SPRING AND FALL & THE HOUSE OF GURNEY, INC. & YANKTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

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CORRECTIONS FOR OUR 1935 CATALOG

NURSERY DEPARTMENT

All nursery stock orders placed before March 10, 1935 carry a premium of 5%. In other words with an order of \$10.00 worth of trees, shrubs, or flowers, etc., you may select 50c worth of nursery stock free.

Owing to the successive years of drought and consequent reduction in crop of tree seedlings, we must raise prices a little on-

AMERICAN ELM

Size	Per 100	Per 1000
6-12 in. sdlg	\$1.25	\$ 7.00
12-18 in. sdlg		10.00
18-24 in. sdlg	2.00	12.00
2-3 ft. sdlg		20.00

GRAPES

Concord		Per 1 0 0,	\$10.00
Moore's	Early	Per 50,	\$7.00

SILVER POPLAR

2-3 ft.	 25c	each	\$2.00	per	10
3-4 ft.	 30c	each	\$2.50	per	10

DIAMOND WILLOW
Diamond Willows are very scarce
this year. Use cuttings. They will give
you quick results. Price Postpaid, \$1.00 for 150; \$2.00 for 400; \$3.00 for 700; \$4.00 for 1,000.

Here's a Fall Flower that everyone

should have-

HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUMS Price: Each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00. Autumn Glow—Rosy Crimson, 18 in. Perfection—Bronze yellow, 4 feet. Rosy Morn-Silver pink, 3 feet.

COLLECTIONS

		"A"	STRAV	VBERRIES	3
50	Rio	Scar	let. Gem	Everbeari	ng

25 Dorsett 25 Fairfax

\$2.50 Postpaid

"B" SHELTERBELT 1,000 Cottonwood, 12-18 in. \$4.00 100 Caragana, 12-18 in. 2.25 1,000 Chinese Elm, 6-12 in. 11.00

"C" SMALL FRUITS 50 Latham Red Raspberries \$2.25 10 Gt. Victorian Rhubarb 1.00 50 Mary Washington Asparagus

(3 year) 2.00 Catalogue Price\$5.25 Bargain Price \$4.75

"D" APPLE TREES (3-4 ft)

2 Dee Bee (Winter) 2 Wealthy (Late Fall) 2 Caramel (Fall)

2 Yellow Delicious (Fall)

2 Dolga Crab Catalogue Price\$3.40 Bargain Price\$3.00

"E" ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS 10 Tartarian Honeysuckle 3-4 ft...\$3.50 10 Coral Berry 2-3 ft. 2.50

Catalog Price\$16.70 Bargain Price \$15.00 "F" MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS

5 Patten Pears, 3-4 ft. 2.00
3 Russian Mulberry, 5-6 ft. 90
5 Buffalo Berry, 2-3 ft. 2.00

Catalog Price\$4.90 Bargain Price \$4.65

GURNEYS 1935 BABY CHICK PRICE LIST

STANDARD GRADE

Variety— per 100
S. C. White Leghorns \$8.00
S. C. Buff Leghorns \$8.00
S. C. Brown Leghorns \$8.00
Barred P. Rocks \$9.00
White P. Rocks \$9.00
Buff P. Rocks \$9.00
S. C. R. I. Reds\$9.00
Buff Orpingtons\$9.00
White Wyandottes \$9.00
S. C. White Minorcas \$10.00
S. C. Buff Minorcas
S. C. White Orpingtons \$10.00
R. C. R. I. Reds \$10.00
R C. R. I. White \$10.00
Silver Laced Wyandottes \$10.00
Light Brahmas \$10.00
Black Jersey Giants \$10.00
White Langshans \$10.00
White Jersey Giants \$12.00
Mixed Heavies \$8.00

POVAL CRADE

ROTAL GRADE
Gurney's Mortgage Lifter Strain
Variety— per 100
S. C. White Leghorns \$12.00
White P. Rocks \$12.00
Barred P. Rocks
Buff P. Rocks \$12.00
S. C. R. I. Reds
Buff Orningtons\$12.00
White Wyandottes \$12.00
White Jersey Giants \$15.00

\$1.00 per 100 chicks books your or-Balance due ten days before shipping date, or we will ship C. O. D. for balance.

> Day Old Baby Pullets Day Old Baby Cockerels Write for Prices.

Code Compliance Number Applied For

NOTE-If less than 100 chicks are wanted, add 2c per chick to above prices.

The House Of Gurney, Inc.

YANKTON, S. D.

JANUARY 2nd, 1935

Since printing our catalog in November, prices on some items have advanced so much we can not fill orders at the catalog price. We have been compelled to advance the price on the following list of merchandise. All others are still selling at the low prices quoted in our 1935 catalog.

		1303 catalog.			Dwine		
Catalog	5		1/ D.	1/ D.	Price	5 D11	10 D ₁₇
Page	Carm	Amount 15th		½ Bu		5 Bu.	10 Bu. 38.50
42	Corn	August 15th	1.30	2.25	4.00	19.50	
42	Corn	Minn. No. 13	1.10	1.90	3.50	16.25	32.50
42	Corn	DeWolf's Prolific	1.10	1.90	3.50	16.25	32.50
42	Corn	North Dakota White Dent	1.10	1.90	3.50	16.25	32.50
42	Corn	Reid's Yellow Dent	.95	1.75	3.20	15.00	29.00
42	Corn	Wimple's Yellow Dent	.95	1.75	3.20	15.00	29 .00
43	Corn	Red Cob Ensilage	.85	1.50	2.60	11.75	22.50
43	Corn	Wisconsin No. 7	.95	1.75	3.20	15.00	29.00
43	Corn	Golden Jewell	.95	1.75	3.20	15.00	29.00
43	Corn	Golden King	.95	1.75	3.20	15.00	29.00
43	Corn	Krug	.95	1.75	3.20	15.00	29.00
43	Corn	Gurney's Rainbow Flint	1.45	2.65	5.00	24.75	49.00
43	Corn	Gehu Flint	1.45	$\frac{2.65}{2.65}$	5.00	24.75	49.00
43	Corn	Dakota Flint	1.45	2.65	5.00	24.75	49.00
43	Corn	Sweet Fodder			OT FUI		
			1 Bu.	2 Bu.	5 Bu.		50 Bu.
44	Barley	Velvet	1.90	3.60		17.50	85.00
44	Barley	Wisconsin No. 6	1.90	3.60		17.50	85.00
44	Barley	Blue Hulless	1.90	3.60		17.50	85.00
44	Wheat	Burbank	1.90	3.60	8.80	17.50	85.00
44	Wheat	Ceres	1.90	3.60	8.80	17.50	85.00
44	Wheat	Marquis	1.80	3.50	8.50	16.50	80.00
		n-ar quit		1 Bu.	3 Bu.	10 Bu.	50 Bu.
44	Oats	Tomold		1.00	2.82	9.40	47.00
		Iogold		1.00	2.82		47.00
44	Oats	Gopher				9.40	
44	Oats	Iowar		1.00	2.82	9.40	47.00
44	Oats	Kherson		1.00	2.82	9.40	47.00
44	Oats	Swedish Select	~	1.00	2.82	9.40	47.00
45	Atlas Sargo		_ C	an Not	Furnis	h, Orde	r Cane
45	Freed		Can	Not Fr	irnish, (Order F	eterita
45	Sunrise Kaf		Car	Not	Furnish,	Order :	Hegari
11	Sweet Corn,	Stowell's Evergreen Can No	t Furni	sh, Ord	ler Coun	try Gen	tleman
•				1 Oz.	¼ Lb.	1 Lb.	5 Lbs.
12	Cucumbers	Gurney's New Longfellow		.20	.75	2.25	10.75
12	Cucumbers	Improved Long Green		.20	.70	2.00	9.80
12	Cucumbers	Davis Perfect		.20	.70	2.00	9.80
$\overline{12}$	Cucumbers	Improved White Spine		.20	.65	1.90	9.50
$\frac{12}{12}$	Cucumbers	Earliest of All		.15	.55	1.85	9.20
$\frac{12}{12}$	Cucumbers	Gurney's New Everbearing		.15	.55	1.85	9.20
12	Oucumbers	duriney b frew inversearing					
1.77	0-:	Derinataleon		½ Lb.	½ Lb.	1 Lb.	4 Lbs.
17	Onions	Prizetaker .		.75	1.35	2.50	9.80
17	Onions	Southport White Globe		.85	1.55	2.75	10.80
17	Onions	Southport Yellow Globe		.85	1.55	2.75	10.80
17	Onions	Southport Red Globe		.85	1.55	2.75	10.80
17	Onions	Large Red Wethersfield		.85	1.55	2.75	10.80
18	Onions	Dakota Red Globe		.90	1.65	3.00	11.60
18	Onions	Yellow Flat Danvers		.50	.90	1.60	6.00
					16 Lbs.	32 Lbs.	64 Lbs.
18	Onion Sets	White Bottom			2.25	4.25	8.00
18	Onion Sets	Red Bottom			2.15	4.10	7.75
18	Onion Sets	Yellow Bottom			$\frac{2.15}{2.15}$	4.10	7.75
18	Onion Sets	Multipliers			$\frac{2.15}{2.15}$	4.10	7.75
10	OHIOH DUB	PRICES LOWE	RED		2.10	A.10	1.10
	0 0 1	A TOLOUGH DO HID					

1/2 CASH WITH ORDER

Will secure the merchandise you need and at present prices, balance to be paid by March 1st or before shipment. This applies to field seed only.

